

No. 1
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CPX Geom の入門

Introduction

1. Gromov - Witten Invariants, (数論的定義)

Gromov の pseudohol curve 理論 \rightarrow 代数幾何
の top. f. theory の予備知識

- 1. alg. var. の代数幾何的定義
- 2. Sym. hfd " symplectic の定義

計算は大変 (de Rham HT < 学印の " 証明 " ではない)
(7 " の " 証明 " ではない)

2. $g=0$ の version \rightarrow 量子コホモロジー環
 . 可換性, 単位元 \exists あり, 結合法則
 \exists HT-可換性 (WDVV eq.)

2次元位相的場の理論 の WDVV の証明
= 注目. \exists の性質 \exists の性質 \exists の性質

\Downarrow
Saito. Kyoji structure
(flat structure)

Dubrovin \rightarrow Frobenius str. (Saito str. の場合)

\exists の classify する \exists の性質 \exists の性質

* lecture 2 " の 対称性 *) の性質 \exists

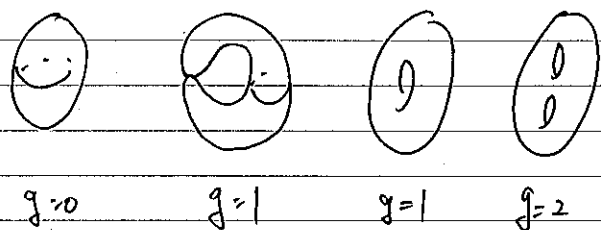
\rightarrow lecture G-W inv. mirror sym. (higher genus)

1. Gromov - Witten invariant

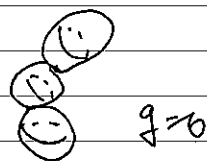
V : complex projective manifold

$V \hookrightarrow \mathbb{P}^n_{\mathbb{C}} : z_0 = z_1 = \dots = z_n = 0$ (Kähler) ω
 $\omega|_V$
 \uparrow
 Kähler mfd.

C : a curve \Leftrightarrow 1 dimensional compact connected analytic variety



g : 種数
 $g = \dim H^1(C, \mathcal{O}_C)$

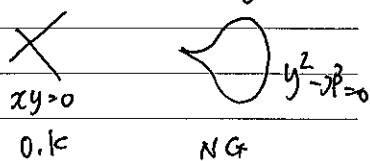


Def: ① $(C, \{x_1, \dots, x_n\})$: prestable curve

\Leftrightarrow 1. C : a connected curve with only ordinary double points as singularities

2. $x_i \in C_{smooth} = C - \{sing. pt\}$

$(i \neq j) \Rightarrow x_i \neq x_j$

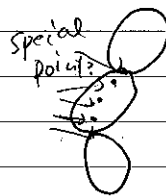


special pt := { sig. pt $\in \mathbb{C}^n$, x_1, \dots, x_n }
 \uparrow
 normalization

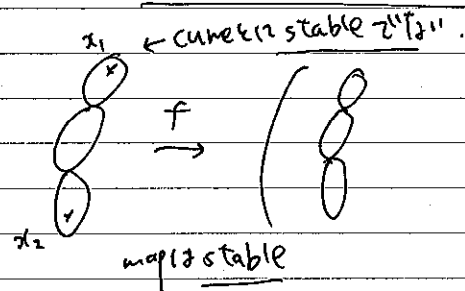
② $(C, \{x_1, \dots, x_n\}, f)$ stable map
 prestable curve

$f: C \rightarrow V$: hol map s.t. \downarrow infinitesimal inf. automorphism = trivial

$C = \bigcup_i C_i$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} g(\tilde{C}_i) = 0 \quad f(C_i) = 1pt \Rightarrow C_i \text{ has at least 3 special points} \\ g(\tilde{C}_i) = 1 \quad f(C_i) = 1pt \Rightarrow \tilde{C}_i \text{ has at least 1 special pt.} \end{array} \right.$



\rightarrow map, automorphism



Def $(C, \{x_1, \dots, x_n\})$ pre stable curve

$(C, \{x_1, \dots, x_n\})$ stable

$\Leftrightarrow \text{Aut}^0(C, \{x_1, \dots, x_n\}) = \{I_C\}$

$\Leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \tilde{C}_i \quad g(\tilde{C}_i) = 0 \Rightarrow \tilde{C}_i \text{ has at least 3 sp. pt} \\ \tilde{C}_i \quad g(\tilde{C}_i) = 1 \Rightarrow \tilde{C}_i \text{ has at least 1 sp. pt.} \end{array} \right.$

Def V.

$$\beta \in H_2(V, \mathbb{Z})$$

$C \subset V$
curve.

$$[C] \in H_2(V, \mathbb{Z})$$

$g \geq 0, n \geq 0$

$M_{g,n}(V, \beta)$: moduli functor

(Stack) \rightarrow moduli functor
(Manif) \rightarrow moduli functor

(moduli functor)
stack

S : complex variety.

* $M_{g,n}$ stable curve moduli functor

* $M_{g,n}(S) = \{ \pi : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow S \text{ flat family of genus } g \text{ curve} \}$

$\pi_i : S \rightarrow \mathcal{C} : \text{section } i=1, \dots, n$

$\forall s \in S (e_s, \pi_1(s), \dots, \pi_n(s))$
stable genus g n pointed curve

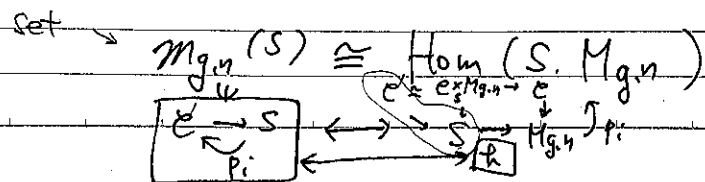
$M_{g,n}$ is a moduli functor
Schem $S = \text{Spec } R$
S is a genus g curve of flat family
is a moduli functor

$$(Scheme) \xrightarrow{M_{g,n}} (Set)$$

Def $M_{g,n}$ is representable by a $M_{g,n}$ scheme.

$\Leftrightarrow \exists \mathcal{C} \rightarrow M_{g,n}$ univ. family of genus g curve
 π_i n pt curve.

$\forall S$ is scheme



(1.1.1) obj = finite ant. \mathbb{P}^1 & \mathbb{P}^2 representable moduli

(unique moduli)

stable function moduli functor

* S : scheme.

$$M_{g,n}(V, \beta)(S)$$

: moduli functor.

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (\mathcal{C} : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow S, p_1, \dots, p_n) \text{ family of } (g,n) \text{ prestable curve} \\ \mathcal{C}_s \subset \mathcal{C} \xrightarrow{f} V \times S \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ s \in S \quad S \end{array} \right\}$$

family of stable map

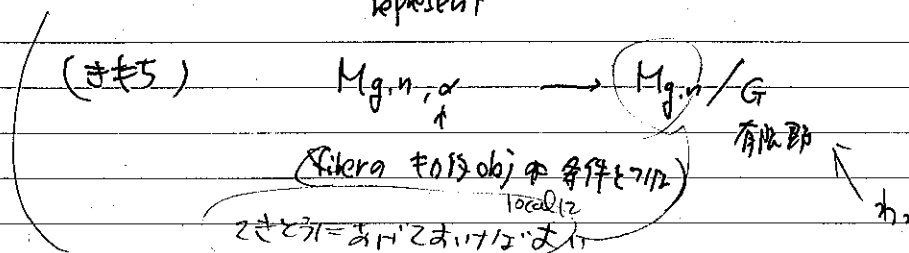
st. $f(\mathcal{C}_s) \subset V$
 $[f(\mathcal{C}_s)] = \beta$

isom

Fact: Functors $M_{g,n}, M_{g,n}(V, \beta)$ is not representable.

($\mathcal{C} = \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$ with 4 points) \rightarrow represent

finite ant. \mathbb{P}^1 & \mathbb{P}^2 representable



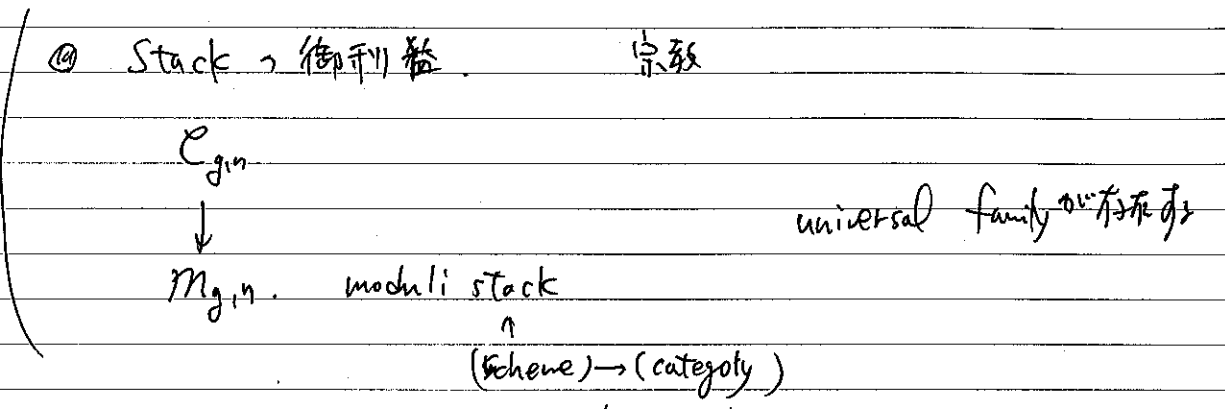
$M_{g,n}$ and $M_{g,n}(V, \beta)$ has coarse moduli sp.

$M_{g,n}, M_{g,n}(V, \beta)$ scheme cpx variety, projective scheme

$$M_{g,n}(\mathbb{C}) \cong M_{g,n}(\text{Spec } \mathbb{C})$$

stable curve, family of g, n stable curve

$$M_{g,n}(V, \beta)(\mathbb{C}) \cong M_{g,n}(V, \beta)(\text{Spec } \mathbb{C}) \quad \text{st. map 9 同型}$$



Scheme 的位, 交点 4 3 4 1 2 定数

$$H^*(M_{g,n}, \mathbb{Q}) = \bigoplus_{k \geq 0} H^k(M_{g,n}, \mathbb{Q}) \quad \text{: 交点 的 定数}$$

Cup 積

$$H^k(\quad) \times H^l(\quad) \rightarrow H^{k+l}(\quad)$$

$(\gamma_1, \gamma_2) \mapsto \gamma_1 \cup \gamma_2$: cup prod

diff. form $\rightsquigarrow \gamma_1 \wedge \gamma_2$

- $H^*(M_{g,n}, \mathbb{Q})$ の 構造 定数 5 1 3 2 1 2 大数
- Witten の 2 次元 積分 \Rightarrow 2 次元 的 intersection 的 相対 的 的
- \Rightarrow 分子 程 的 $k \leq V$ eg $2 \neq 4 \neq 6$
- \Rightarrow 4 次元 的 (1 次元 的) 的 定数 的 定数

$$H^*(V, \mathcal{O})^{\otimes n} = H^*(V^n, \mathcal{O})$$

V is invariant

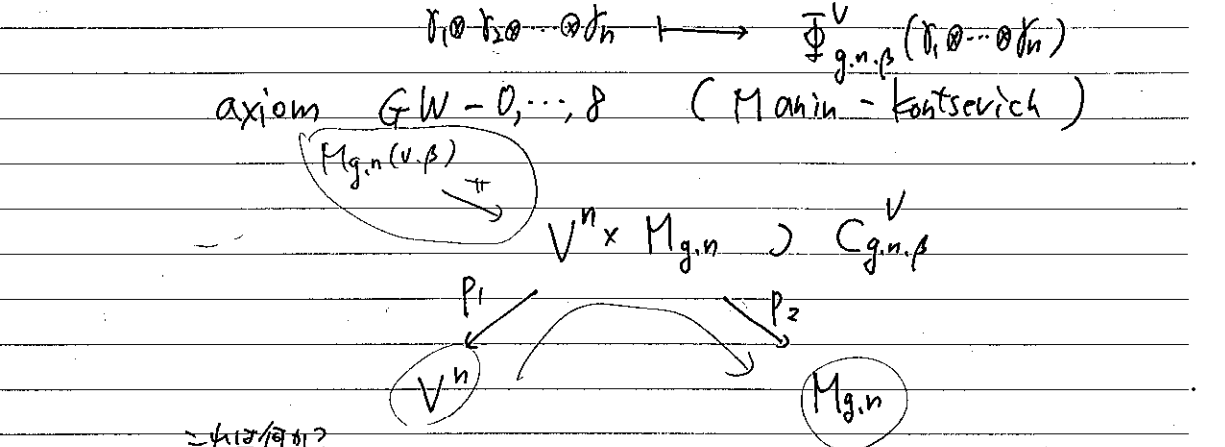
cpv str 的 定数 的 定数

Gromov-Witten inv. $\int_{g \geq 0, n \geq 0, \beta \in H_2(V, \mathbb{Z})}$

$H^*(V, \mathcal{O}) = \bigoplus_{k \geq 0} H^k(V, \mathcal{O})$

V coh. ring.

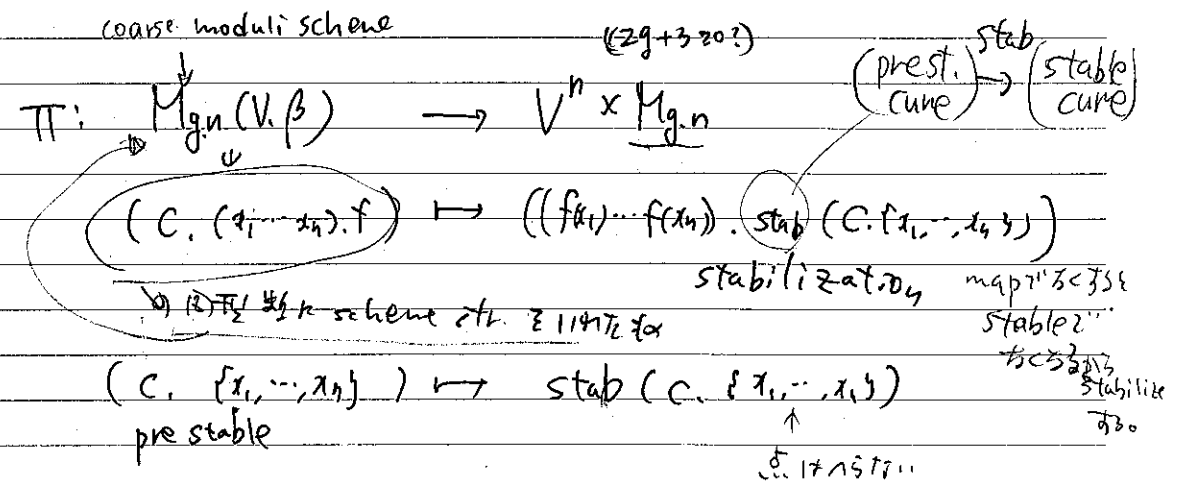
\Rightarrow $\Phi_{g,n,\beta}^V : H^*(V, \mathcal{O})^{\otimes n} \rightarrow H^*(M_{g,n}, \mathcal{O})$: \mathbb{Q} -linear map (?)

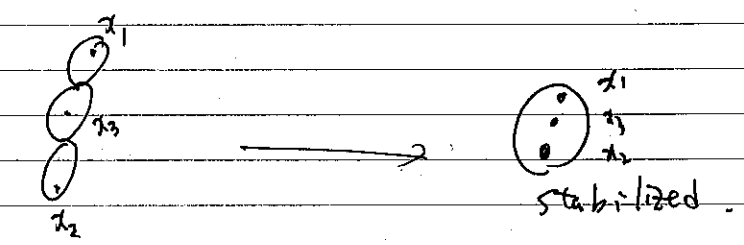
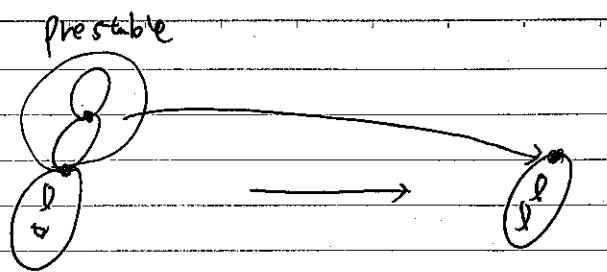


$\exists C_{g,n,\beta}^V$: alg. cycle on $V^n \times M_{g,n}$

$$\Phi_{g,n,\beta}^V(\gamma_1 \otimes \dots \otimes \gamma_n) = \pi_{2+}(\pi_1^*(\gamma_1 \otimes \dots \otimes \gamma_n) \cup C_{g,n,\beta}^V)$$

$H^*(V^n, \mathcal{O})$





$$v(g, n, V, \beta) = (\dim_{\mathbb{C}} V - 3)(1-g) - (K_V \cdot \beta) + n$$

$(K_V := \Lambda^{\dim V} T_V^*)$

* 非常 = まれ = $M_{g,n}(V, \beta) \rightarrow$ 次元が上 = 一般です

$T = \text{unstab.}$ $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} M_{g,n}(V, \beta) \geq v(g, n, V, \beta)$

* $\pi_*([M_{g,n}(V, \beta)]) = C_{g,n,p}^V$ $\text{if } T = \text{unstab.}$

\uparrow
次元が大きい

Behrend, Behrend Fantel

$[M_{g,n}(V, \beta)]^{\text{virt.}} \in H^{2v(g,n,V,\beta)}(M_{g,n}(V, \beta) @)$

alg cycle \rightarrow virtual fundamental class

$C_{g,n,p}^V = \pi_*([M_{g,n}(V, \beta)]^{\text{virt.}})$

$$M_{g,n}(V, \beta) \xrightarrow{ev_i} V$$

$$(c, (x_1, \dots, x_n), f) \rightarrow f(x_i)$$

$$\int [M_{g,n}(V, \beta)]^{\text{virt.}} ev_1^*(\gamma_1) \cup \dots \cup ev_n^*(\gamma_n) = \Phi_{g,n,p}^V(\gamma_1 \otimes \dots \otimes \gamma_n)$$

Def: X : a proj mfd. $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} X = 3$.

X : Calabi-Yau 3 fold

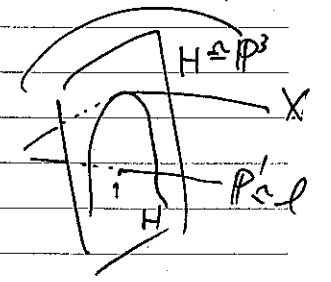
\Leftrightarrow (1) $K_X \cong \mathbb{1}_X$ $K_X = \Lambda^3 T_X^*$
 (2) $h^1(X, \mathcal{O}_X) = h^2(X, \mathcal{O}_X) = 0$. (Torus 12.19.0)

Example ($\#0 = \#32T = 5 + 11$) (CY 3fold)

$X = \{ F(x_0, \dots, x_4) = 0 \text{ hom. degree } 5 \} \subset \mathbb{P}_{\mathbb{C}}^4$

$\Rightarrow X$: a C-Y 3fold

$H_2(X, \mathbb{Z}) \cong H_2(\mathbb{P}^4, \mathbb{Z}) \cong \mathbb{Z}[\ell]$



$g=0, n=3, p=d \cdot \ell, d \geq 0$

$\Phi_{0,3,d}^X(H, H, H) =: \Phi_d(H, H, H)$

FW-invariant power series

$\Phi_A^X(\beta) = H^3 + \sum_{d \geq 1} \Phi_d(H, H, H) \left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\beta^d)^n \right)$

$H = H_0 X$

A 3-fold?

$$\Phi_A^X(\delta) = H^3 + \sum_{d \geq 1} \Phi_d(HHH) \frac{\delta^d}{1 - \delta^d}$$

$n_d = \# \{ C \subset X \mid \text{degree } d, (C \cdot H = d), g(C) = 0 \}$
 (C.H=d)
 g(C)=0 \Rightarrow curve
 $\Phi_d(HHH) = n_d \times (H \cdot dH)^3 = n_d \times d^3$

• Candelas et al
 Mirror symmetry \Rightarrow 1980s. "3次元の対偶"

$\Phi_A^X(\delta)$ の expansion

$$\Rightarrow \begin{aligned} n_0 &= 5 \\ n_1 &= 2875 \\ n_2 &= 609250 \\ &\vdots \end{aligned}$$

4次元空間の対偶...
 数学の歴史...
 数学の発展...
 数学の発展...

$$\Phi_A^X(\delta) = n_0 + n_1 \delta + (2^3 n_2 + n_1) \delta^2 + \dots$$

深谷 賢治 A
 概正則曲線. "HMS について"

(M^{2n}, ω) : sym. mfd

$\Leftrightarrow M$ $2n$ 次元 C^∞ -mfd
 ω 2 form
 $d\omega = 0$ $\omega^n \in \Lambda^{2n} M$ は $(\omega^n) = \int \omega^n$
 \uparrow M 上の $2n$ form

1950~60年代...

Darboux 局所正則 sym. gen. は trivial

$(M, \omega) \quad \forall p \in M \ni U_p$ nbd $V \subset \mathbb{C}^n \quad z_i = x_i + i y_i$

$\varphi: U_p \simeq V$ diff $\varphi^* \omega_0 = \omega \quad \omega_0 = \sum dx_i \wedge dy_i$

Moser Sym mfd の deformation theory は "local"
 trivial

(M, ω_t) closed sym mfd, $[\omega_t] \in H^2(M; \mathbb{R})$
 は $t=0$ まで

$\exists \varphi_t: M \rightarrow M$ diffeo $\varphi_t^* \omega_0 = \omega_t$

global 正 sym str は 4次元以下で成立

1970年代 \Rightarrow "open" $t \in \mathbb{R}$

$(M, \omega_1), (M, \omega_2) \quad \varphi: M \rightarrow M$ diffeo
 $[\varphi^* \omega_2] = [\omega_1] \in H^2(M)$
 $\Rightarrow \exists \varphi': M \rightarrow M$ diffeo $\varphi'^* \omega_2 = \omega_1$?

非可換性...

Gromov

$$M_1 = D^2(2) \times D^2(\frac{1}{2})$$

$$D^+(r) = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z| < r\}$$

$$M_2 = D^2(1) \times D^2(1)$$

$$\omega = dx_1 \wedge dy_1 + dx_2 \wedge dy_2$$

$$\exists \varphi: M_1 \rightarrow M_2 \quad \varphi^*(\omega_0 \wedge \omega_0) = \omega_0 \wedge \omega_0$$

diffeo. $\varphi(z_1, z_2) = (\frac{1}{2}z_1, 2z_2)$

(A.L. $\varphi^*: M_1 \rightarrow M_2$ diffeo $\varphi^*\omega_1 = \omega_0 \neq \text{flat}$)

$$D^2(2) \times D^2(1) \xrightarrow{\varphi'} D^2(1) \times D^2(1)$$

\downarrow
 M_2

$$\varphi'^*\omega_0 = \omega_0 \quad \text{is not true}$$

$$\int_{M_1} (\varphi'^*\omega_0)^2 = 2 \neq \int_{M_2} \omega_0^2 = 1$$

• pseud-holomorphic curve (非線形曲線)

• Donaldson's gauge theory inv.

$$E \rightarrow M^4 + \mathfrak{g} \leftarrow \begin{matrix} \text{metric} \\ \text{local} = \text{trivial} \end{matrix}$$

$$(M, \omega) + J \quad \Rightarrow \text{almost cpx str.}$$

$J: (M, \omega)$ compatible to almost cpx str

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} J: TM \rightarrow TM \\ J^2 = -1 \\ \omega(JX, JY) = \omega(X, Y) \\ \omega(X, JX) > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$M_{g,m}(M, J, \beta) = \{(\Sigma, \bar{\rho}, \varphi)\} / \sim$$

$$\begin{cases} \Sigma: \text{genus } g \text{ semi-stable curve} \\ \bar{\rho} \in \Sigma: m \text{ punctures} \\ \varphi: \Sigma \rightarrow M \\ \varphi_*([\Sigma]) = \beta \end{cases}$$

nonlinear PDE

$$d\varphi \cdot j = J \cdot d\varphi$$

$\omega = \varphi^*\omega_0 = \text{flat}$

$$\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial \bar{s}} = J(\varphi(s, t)) \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} \rightarrow \text{非線形}$$

非線形 PDE 非線形 PDE

$$M_{g,m}(M, J, \beta) \rightarrow M^m \times M_{g,m}$$

\uparrow $M_{g,m}$ \uparrow stable curve + moduli

$$[M_{g,m}(M, J, \beta)] \in H_4(M^m \times M_{g,m})$$

Fact \Rightarrow 非線形 PDE 非線形 PDE $J = \sqrt{g} J \sqrt{g}^{-1}$!

\rightarrow sym. str inv. \uparrow "topological" inv

Gauge th. & inv.

$E \rightarrow M \xrightarrow{f: metric} nonlinear PDE \rightarrow$ 解の数 (解の数)

「解の数」は $g_1 = g_2$ なら \rightarrow mfd の inv. Donaldson inv.

上点: 線形不変量 z は T_p 上の z と z の関係。特徴数、ホモロジー

下点: 計算が難しい

Mirror symmetry: 4次元 mirror 1次元 z の計算

3次元 $2D$ の mfd: $(g_1, g_2) = \tau, \tau$

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} X: mfd \quad T_p \in \langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle \\ T_p \otimes T_p \rightarrow T_p \\ \langle ab, c \rangle = \pm \langle Ca, b \rangle \quad a, b, c \in T_p \end{array} \right.$$

(M, ω_0) : symplectic mfd.

$Sym(M) = \{ \omega \mid M \text{ 上 } \omega \text{ sym. st. } \omega_0 \text{ 変形可能} \} / \sim$

$$\omega \sim \omega' \Leftrightarrow \exists \varphi: M \rightarrow M \text{ diffeo } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \varphi^* \omega' = \omega \\ \varphi \sim id \text{ isotopic} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\pi: Sym(M) \rightarrow H^2(M) \quad (Moser \Rightarrow \text{local diffeo})$$

$$\omega \mapsto [\omega]$$

(「解の数」は $g_1 = g_2$ なら)

$$U = \pi(Sym(M)) \subset H^2(M, \mathbb{R})$$

$$U \times \frac{\sqrt{-1} H^2(M, \mathbb{R})}{\sqrt{-1} H^2(M, \mathbb{Z})} = M_3(M) \cong X$$

$$T_p X = H^2(M; \mathbb{C}) \quad \dim_{\mathbb{R}} M = 6$$

$$a, b, c \in H^2(M, \mathbb{C}) \quad \text{P.D. H^2 metric}$$

$$\langle ab, c \rangle = \int a \wedge b \wedge c \quad H^* M = H^2 M$$

Quantum cohomology \Rightarrow Frobenius str + 量

X は F-str である

$\dim M \neq 6$ のとき, sym form の moduli

$$TX = H^2(M) \quad \text{と } z \text{ と } z'$$

$$\left(H^2(M) \times H^2(M) \rightarrow H^4(M) \cong H^2(M) \right)$$

$4 \cdot 2 = 6$

$X \in \mathbb{C} \times \mathbb{C} \times \mathbb{C}$ $TX = \oplus H^*(M)$
extended moduli sp (1次元 z の変形可能)

(M^V, J) : complex mfd $J: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^3$ cpx str.

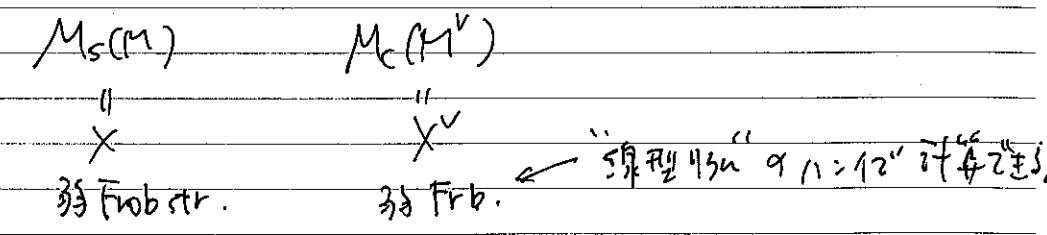
$M_c(M^V)$: M^V の cpx str の moduli

$TM_c(M^V) = H^1_2(M^V, \mathbb{R})$ (CY 上の \mathbb{R} 上のベクトル空間)

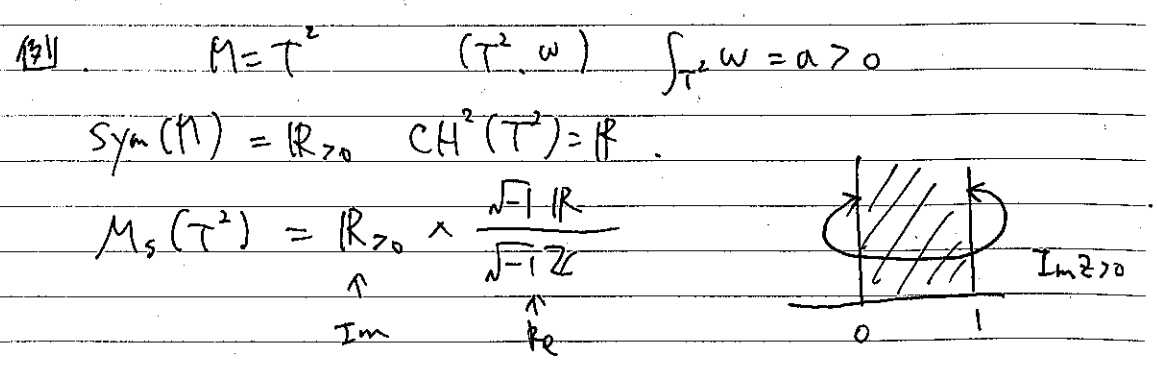
Yukawa coupling $\langle ab, c \rangle = \int_{\Sigma} \overline{(a|b|c)} \wedge \Omega \in \mathbb{C}$ $a, b, c \in H^1(M^V, \mathbb{C})$

M^V : CY $C^1 M^V = 0$

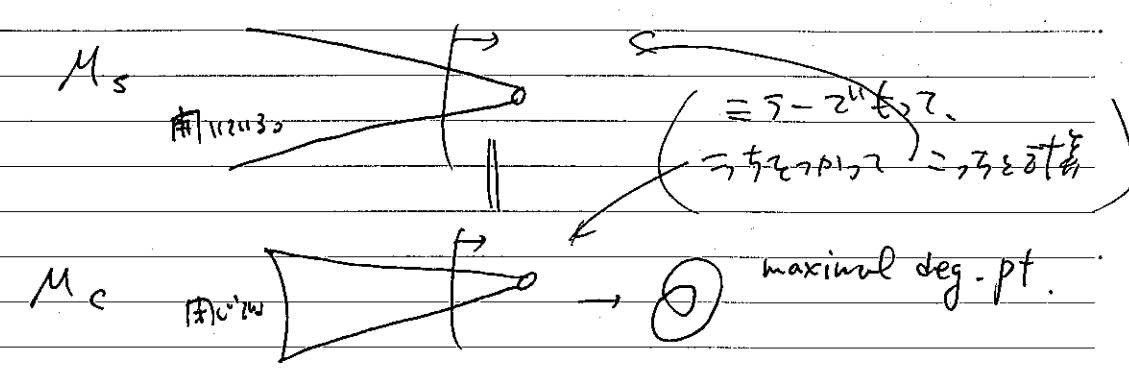
$\Omega^1 M = K_M \simeq \mathbb{C}$ trivial bdl
 Ω は \mathbb{R} 上の形式
 $a|b|c \in H^1(M^V, K_M^* \otimes \Lambda^3)$
 $\Omega : K_M^* \otimes \Lambda^3 \simeq \Lambda^3$



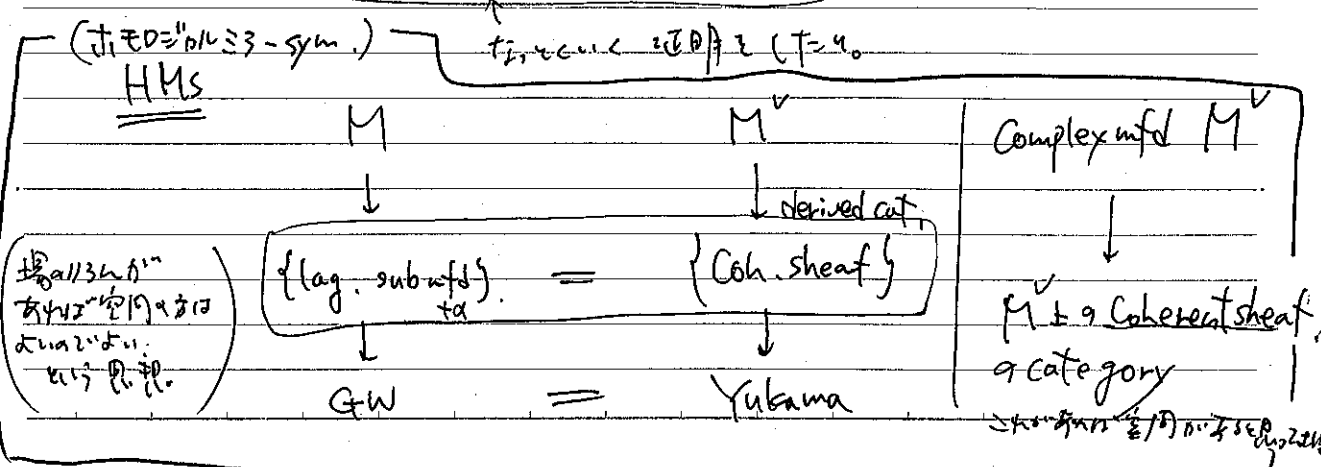
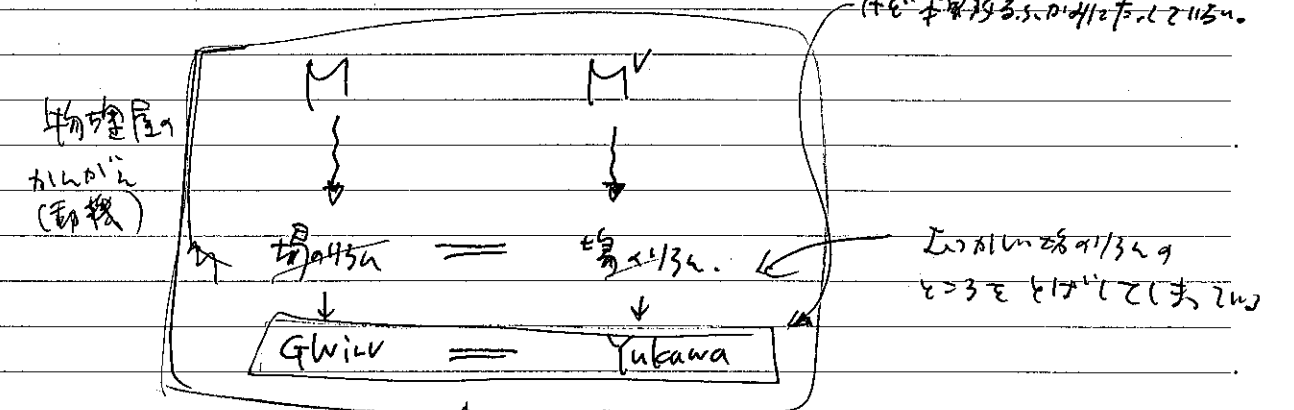
X は X^V の max deg. pt. の近傍を同一視して
 Frob. str. は $2^4 - 3^2$



$T^2 \stackrel{\cong}{=} T^2$
 $M_c(T^2)$



5次曲面 etc.
 GW inv. の Yukawa coupling 1-等 (1.1) は示すだけ
 (1.1) は \mathbb{R} 上の形式 ω の $\int \omega^2$ である



Open

$$\{Lag\} = \{coh\} \Rightarrow GW = Yukawa$$

(dealt with it" 証明 (7/21))

証明の証拠

Evidence: ① "kool situation?"

$$Aut(Lag) \cong Aut(Der(coh)) \quad (*)$$

② T^{2n} 上の F_{2n} の安定性 (cat. 同型)

③ SYZ の picture と 証明の構造

Brane の moduli stability) 証明の構造 (AC)

④ 双対性 parallel に X と F の関係の構造の明示 (A23)

齋藤 伸

モト"D3-保存変形と70A"の構造. I
Intro の続き

● Gopakumar - Vafa - Formula (HST の話)

Gromov - Witten inv. と D-brane を使った証明

X : CY 3-fold ω : Kähler class

$$\beta \in H_2(X, \mathbb{Z}), \quad N_g(\beta) = [M_{g,0}(X, \beta)]^{virt} \in \mathbb{Q}$$

G-W inv.

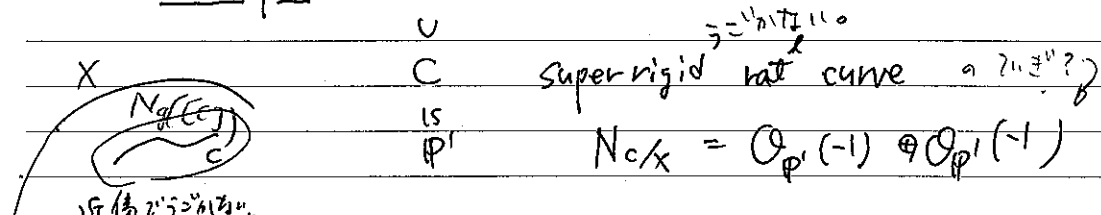
high genus の場合... 証明の構造... 証明の構造... 証明の構造...

● GK-V conj. $\sum n_h(\beta) \in \mathbb{Z}$

$$\sum N_g(\beta) \delta^\beta \lambda^{2g-2} = \sum n_h(\beta) \frac{1}{k} (2 \sin \frac{\lambda}{2})^{2h-2} \delta^{k\beta}$$

$\delta^\beta = \exp(2\pi i \int \omega \cdot \beta)$ (Fano の場合の補正項)

Example X : CY 3 fold.



$[C] \in H_2(X, \mathbb{Z})$

$$N_g(C) = [M_{g,0}(f: C' \rightarrow C)]^{virt} \in \mathbb{Q}$$

degree 1 map

Fiber-Panel ... (証明の構造)

$$\sum_{g \geq 0} N_g(C) \lambda^{2g} = \left(\frac{\sin(\lambda/2)}{\lambda/2} \right)^{-2} = \left(1 + \frac{\lambda^2}{12} + \frac{\lambda^4}{240} + \frac{\lambda^6}{6048} + \dots \right)^{-2}$$

h: genus of curve

CY rigid curve

$$N_g(\mathbb{C}) : g=0 \rightarrow 1, \quad g=1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{12}, \quad g=2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{240} \dots$$

予想: $N_0(\mathbb{C}) = 1$

$$\sum_{g \geq 0} N_g(\mathbb{C}) g^d \lambda^{2g} = \sum_{k \geq 1} \frac{1}{k} \left(25 \sin\left(\frac{\lambda k}{2}\right) \right)^{-2} g^k \Rightarrow n_k(\mathbb{C}) = \begin{cases} 1 & k=0 \\ 0 & k \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

• Hosono - Saito - Takahashi I ← Physics → rat^l ell. surface of high genus, β: 2CM, CK-V, GW-inv & moduli, II ← Math

$n_k(\beta) : (X \pm g \text{ stable pure sheaf of dim 1 } \rightarrow \text{ moduli } \pm \text{ } \xi \eta \text{ cohomology } \rightarrow \text{ relative Lefschetz action } \rightarrow \text{ } SL_2 \times SL_2 \text{ action } \rightarrow \text{ } \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1 \text{ 定義 } (F_0)$

D-brane
→ curve + extra v.c.u.b.l.e.
→

\mathbb{C} multiple covering → 1, 2, 3, ... ???

D-brane moduli ↔ pure sheaf moduli

• Super rigid ratl curve ell. curve → FP p, 3 3 3 & GV conj & compatible 2 3 3, 2 2 3 3

→ Göttsche formula Spin version

2 2 3 3 3 3

GW-inv 計算 2 3 3 3 3 3 3

§ WDVV 方程式

g=0 の理論

V: complex projective manifold

$$H^*(V, \mathbb{Q}) = \bigoplus_{k \geq 0} H^k(V, \mathbb{Q}) \quad \text{77: } \mathbb{P}^2 \text{ の } \mathbb{C}, \mathbb{R}, \mathbb{Z} \text{ 環}$$

g=0 G-W inv. 自然? quantum cohomology

2次元

For simplicity, $H^*(V, \mathbb{Q}) = H^{\text{even}} \oplus H^{\text{odd}} = H^{\text{even}} \quad (H^{\text{odd}} = 0)$

$$H^*(V, \mathbb{Q}) = H^0 \oplus H^2 \oplus \dots \quad \text{rest. } \begin{matrix} \delta_1, \dots, \delta_p \\ \delta_{p+1}, \dots, \delta_N \end{matrix}$$

$$H^*(V, \mathbb{C}) : g_{ij} = \int_V \delta_i \wedge \delta_j \quad \text{cup product : metric } \mathbb{Z} \text{ 値}$$

$$(g_{ij})^{-1} = (g^{ij})$$

degree in the 2次元 case は zero 2 値 全射 非可逆

$$X = \Delta \hookrightarrow X \times X \quad [\Delta] = \sum g^{ij} \delta_i \otimes \delta_j \quad \delta_i, \delta_j \in H^*(V, \mathbb{Q})$$

$$Y = \sum (y_i) \delta_i \quad y_i: \text{variable} \quad 0 \leq i \leq N$$

$$I_\beta(T_1, \dots, T_n) := \int_{0, n, \beta}^V (T_1, T_2, \dots, T_n) \quad T_i \in H^*(V, \mathbb{Q})$$

$$\mathbb{P}(y_0, y_1, \dots, y_N) = \bigoplus_{h_0 + h_1 + \dots + h_N = 23} \int_{\beta \in H_2(V, \mathbb{Z})} I_\beta(T_0^{h_0}, \dots, T_N^{h_N}) \frac{y_0^{h_0}}{h_0!} \dots \frac{y_N^{h_N}}{h_N!}$$

$\mathbb{Q}[y_0, y_1, \dots, y_N]$ $H^*(\text{Man}, \mathbb{Q})$

• Structure const.

$$\Phi_{ijk} = \frac{\partial^3 \Phi}{\partial y_i \partial y_j \partial y_k} \quad i, j, k \text{ 全 symmetric}$$

* $H^*(V, \mathbb{C}) \otimes_{\mathbb{C}} \mathbb{C}[y_0, \dots, y_n] \leftarrow \text{multiplication * ext}$

$$r_i * r_j := \sum_{e,f} \Phi_{ije}(y) g^{ef} r_f$$

$$r_0 = 1, \quad [r_0 * r_i] = \sum_{e,f} \Phi_{0ie} g^{ef} r_f$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\Phi_{ije} = \int_0^1 (r_0, r_j, r_e) = \int_X r_j \wedge r_e = g_{je}) \\ = \sum_{e,f} g_{je} g^{ef} r_f = \sum_f g_{ij}^f r_f = r_i \end{aligned}$$

- (1) r_0 is unit.
- (2) $r_i * r_j = r_j * r_i$ (commutative)

(3) WDVV
* is associativity rule $r_i * (r_j * r_k) = (r_i * r_j) * r_k$

$$(r_i * r_j) * r_k = r_i * (r_j * r_k)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \sum_{e,f} \Phi_{ije} g^{ef} \Phi_{fek} = \sum_{e,f} \Phi_{jke} g^{ef} \Phi_{ife}$$

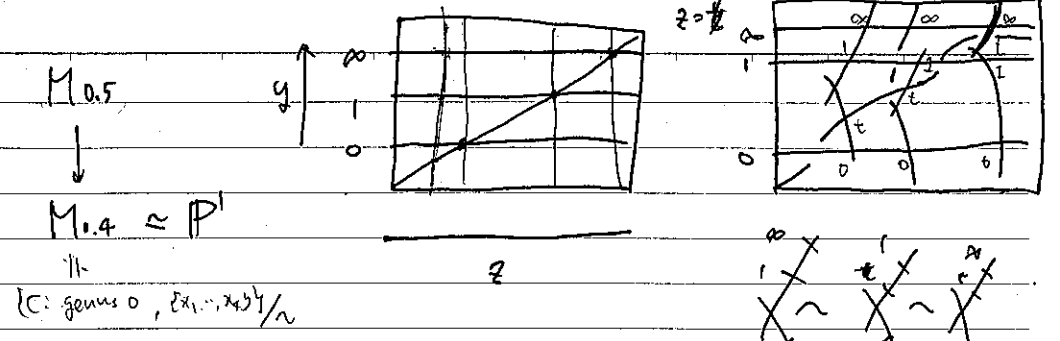
このPDEは...
量子の非可換性

$$\text{PDE} \quad \sum_{e,f} \frac{\partial^3 \Phi}{\partial y_i \partial y_j \partial y_e} g^{ef} \frac{\partial^3 \Phi}{\partial y_k \partial y_l \partial y_e} = \sum_{e,f} \frac{\partial^3 \Phi}{\partial y_j \partial y_k \partial y_e} g^{ef} \frac{\partial^3 \Phi}{\partial y_i \partial y_l \partial y_e}$$

この構成 $(H^*(V, \mathbb{C})[y_0, \dots, y_n], *)$: ass. comm. ring.
量子の非可換性

WDVV is Gromov-Witten a 定義 + Mo.n a cohomology の関係
が証明される。

量子の非可換性



or (spectral?)
flat str
90度前後 (ピルツェッ)

all $(H^*(V, \mathbb{C})[y_0, \dots, y_n], *)$ WDVV
+ 11通りの初期条件
GW $\Phi_{0,n,\beta}^V$ の回復できる場合がある。

genus 0 の WDVV の強力!

$V = \mathbb{P}^2$, WDVV と $*$ の構造は equivalent がある?

Dubrovin の 問題意識

この種 帰期 ?!

$V = \mathbb{P}^2$, WDVV と $*$ の構造は equivalent がある?
Dubrovin の 問題意識
GW
↓
おもしろ!

Frobenius mfd (structure) ← isolated hypersurface singularity's universal unfolding space などに flat structure を導入する

M: complex analytic mfd

TM: tangent bundle

(1) $*$: $TM \otimes TM \rightarrow TM$ bundle map,
 $\partial_1 \otimes \partial_2 \mapsto \partial_1 * \partial_2$: (commutative, associative)

(2) g : $TM \otimes TM \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_M$ her: a symmetric nondeg. flat bilinear form
 $\partial_1 \otimes \partial_2 \mapsto g(\partial_1, \partial_2)$

Saito Kyoji Theory
universal unfolding
periodic fields and functions
→ root fields of hypergeometric
→ $1^2, 1^2, 1^2, 1^2 = 2 = \epsilon(2, 2)$
11通りの Duba

$$g = \sum (g_{ij}) d^i \otimes d^j \quad g_{ij} : \text{constant} \quad \nabla^2 = 0$$

(3) $e: M \rightarrow TM$ ^{hol section}
 e : vector field v_x : vector field
 $\partial + e \rightarrow \partial$

(4) $E: M \rightarrow TM$ a vect. field
 s.t. (a) $\nabla: g$ Levi Civita conn $\nabla e = 0$

potential? (b) $C(\partial_1, \partial_2, \partial_3) := g(\partial_1 + \partial_2, \partial_3)$
 $P_{g_i}(d_2, d_3, d_4)$ ~~where~~ $\partial_1, \partial_2, \partial_3, \partial_4 \in \mathbb{R}^4$ symmetric

(c) $(\alpha, \nabla E): \text{End}(TM)$ a horizontal section

L_E : Lie derivative (c-2) $\partial \in \mathcal{D} \quad L_E(g(\beta, \eta)) - g(L_E \beta, \eta) - g(\beta, L_E \eta) = Dg(\beta, \eta)$

(c-3) $L_E(\beta + \eta) = L_E \beta + \eta - \beta + L_E \eta = \beta + \eta$

$x \in M$

*: $T_x M \otimes T_x M \rightarrow T_x M$

$(T_x M, +)$ commutative
 associative
 unitary

(b) $\Rightarrow \partial F$

$$C(\partial_1, \partial_2, \partial_3) = \frac{\partial_1 \partial_2 \partial_3 F}{g(\partial_1 + \partial_2, \partial_3)}$$

($x \in M$ $\exists \beta = \dots$ $\alpha \in T_x M$ \dots $\exists \eta, g(\beta, \eta) = \dots$)

(24) $\exists \beta \in T_x M \dots$ ($\exists \eta \in T_x M$)

$\frac{1}{2} \partial^2 \partial^2 \partial^2 = \partial^6$

$R = H^*(V, \mathbb{C}) \otimes \mathbb{C}[y_0, \dots, y_N] \leftrightarrow \mathbb{C}[y_0, \dots, y_N]$
 $(\mathbb{C}, \otimes) (H^*(V, \mathbb{C}), +) \text{ s.t. } H^*(V, \mathbb{C}) \times M \simeq TM$
 $\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow$
 $g \quad 0 \in \text{spec } \mathbb{C}[y_0, \dots, y_N] = M$

$y_0 = \dots = y_N = 0$
 $1 = \partial^2 \partial^2 \partial^2 \rightarrow \partial^6$

$H^*(V, \mathbb{C}) \geq 1$
 degree
 deg $t_0 = 1$

P_3 form deg is $1 - \delta - p$.

$CY = \mathbb{C}P^2 \cup \mathbb{C}P^1 \cup \dots$ (deg \in super mfd $1 = \mathbb{C}P^2$)

D-ゲージの数学 I

• Brane

$$M(E) \hookrightarrow M(M; E) \rightarrow M_c(M^V)$$

$$E \rightarrow M^V \text{ CPX vect. bdl.}$$

$$M = \cup U_i$$

E : hol str.

$$a_{ij}: U_i \cap U_j \rightarrow GL(n, \mathbb{C})$$

$$\bar{\partial}_E: E \otimes \Lambda^{0,k} \rightarrow E \otimes \Lambda^{0,k+1} \quad \bar{\partial}_E^2 = 0$$

hol's.

$$M(M^V, E) = \{ (J, E) \mid J: M^V \text{ CPX, } E \rightarrow (M^V, J) \text{ hol. str.} \} / \sim$$

Morism? $U_i \rightarrow U_j$ あり

$$TM(E) \rightarrow TM(M^V, E) \rightarrow TM_c(M^V)$$

||

\uparrow \Rightarrow 非可換性
の存在

|| K.S.

$$B \text{ model } H^1_{\bar{\partial}}(M, \text{End}(E))$$

a.p.t. non comm.

$$H^1_5(M^V, TM)$$

Yukawa coupling, : comm

$$H^k(M, \text{End}(E)) \otimes H^l(M, \text{End}(E)) \rightarrow H^{k+l}(M, \text{End}(E))$$

$$\langle \alpha \beta, \delta \rangle = \int \text{Tr}(\alpha \circ \beta \circ \gamma) \wedge \Omega^2 \in \mathbb{C}$$

$$\alpha \beta \neq \beta \alpha$$

• $M(E)$ の moduli の 局所構造 $\Leftrightarrow TM(E)$ の 積構造

Statement,

$$\begin{cases} C^k = P(M^V, \text{End}(E) \otimes \Lambda^{0,k}) \\ \bar{\partial}: C^k \rightarrow C^{k+1} \\ \wedge: (\text{End}(E) \otimes \Lambda^{0,k}) \otimes (\text{End}(E) \otimes \Lambda^{0,l}) \rightarrow \text{End}(E) \otimes \Lambda^{0,k+l} \end{cases}$$

$(C^k, \bar{\partial}, \wedge)$ is Differential graded alg. (DGA) wedge

$$\begin{cases} \bar{\partial}(u \wedge v) = \bar{\partial}u \wedge v + (-1)^{|u|} u \wedge \bar{\partial}v \\ \bar{\partial}^2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$DGA \rightsquigarrow MC\text{-stack } M(C)$$

$E = \mathbb{C} \times \mathbb{C}$

(\Rightarrow 解 2'12. $M(C)$ は $M(E)$ の 局所構造の 近傍)

$C \rightsquigarrow D = H^+(C, \bar{\partial})$ 上の A_{∞} -alg M_2, m_3, \dots

- $M(C)$ の 定義 方程式 + k 次項 \Leftrightarrow CPX str
- A_{∞} -alg. + k 次部分の 構造定数 \rightarrow moduli space smooth (def eq. for $\bar{\partial}$)
- D は C の homotopy 型 の 不変量 (up. to isom)

$M = C$ -Ymfid.

C : Differential Lie alg.

$C^k = P(M, TM \otimes \Lambda^{0,k})$ ($C^k, C, J, \bar{\partial}$)

$\uparrow \uparrow$
 E, J, Λ

CPX str. } homotopy equiv. h.e.

本質 Frobenius str. \rightarrow formality. $H^+(C, \bar{\partial})$ の 関係 \rightarrow zero

GW, Yukawa is secondary in 2620201.
Secondary form \rightarrow GW, Yukawa

① 0-homotopy theory (Griffiths - Morgan Prog. Math. (6))

X, Y space. $\pi_1 X = \pi_1 Y = 1$

Def. $X \sim Y$ is 0 hom. eq.

$\Leftrightarrow \exists f: X \rightarrow Y$ conti. s.t. $f_*: H(X; \mathbb{Q}) \cong H(Y; \mathbb{Q})$

Th (Quillen or Sullivan)

M, N C^∞ -mfd
 (A^*M, d, \wedge) DGA
 (A^*N, d, \wedge) "

$M \sim N$ 0 hom. eq.
 \Downarrow
 $A^*M \sim A^*N$ hom. equiv.

$C, C':$ DGA

$C \sim C'$ hom. equiv.

$\Leftrightarrow \exists C''$ DGA

$\psi: C'' \rightarrow C$ dg hom
 $\psi': C'' \rightarrow C'$

s.t. $\psi_*: H(C''; \mathbb{Q}) \cong H(C; \mathbb{Q})$

$\psi'_*: H(C''; \mathbb{Q}) \cong H(C'; \mathbb{Q})$

= the universal dg algebra

$E \rightarrow M$ flat bdl. $d^0 d^0 = 0$ if flat.

$d^k: \text{End}(E) \otimes \wedge^k \rightarrow \text{End}(E) \otimes \wedge^{k+1}$

\wedge :

$C^k = \Gamma(\text{End}(E) \otimes \wedge^k)$

DGA.

Thm (Goldman - Milson)

$C(E_1, d^0) \sim C(E_2, d^0)$ homotopy equiv.

$\Rightarrow R(E)$ a E_1 nbd $\cong R(E)$ a E_2 nbd.

mod 12
 (local 12)
 (3) 12

$R(E)$: flat bdl module: $E = M \times \mathbb{R}^n$ $\text{Hom}(\pi_1 M, \text{GL}(n, \mathbb{C}))$

$E \rightarrow M^V$
 hol. \uparrow \uparrow cpx mfd.

$C^k(E) = \Gamma(M^V, \text{End}(E) \otimes \wedge^{0,k})$

$\bar{\partial}_E$ a DGA.

Thm $C(E_1) \sim C(E_2)$ hom. equiv.

$\Rightarrow M(E)$ a E_1 nbd $\cong M(E)$ a E_2 nbd.

(C, d) DGA.

$\hat{M}(C) = \{ b \in C' \mid db + b \wedge b = 0 \}$

$C = C(E)$ $b \in \Gamma(M^V, \text{End}(E) \otimes \wedge^{0,1})$

$b: E \otimes \wedge^{0,k} \rightarrow E \otimes \wedge^{0,k+1}$

$\bar{\partial} + b = \bar{\partial}_b$

$\bar{\partial}_b$ is E hol. str. $\Leftrightarrow \bar{\partial}_b^2 = 0$

$\Leftrightarrow \bar{\partial}_b^2 = 0 \Leftrightarrow \bar{\partial}b + b \wedge b = 0$

$\hat{M}(C)/\sim = M(C)$

\sim a def. $\bar{\partial}_b$

~9 def examples 12.

$$g: E \rightarrow E \text{ } \mathbb{R}^{\mathbb{R}^1}$$

$$(\bar{a}+b)g = g(\bar{a}+b') \Leftrightarrow b \sim b'$$

A_{∞} -alg (= -Alg) 13.

(C, m_k) : A_{∞} -alg. C graded vector sp.

$$C[i]^k = C^{k+i}$$

• $m_k: \underbrace{C[i] \otimes \dots \otimes C[i]}_k \rightarrow C[i]$ degree 1.

• A_{∞} -relation

$$BC[i] = \bigoplus_k \underbrace{C[i] \otimes \dots \otimes C[i]}_{k \geq 2} = \bigoplus_k B_k C[i]$$

(if co algebra

(def: D is coalg $\Delta: D \rightarrow D \otimes D$ degree 0.
 $(\Delta \otimes 1) \cdot \Delta = (1 \otimes \Delta) \cdot \Delta$

$$\Delta(x_1 \otimes \dots \otimes x_n) := \sum_i (x_1 \otimes \dots \otimes x_i) \otimes (x_{i+1} \otimes \dots \otimes x_n)$$

• Codifferential: $\hat{d}: D \rightarrow D$ deg=1.

$$\Leftrightarrow \Delta \circ \hat{d} = (\hat{d} \otimes 1 + 1 \otimes \hat{d}) \cdot \Delta$$

Lemma $\exists! \hat{d}: BC[i] \rightarrow BC[i]$ degree 1 (= 13.12)
codifferential $\hat{d}: BC[i] \rightarrow BC[i]$

Codifferential: $\hat{d}(x_1 \otimes \dots \otimes x_n) = \sum \pm x_1 \otimes \dots \otimes \hat{d} x_i \otimes \dots \otimes x_n$

• A_{∞} -rel. $m_k: B_k C[i] \rightarrow C[i]$

Lemma $\Rightarrow \hat{d}: BC[i] \rightarrow BC[i]$ codifferential.

$$m_k \text{ is } A_{\infty}\text{-alg} \Leftrightarrow \hat{d} \hat{d} = 0$$

(C. 1. d) = DGA

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} m_1 = \pm d \\ m_2 = \pm 1 \\ m_3 = m_4 = \dots = 0 \end{array} \right. \text{ } A_{\infty}\text{-alg}$$

• A_{∞} -homomorphism.

Lemma $\forall k \varphi_k: B_k C[i] \rightarrow C[i]$ deg 0

$\Rightarrow \exists! \hat{\varphi}: BC[i] \rightarrow BC[i]$ coalg-hom.

$\forall k \varphi_k \text{ is } B_k \rightarrow B_1$

$$\therefore \hat{\varphi}(x_1 \otimes \dots \otimes x_n) = \sum \varphi(x_1 \dots x_i) \otimes \varphi(x_{i+1} \dots x_n)$$

Def: $\varphi_k: B_k C[i] \rightarrow C[i]$ A_{∞} -hom. ($k=1, \dots, \infty$)

$$\Leftrightarrow \hat{\varphi} \circ \hat{d} = \hat{d} \circ \hat{\varphi}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \forall k \hat{\varphi}_k \circ \hat{\varphi}'_k = \hat{\varphi}_k \circ \hat{\varphi}'_k \\ \varphi_k(\varphi'_1 \otimes \dots \otimes \varphi'_k) = (\varphi \circ \varphi')_{k+1} \end{array} \right)$$

DGA is a def $\varphi \sim \varphi'$ homotopic is?

$\{ A_{\infty}\text{-alg}, A_{\infty}\text{-hom.} \} \rightarrow \text{homotopy}$

$C \rightarrow C'$ A_{∞} -hom. $\varphi \sim \varphi'$ homotopic is?

$\text{Poly}([0,1], C)$ A_{∞} -alg.

$$\text{Poly}([0,1], C)^k = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a(t) + b(t) dt \mid a(t) \in C^k \otimes Q(t) \\ b(t) \in C^{k-1} \otimes Q(t) \end{array} \right\}$$

$$m_k(a(t) + b(t) dt) = (m, a)(t) + \left(\frac{da}{dt} + (m, b)(t) \right) dt$$

$$m_p(a_1 + b_1 dt, \dots, a_k + b_k dt)$$

$$= m_p(a_1, \dots, a_k) + \sum_i \pm m_p(a_1, \dots, a_{i-1}, b_i, a_{i+1}, \dots, a_k) dt$$

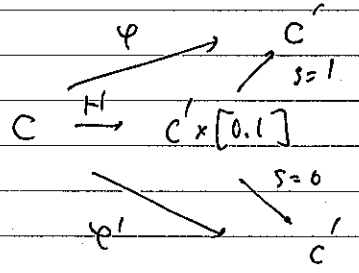
$$C = \Lambda(M) \quad \text{Poly}([0,1], C) \cong \Lambda(M \times [0,1])$$

Eval_s: Poly([0,1], C) → C A_∞-hom.

$$\begin{cases} \text{Eval}_{s,1}(a(t) + b(t) dt) = a(s) \\ \text{Eval}_{s,2} = \dots = 0 \end{cases}$$

Def: $\begin{cases} \varphi: C \rightarrow C' \\ \varphi': C \rightarrow C' \end{cases} \quad A_{\infty}\text{-hom.}$

$\varphi \sim \varphi' : \text{homotopic} \iff \exists H: C \rightarrow \text{Poly}([0,1], C')$
A_∞-hom



$$\begin{cases} \text{Eval} \cdot H = \varphi' \\ \text{Eval} \cdot H = \varphi \end{cases}$$

Thm $\varphi \sim \varphi', \varphi' \sim \varphi'' \Rightarrow \varphi \sim \varphi''$

Thm $\varphi: C \rightarrow C' \quad A_{\infty}\text{-hom.} \quad \gamma_n: H(C, \mathbb{Q}) \xrightarrow{\sim} H(C', \mathbb{Q})$

(Rem DGA 2nd to 4th = 5.11)

$$\begin{cases} \varphi' \cdot \varphi \sim \text{id} \\ \varphi \cdot \varphi' \sim \text{id} \end{cases}$$

① $\exists \gamma \in H_1(L, \mathbb{Q}) =$

$C \subset M_2 \quad A_{\infty}\text{-alg.}$

$$\hat{M}(C) = \{ b \in C' \mid \sum_k m_k(b, \dots, b) = 0 \}$$

← 2nd

$C: \text{DGA} \quad db + b \wedge b = 0$

" = " $\iff \sum_k m_k(b, \dots, b) = 0 \iff \exists \lambda \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\} \text{ s.t. } \lambda \cdot b = 0$

↑ 2nd

解1) 约束 λ 是级数 $\lambda = 0$.

② 解2) 形式的 λ 是级数 $\lambda = 0$.

$R: \text{非交换 Artin 代数} \quad R = \mathbb{Q}[T_1, \dots, T_n] / (P_1, \dots, P_r)$
 P_1, \dots, P_r 是 \mathbb{Q} 上 n 次多项式.
 $R = \mathbb{Q}[T] / (T^{m+1})$ (*)

$$\hat{M}(C)(R) = \{ b \in C' \otimes_{\mathbb{Q}} R \mid \sum_k m_k(b, \dots, b) = 0 \}$$

$b \equiv 0 \pmod{m}$

(*) 对 $b = T b_1 + \dots + T^n b_n$

$$\sum_k m_k(b, \dots, b) = 0 \pmod{T^{n+1}}$$

↑ 有限和

$R \rightarrow \hat{M}(C)(R)$
Functors

$$= R \cong \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}$$

Def $b, b' \in \hat{M}(c)(R)$

$b \sim b' \iff \exists \tilde{b} \in \hat{M}(\text{poly}([0,1], c))(R)$ s.t. $\begin{cases} E_{v_1} \tilde{b} = b' \\ E_{v_0} \tilde{b} = b \end{cases}$

$\tilde{b} \parallel \begin{matrix} b' \\ C \times [0,1] \\ b \end{matrix}$

$\tilde{b} = b(t) + c(t)dt$
 $b(0) = b, \quad b(1) = b'$

$\frac{db}{dt} + \sum_{k,i} \pm M_{ki}(b \dots b) = 0$

DGA $\frac{dc}{dt} \pm c \wedge b \pm b \wedge c = 0$
 $\exp(\int c) = g$
 $(d+b)g = g(d+b)$

Maurer-Cartan stack Functor.

$R \rightarrow \hat{M}(c)(R) / \sim$
{Artin ring} \rightarrow {sets} \rightarrow groupoid?

Thm. C & C' or homotopy eq.

$\Rightarrow \hat{M}(c)(R) \simeq \hat{M}(c')(R)$

① $\varphi: C \rightarrow C'$ Artin-hon
 $\Rightarrow \hat{M}(c)(R) \rightarrow \hat{M}(c')(R)$
 $\downarrow \varphi$
 $b \longmapsto \sum_{k=1}^n \varphi_k(b \dots b)$
 $\varphi(b)$

② $\varphi \sim \varphi'$
 $\Rightarrow \varphi_k(b) \sim \varphi'_k(b)$
(by def)

D-71-1 の数学 II

Monodromy の対称性

Ref

Seidel - Thomas math / 0001043

Seidel - Khovanov

Aspin wall

Seidel

hep-th / 0102198

JDG.

M : sym mfd

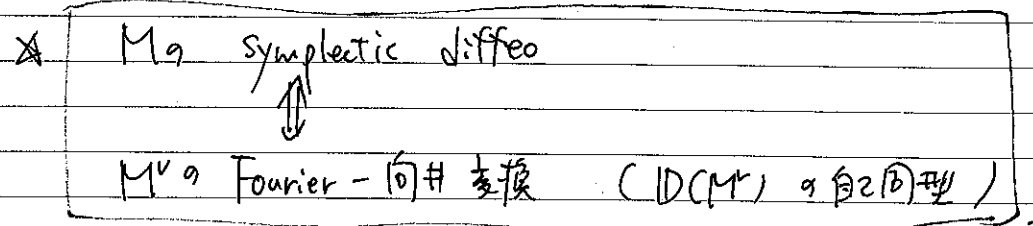
minor. M^\vee : complex mfd $\begin{matrix} \text{自由} \\ \text{= 9 対称性 } \mathbb{N}^3 \end{matrix}$

M の対称性 = $\{ f: M \rightarrow M \mid f^* \omega = \omega \}$
 $\cap \mathbb{H}$

Lag M の対称性 = 対称性 \rightarrow HMS の帰結

M^\vee の対称性 = $\{ f: M^\vee \rightarrow M^\vee \mid \text{bihol} \}$
 $\cap \mathbb{H}$

DM^\vee sheaf or cat or derived cat 対称性
 \rightarrow Fourier-Mukai Tr. $\in \{ f: M^\vee \rightarrow M^\vee / \text{bihol} \}$

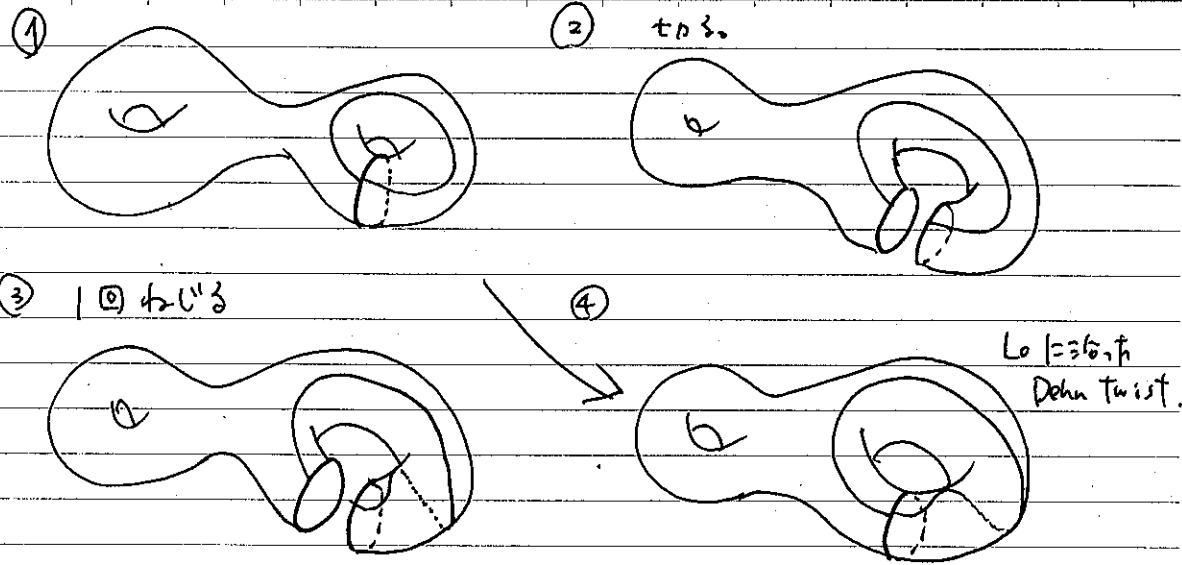


$f: M \rightarrow M$: sym. diffeo

Dehn twist

$M = \Sigma : 1-2 = \text{面}$ CPX str の対称性

$S^1 \subset M$



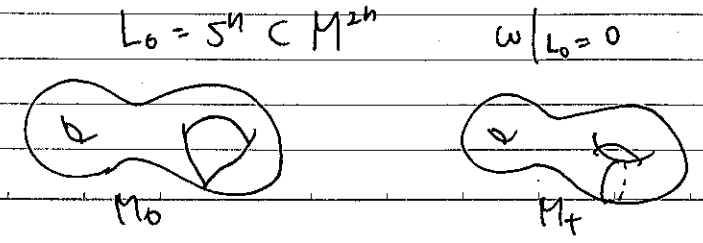
$f_{L_0}: \Sigma \rightarrow \Sigma$ symplectic diffeo ($f_{L_0}^* \omega = \omega$)

- $\alpha \in H_1 \Sigma$
- $f_{L_0}(\alpha) = \alpha - (L_0 \cdot \alpha) L_0$
- $f_{L_0} = \text{id}$ L_0 a small hfd.

M_t : Kähler
 M_0 : singular

$t \leftarrow D(\xi) \setminus 0$

$t \rightarrow 0$
 $M_t \rightarrow M_0$
 M_t a family of Lagrangian $S^n \times S^n$ (Euler characteristic)



$f_{L_0}: M \rightarrow M$ sym. diffeo
 $\cup M \times \{t\} \rightarrow D^2 \setminus 0$ a monodromy

(*) $\alpha \in H_n(M)$
 $f_{L_0}(\alpha) = \alpha - \langle L_0, \alpha \rangle L_0$ ($L_0 \cdot L_0 = 2$)

(**) $f_{L_0}|_{L_0}$ a hfd a $\neq \text{id}$ identity

① - 1.1.1 =
 M^{2n} : symplectic mfd.
 $L_0 = S^n \subset M^{2n}$ Lag-surf.
 $\Rightarrow f_{L_0}: M \rightarrow M$ symplectic diffeo
(*) (**) $2 \neq 1 = \text{id}$ a $\neq \text{id}$.

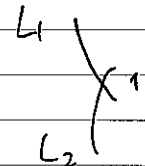
Rem $n = \text{even}$
 $[L_0] \cdot [L_0] = 2$
 L_0 a hfd $\approx T^*S^n$ a 0 hfd.
 $[L_0] \cdot [L_0] = T^*S^n$ a 0 sect \in 自同射的交点数 = 2

f_{L_0}
 $L_0 \mapsto -L_0$
 $\alpha \cap L_0 = 0$ a \exists
 $\alpha_i \mapsto \alpha$

$f_{L_0}: H_n \rightarrow H_n$ $L_0 =$ 垂直起平面 \rightarrow 反射 reflection
 $L_i \subset M$ $L_i \approx S^n \subset M$
 f_{L_i} : reflection

→ braid gp.

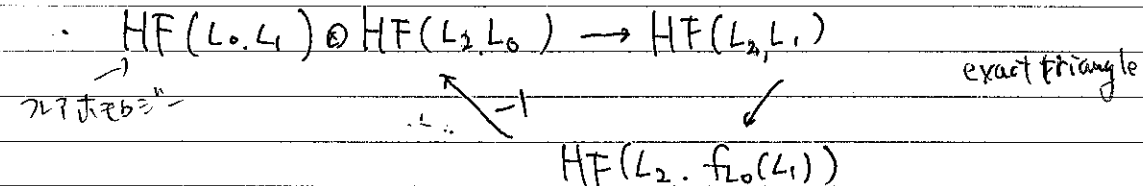
$f_{L_1, L_2} : \pi_1(M) \cong \text{reflection group}$



• (JZ) Theorem

$L_0 = S^n \subset M$
 $f_0 : M \rightarrow M$
 $L_1, L_2 \subset M$: Lag. smf.

statement to T=...
 $JZ \Rightarrow \pi_1(M)$



long. exact seq

• Theorem

M
 L_0, L_1, L_2 : exact.
 $\omega = d\theta$ 0-1 form
 $\mathcal{O}_{L_i} = df_i$ f_i : f.c.n.

closed path

exact triangle

• Floer homology

M : symplectic mfd.
 $L_a, L_b \subset M$: Lag smf.
 $L_a \pitchfork L_b$

$CF(L_a, L_b) \simeq \bigoplus_{p \in L_a \cap L_b} \mathbb{Z}[p]$

↳ Maslov index

$\mu(p) \in \mathbb{Z}$

$CF_k = \bigoplus_{p, \mu(p)=k} \mathbb{Z}[p]$

D^2 braid J holonomy

$\partial : CF_k \rightarrow CF_{k-1}$
 $\partial_k = 0$

$HF_p(L_a, L_b) = \ker \partial / \text{Im } \partial$

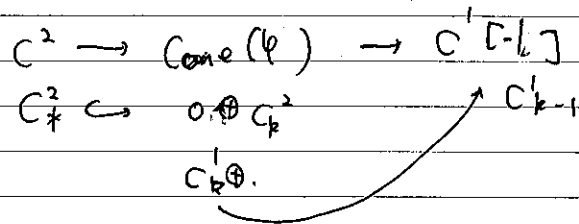
• mapping cone

$(C^1, \partial) \rightarrow \text{chain cpx.}$
 (C^2, ∂)

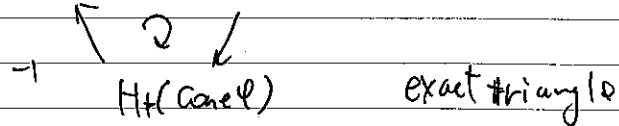
$\varphi : C^1 \rightarrow C^2$ chain map $\partial \varphi = \varphi \partial$

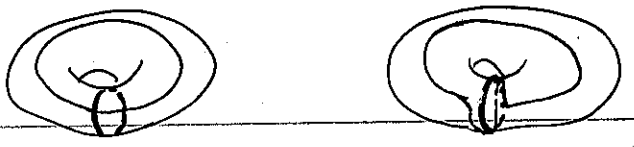
$\text{Cone}(\varphi)_k = C_{k-1}^1 \oplus C_k^2$

$\partial(\alpha, \beta) = (\partial \alpha, (-1)^{\text{deg } \alpha} \varphi(\alpha) + \partial \beta)$



$H_+(C^1) \rightarrow H_+(C^2)$

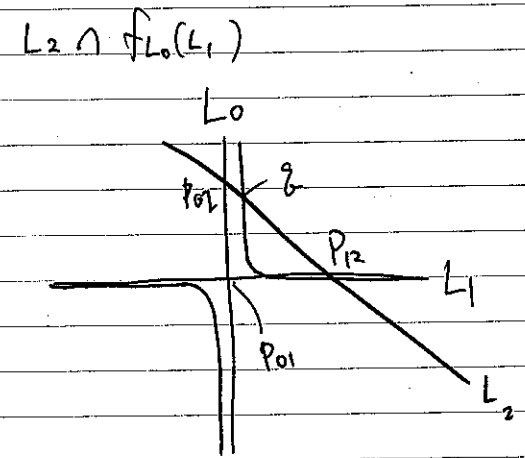




$$HF(L_0, L_1) \otimes HF(L_2, L_0) \longrightarrow HF(L_2, L_1)$$

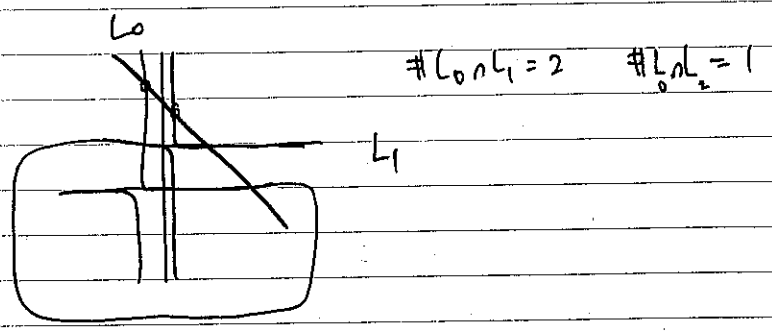
$$\swarrow \quad \searrow$$

$$-1 \quad HF(L_2, f_{L_0}(L_1))$$



$$L_2 \cap f_{L_0}(L_1) = L_2 \cap L_1 \cup (L_2 \cap L_0) \times (L_0 \cap L_1)$$

$P_{12} \quad P_{02} \quad P_{01}$



- $CF(L_2, f_{L_0}(L_1)) = CF(L_2, L_1) \oplus (CF(L_1, L_0) \otimes CF(L_1, L_2))$
- $CF(L_2, f_{L_0}(L_1)) \cong CF(L_1, L_0) \otimes CF(L_0, L_1) \rightarrow CF(L_2, L_1)$
- 链映射, mapping cone (大妻)

Rem. Gauge theory = origin of 3D.

Flear a triangle

M homology 3 sphere
KCM knot

M_{-1} $K=2/2a-1$ Dehn surgery : homology sphere
 M_0 " " " homology S^3

$$HF(M) \longrightarrow HF(M_{-1})$$

$$\swarrow \quad \searrow$$

$$-1 \quad HF(M_0)$$

链映射
 $1^2 \cong 0^2 = 0^2, 3^2$

minor $f_{L_0} M$ a symplectic diffeo
 $f_{L_0}^v M^v$ cpx mfd

$D(M)$ a $\mathbb{Z}/2$ 型

M^v complex mfd.

\mathcal{F}
 $\mathcal{F}^0 \xrightarrow{d} \mathcal{F}^1 \xrightarrow{d} \mathcal{F}^2 \rightarrow \dots$
 M^v a 連接 \mathcal{O}_{M^v} module sheaf a chain complex.

$\psi : \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{G}$: chain map
 $\psi_k : \mathcal{F}^k \rightarrow \mathcal{G}^k \quad d\psi_k = \psi_{k+1} d$

ψ is weak equiv.

$$\psi_{\#} = \frac{\text{ker } d}{\text{Im } d} \rightarrow \frac{\text{ker } d}{\text{Im } d} \quad \text{同型}$$

$\mathcal{F} \sim \mathcal{G} \iff$ weak equiv. obj's : (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (l) (m) (n) (o) (p) (q) (r) (s) (t) (u) (v) (w) (x) (y) (z) (aa) (ab) (ac) (ad) (ae) (af) (ag) (ah) (ai) (aj) (ak) (al) (am) (an) (ao) (ap) (aq) (ar) (as) (at) (au) (av) (aw) (ax) (ay) (az) (ba) (bb) (bc) (bd) (be) (bf) (bg) (bh) (bi) (bj) (bk) (bl) (bm) (bn) (bo) (bp) (bq) (br) (bs) (bt) (bu) (bv) (bw) (bx) (by) (bz) (ca) (cb) (cc) (cd) (ce) (cf) (cg) (ch) (ci) (cj) (ck) (cl) (cm) (cn) (co) (cp) (cq) (cr) (cs) (ct) (cu) (cv) (cw) (cx) (cy) (cz) (da) (db) (dc) (dd) (de) (df) (dg) (dh) (di) (dj) (dk) (dl) (dm) (dn) (do) (dp) (dq) (dr) (ds) (dt) (du) (dv) (dw) (dx) (dy) (dz) (ea) (eb) (ec) (ed) (ee) (ef) (eg) (eh) (ei) (ej) (ek) (el) (em) (en) (eo) (ep) (eq) (er) (es) (et) (eu) (ev) (ew) (ex) (ey) (ez) (fa) (fb) (fc) (fd) (fe) (ff) (fg) (fh) (fi) (fj) (fk) (fl) (fm) (fn) (fo) (fp) (fq) (fr) (fs) (ft) (fu) (fv) (fw) (fx) (fy) (fz) (ga) (gb) (gc) (gd) (ge) (gf) (gg) (gh) (gi) (gj) (gk) (gl) (gm) 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\sim 同値類
 \sim 同値類

$D(M^V)$ object.

* $D(M^V)$ is mapping cone obj's.

$\mathcal{P} : \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{G} : \text{chain map}$

$\text{Cone}(\mathcal{P})^k = \mathcal{F}^{k+1} \oplus \mathcal{G}^k$

Spherical object

$\dim_{\mathbb{C}} M^V = n$

$\mathcal{E} \rightarrow M^V : \text{sheaf}$

is Spherical object.

$\iff_{\text{def}} \text{Ext}^R(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}) \cong H^k(S^n; \mathbb{C})$

(31) \leftarrow tomography.

$M = CY, \mathcal{E} = L : \text{line bundle}$

$\text{Ext}^m(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}) = H^{0,m}(M) = \begin{cases} \mathbb{C} & m=0, n \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$

(32) $\begin{cases} L_0 \subset M \\ L_0 \cong S^n \text{ homeo} \\ HF(L_0, L_0) = H(S^n) \end{cases}$

HMS

$\forall L \subset M$

$\exists \mathcal{E}(L) \rightarrow M^V \text{ sheaf}$

$\text{Ext}(\mathcal{E}(L_a), \mathcal{E}(L_b)) = HF(L_a, L_b)$

487.

$\mathcal{E}(L_0) \rightarrow M^V$ spherical obj's, 276.

$\text{Ext}(\mathcal{E}(L_0), \mathcal{E}(L_0)) \cong HF(L_0, L_0) \cong H(S^n) = \mathcal{E}(L_0)$ spherical diffco.

(Dehn twist \rightsquigarrow sym. diff \rightsquigarrow $D(M^V)$ is \mathbb{Z} -mod. (for 12/12/2012))

Def: $\mathcal{E} \rightarrow M^V$ spherical object.

$T_{\mathcal{E}} : D(M^V) \rightarrow D(M^V)$

$\mathcal{F} \rightarrow M^V : \text{coherent sheaf}$

$\text{Ext}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{F}) \otimes \mathcal{E} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}$
abelian sheaf.

σ mapping cone $\mathcal{E} \rightarrow T_{\mathcal{E}}(\mathcal{F})$ etc.

$\alpha \in \text{Hom}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{F})$

$u \in \mathcal{E}_p$

$f(\alpha, u) = \alpha_p(u) \in \mathcal{F}_p$

FM 11/12/2012
5.2763

Prop. \mathcal{G} , coh sheaf.

$\text{Ext}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{F}) \otimes \text{Ext}(\mathcal{G}, \mathcal{E}) \rightarrow \text{Ext}(\mathcal{G}, \mathcal{F})$
 $\uparrow \quad \checkmark$
 $\text{Ext}(\mathcal{G}, T_{\mathcal{E}}(\mathcal{F}))$

齋藤 氏

FD 保存変形, ϵ FD Λ^2 構造 II.

Frob. Str.

より "の" 合成

CY a B model の FD 構造の it is in maximal deg. pt in flat str.

Frobenius mfd

M: cpx analytic mfd (基底・直列 germ $\in \mathbb{R}, \mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{U}$)

Def M: Frobenius mfd (with flat str.)

- (1) $\star: TM \otimes TM \rightarrow TM$ commutative prod associative
- (2) $g: TM \otimes TM \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_M$ a symmetric non deg. bilinear form flat.
- (3) $e \in \Gamma(M, TM)$ vector field. $e \star e = e \quad \forall e \in \Gamma(M, TM)$
- (4) $\mathcal{E} \in \Gamma(M, TM)$ s.t.

(a) $\mathcal{D}: g = \langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ Levi-Civita connection.
 i.e. $\mathcal{D}g = 0$
 $\mathcal{D}_x \partial_x - \mathcal{D}_{\partial_x} \mathcal{D}_x - [\partial_x, \partial_x] = 0$

1 x f $\partial_x \rightsquigarrow x$

$\mathcal{D}e = 0$

(b) $C(x, y, z) = g(x \star y, z)$ x, y, z symmetric.
 $(\mathcal{D}_x g)(x, y, z, w)$ symmetric w.r.t x, y, z, w

(c) (c-1) $\forall \mathcal{E} \in \Gamma(M, \text{End}(TM)) : \mathcal{D}$ -horizontal
 (c-2) ...
 (c-3) ...

$x \in M$

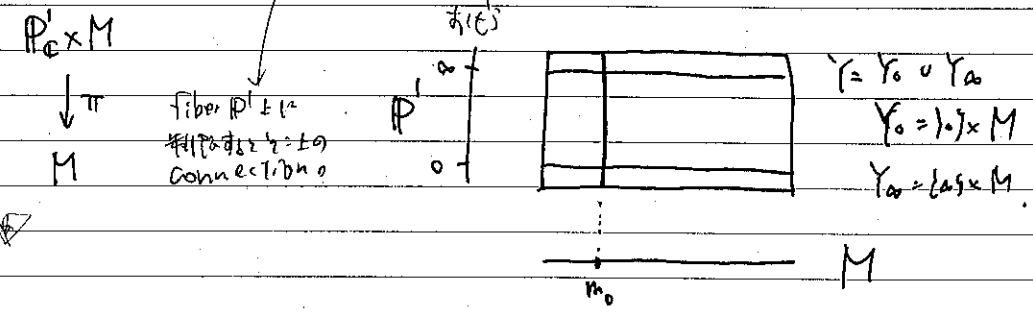
$TM_x \otimes TM_x \rightarrow TM_x$

より $\mathcal{D}(\cdot, \cdot)$ の変形. $\mathcal{D}^2 = \mathcal{D} \circ \mathcal{D}$

目標: Frobenius mfd M] , local to
 Flat structure on M
 ① 同類
 ② 構成

M: complex analytic mfd. meromorphic pole

$\mathcal{D}: \pi^*(TM) \rightarrow \pi^*(TM) \otimes \Omega^1_{\mathbb{P}^1 \times M}[\star Y]$



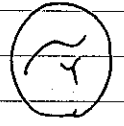
\rightarrow $\mathbb{P}^1 \times M$ の接続

(M: fib $\Leftrightarrow \mathcal{D}$ integrability)

\mathcal{D} integrability $\Leftrightarrow \star$ associativity

Flat meromorphic connection

$Z (= \mathbb{P}^1 \times M)$



Y : hyper-surface

$\mathcal{O}_Z[\star Y] = \bigcup_{m \geq 0} \mathcal{O}_Z(mY)$ Y は pole $Z \setminus Y$ 上

Def (F, D) flat merom. conn. on (Z, Y)

(i) $F \rightarrow Z : \mathcal{O}_Z[\star Y]$ locally free-module

($F \simeq \mathcal{O}_Z[\star Y]^{\oplus d}$ (local))

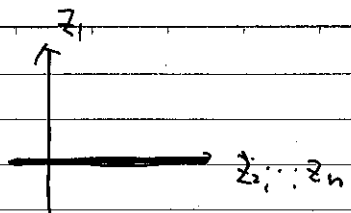
(ii) $\mathcal{D}: F \rightarrow F \otimes \Omega^1_Z[\star Y]$

s.t. $\mathcal{D}(f \cdot v) = df \otimes v + f \mathcal{D}v$

$\mathcal{D}^2 = F \rightarrow F \otimes \Omega^2_Z[\star Y]$: curvature

$\mathcal{D}^2 = 0$ (flat or Integrable)

• local r .
 $Y \subset Z$
 $z_1=0$



$z = \mathbb{C}^n \supset Y = \{0\} \times \mathbb{C}^{n-1}$
 (z_1, \dots, z_n)

F
 \downarrow
 Z

e_1, \dots, e_d : local section.
 $\nabla e_i = \sum_{j=1}^d \Omega_{ij}^j(z) e_j$

base dependent function

$\Omega = (\Omega_{ij}^j(z))$: connection matrix
 $\Omega_2^1(Y)$

$\Omega_{ij}^j = \sum \Omega_{ij}^j(z) dz_k$

∇ type along $Y = r$

$\stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff} r = \min \{r, z_1^r \Omega, \dots, \Omega_2^1(\log Y) \mid r=1, 2, \dots\}$

$\Omega_2^1 = \sum \Omega_2 dz$

$\Omega_2^1(\log Y) = \Omega_2 \frac{dz_1}{z_1} + \sum_{i=2}^n \Omega_2 dz_i$

base fix

type $r=0 \iff \Omega_{ij}^j \in \Omega_2^1(\log Y) \iff \nabla \in$ regular singular along Y

$\nabla = d + \Omega = d + \frac{\Omega_1}{z_1} dz_1 + \sum_{i=2}^n \Omega_i dz_i$

Ω_1, Ω_i : z_1, \dots, z_n hol. fct.
 $z_1^{-1} dz_1 + dz_2, \dots, dz_n$

type $r=1 \iff \nabla = d + \Omega = d + \left[\frac{\Omega_1}{z_1} + \Omega_2 \right] \frac{dz_1}{z_1} + \sum_{i=2}^n \Omega_i dz_i$

$\Omega_1, \Omega_1', \Omega_i$: z_1, \dots, z_n hol. fct.

∇ : integrable $\iff \nabla^2 = 0$

type $r=0 \implies (F|_Y, \nabla|_Y)$: integrable conn. on Y

$\Omega = \sum_{i=1}^n \Omega_i(0, z_2, \dots, z_n) dz_i$

$d\Omega + \Omega \wedge \Omega = 0$

type $r=1 \implies (F|_Y, \nabla|_Y)$

$\mathcal{P}(F|_Y) = \frac{d(F|_Y)}{F|_Y} + F|_Y$

$\Phi : F|_Y \rightarrow F|_Y \otimes \Omega_Y^1$: \mathcal{O}_Y -linear

$\Phi_1 \Phi = 0 \iff$ associativity

\implies Higgs bundle

type $r=1$

$\nabla = d + \Omega = d + \frac{1}{z_1} \left[\Omega_1 \frac{dz_1}{z_1} + \sum_{i=2}^n \Omega_i dz_i \right]$

$= d + \underbrace{\Omega_1 \frac{dz_1}{z_1^2}}_{\Omega'} + \sum_{i=2}^n \underbrace{\frac{\Omega_i}{z_1}}_{\Omega''} dz_i$

$\Phi = (z_1 \Omega'')_{z=0} = \sum_{i=1}^n \Omega_i(0, z_2, \dots, z_n) dz_i$

$P_0 = \Omega_1(0, z_2, \dots, z_n)$

Exercise : $\nabla^2 = 0 \implies \Phi_1 \Phi = 0$, $\Phi : \mathcal{O}_Y$ -linear

$\Phi \in \text{End}(F|_Y) \otimes \Omega_Y^1$

$\Omega_Y^1 \otimes T_Y \otimes \Omega_Y^1$

$(\pm \text{something}) F|_Y = T_Y$

$\exists \eta \in T_Y \quad \exists + \eta = -\Phi(\beta)(\eta) \in T_Y$

$\Phi \wedge \Phi = 0 \implies (\exists + \eta) * \tau = \exists + (\eta * \tau)$

$T_{\mathbb{P}^1} = \mathcal{O}(2)$... 核心 ...
Def (Kyoji Saito structure)

without metric (for simplicity)

M : analytic mfd

- 1) $\mathcal{D}: TM \rightarrow TM \otimes \Omega_M^1$ torsionless flat conn.
i.e. $\nabla_X Y - \nabla_Y X - [X, Y] = 0, \nabla^2 = 0$
- 2) $\Phi: TM \rightarrow TM \otimes \Omega_M^1$ \mathcal{O}_M -linear, symmetric.
- 3) $e, \varepsilon \in \mathcal{P}(M, TM)$ (M.D. Φ, e, ε)
v. field.

satisfying the following conditions:

1) $\pi: \mathbb{P}^1 \times M \rightarrow M$

$$\mathcal{D} = \pi^*(\mathcal{D}) + \frac{\pi^*(\Phi)}{z} - \left(\frac{\Phi(e)}{z} + \nabla \varepsilon \right) \frac{dz}{z}$$

$$\mathcal{D}: \pi^*(TM) \rightarrow T^*(\pi^*(TM)) \otimes \Omega_{\mathbb{P}^1 \times M}^1(\mathcal{D})$$

$$\nabla^2 = 0 \quad \text{i.e. } \mathcal{D}: \text{flat}$$

2) $\mathcal{D}e = 0, \Phi(e) = -Id$

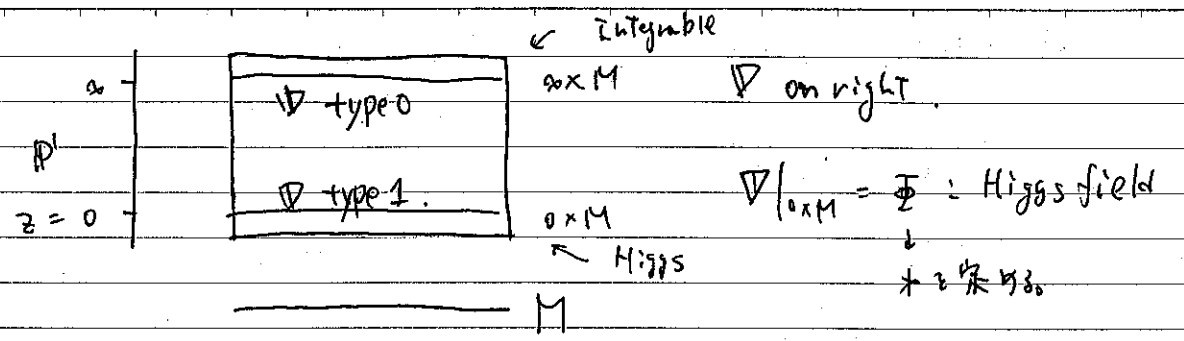
= 31192 27 = 2 5 2 ?

$\xi, \eta \in TM$
 $\xi + \eta = -\Phi(\xi)(\eta) \in TM$
 $= -\eta + \xi$

$\xi(\xi) \in \Phi(\xi)\xi$

\mathcal{D} : torsionless $\Rightarrow \mathcal{D} \partial_{t_i} = 0 \quad \forall(\varepsilon)$
 $t_1 \dots t_n \quad M, \dots \rightarrow \text{flat str.}$

3x3 system

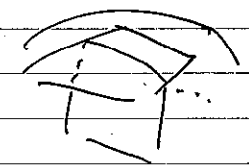


$\pi^0 = \dots$

Example: Candelas orb. (for example?)

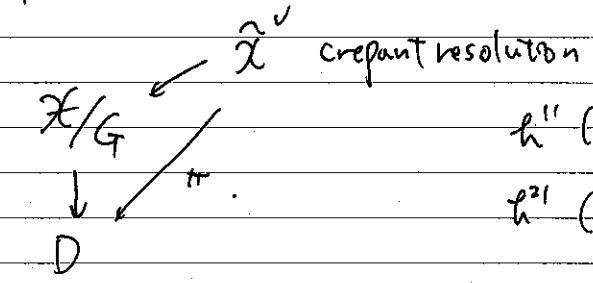
$\mathbb{P}^4 \times D \supset \mathcal{X} = \{x_0^5 + x_1^5 + \dots + x_4^5 - 5t^{-1}x_0x_1x_2x_3x_4 = 0\}$

$\mathcal{X}_t \subset \mathbb{P}^4 \xrightarrow{\pi} D \quad \pi^{-1}(t=0) = x_0x_1x_2x_3x_4 = 0$ 5-fold CY

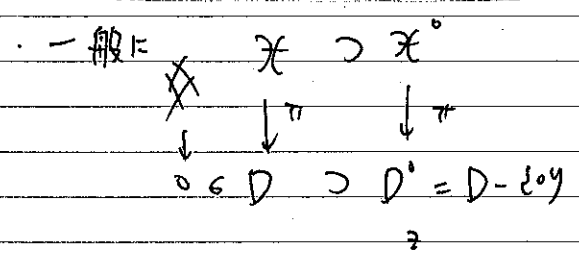


$t \neq 0 \quad \mathcal{X}_t = \pi^{-1}(t)$ smooth CY

$\exists G$: finite abli...

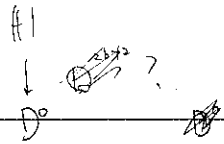


$h^1(\mathcal{X}_t) = 10$
 $h^2(\mathcal{X}_t) = 1$



$\pi|_{\mathcal{X}^0}$: smooth family of CY-3folds

π : proj. flat morphism



$$H = \mathbb{R}^3 \pi_x^* \mathbb{Q}_{x^0} \rightarrow D^0 : \text{local system}$$

$$V_{z \in D^0} H^3(x_z^0, \mathbb{Q}) = \mathbb{Q}^{2b+2} ?$$

$$V: H^1 \otimes \mathcal{O}_{D^0} \rightarrow \mathcal{H} \otimes \Omega_{D^0}^1 \text{ flat conn } \{z \neq 0\},$$

$$\text{sit. } \ker V = H^1$$



$$\pi_1(D^0) \rightarrow \text{Aut}(H^3(X_s, \mathbb{Q})) \cong \text{GL}_{2b+2}(\mathbb{Q})$$

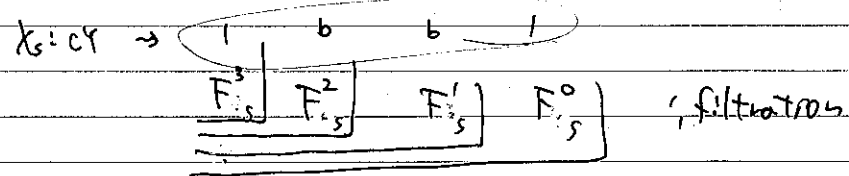
$$\downarrow$$

$$\mathbb{Z}(b, 1) \rightarrow T_{D^0} = T_1$$

assume T_1 : unipotent (quasi unip. 12/11/2, 23)

$$N = T_1 - \text{Id} \quad N^3 = 0$$

$$H^3(X_s, \mathbb{C}) = H^{3,0} \oplus H^{2,1} \oplus H^{1,2} \oplus H^{0,3}$$



\mathcal{F}^p CM subsheaf

$$0 \subset \mathcal{F}^3 \subset \mathcal{F}^2 \subset \mathcal{F}^1 \subset \mathcal{F}^0 = \mathcal{H}$$

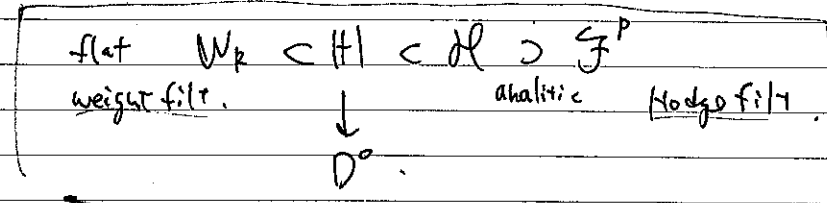
Hodge Filtr. on D^0

$$\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{F}^p) \subset \mathcal{F}^{p,1} \otimes \Omega_{D^0}$$

Griffiths transversality.

$$H^3(X_s, \mathbb{Q}), N \Rightarrow \text{weight filter } W$$

$$0 \subset W_0 \subset W_1 \subset W_2 \subset W_3 \subset W_4 \subset W_5 \subset W_6 = H^3$$

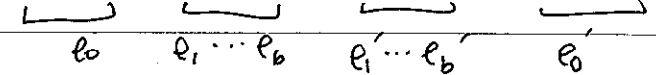


Def. $0 = \{z=0\} \subset D$ all maximal unipotent points $(N^k=0, N^{k+1} \neq 0)$

$$\Rightarrow W_2/W_{2-1} = \mathbb{C} \oplus \mathbb{C} \quad k \text{ odd}$$

$$0 \subset W_0 = W_1 \subset W_2 = W_3 \subset W_4 = W_5 \subset W_6$$

$$NW_2 \subset W_{2-2}$$



$$N^3 e_0' = e_0, \quad N e_i' = e_i \quad 1 \leq i \leq b.$$

$$0 \leq k \leq 3 \quad \forall s \in D^0$$

$$X_s = \bigoplus_{k=0}^3 W_{2k,2}$$

Hodge fil. & weight fil
 $\mathcal{F}^p \cap W_k = \text{complemental}$

$$N e_0 = 0, \quad N e_i = a_i e_0 \quad a_i \in \mathbb{Q}$$

$$T_1 e_0 = e_0, \quad T_1 e_i = e_i + a_i e_0$$

$$g_0(z) = \int_{\gamma_0} w(s) \in \mathcal{O}_{D^0} \quad | \text{form}$$

$$w_i \in \mathbb{Z} \quad w_i' = a_i \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$w \in P(D, k \neq 0)$$

$$g_i(z) = \int_{\gamma_i} w(s)$$

$$g_i(\exp(2\pi i)z) = g_i(z) + a_i g_0(z)$$

flat coordinate

$$t_i = \frac{m_i g_i(z)}{g_0(z)} \quad t_i(\exp(2\pi i)z) = t_i + m_i \frac{0}{z}$$

$$\delta_i = \exp(2\pi i F(t_i)) \quad \delta_i \text{ is monodromy } z \rightarrow iz$$

$$D \rightarrow D^n \quad z_1, \dots, z_n \quad \theta_i = \frac{z}{z_i}$$

$$\Phi(z_1, \dots, z_n)(\theta_1, \theta_2, \theta_k) \quad \text{B-model prepotential}$$

$$= \int_{X_g} \mathcal{D}\theta_i \mathcal{D}\theta_j \mathcal{D}\theta_k \omega(s) \wedge \omega(s) \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow$$

(g_1, \dots, g_b)

$$n = b = h^{2,1}(X_g) = \# \text{ of } X_g \text{ complex moduli}$$

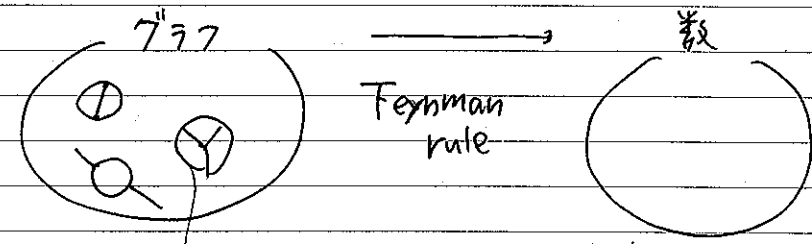
加藤 晃史 A

線形代数と Hopf 代数 I

Connes - Kreimer CMP

点粒子の場の理論

category TQFT



粒子の相互作用

確率

量子場の理論

Well def z' to 11

ill-defined

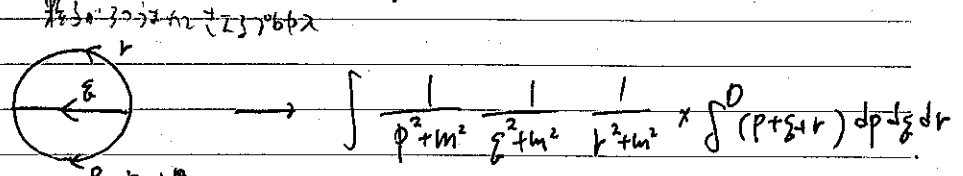
loop z f diagram \rightarrow 数 \rightarrow 発散あり!

点 \leftarrow g : 結合定数 Flat str. の秩序?

edge \leftarrow propagator $\int \frac{e^{ip \cdot x}}{p^2 + m^2} dp$

rem $\left(-\sum_{i=1}^D \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i^2} + m^2 \right) G(x) = \delta^D(x)$

Klein-Gordon op. $m=0$ のときは波動方程式



P: 運動量

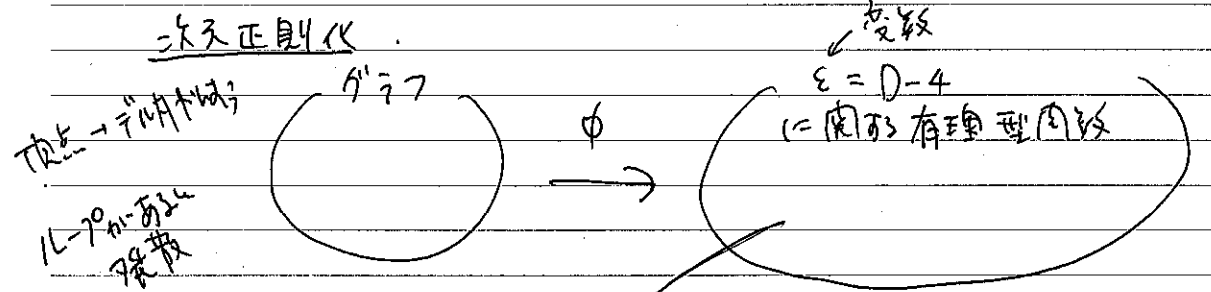
数が多い場合は発散あり

$D=4$ の log 発散

$\int_{\mathbb{R}^D} \frac{d^D p}{(p^2 + m^2)^2}$: 発散

c.f. $(1 + 1 + \dots) = -\frac{1}{z} \leftarrow \zeta(z)$
 $\zeta(s) = \int \frac{1}{n^s}$ Res $\gg 0$ 解析的

4次元で $\epsilon = D-4$ の有理型関数



$\int \frac{d^D p}{(2\pi)^D} \frac{1}{(p^2 + m^2)^2} = \frac{S_{D-1}}{(2\pi)^D} \int_0^\infty \frac{p^{D-1} dp}{(p^2 + m^2)^2} = \frac{S_{D-1}}{(2\pi)^D} m^{D-4} \int_0^\infty \frac{z^{D-1} dz}{(z^2 + 1)^2}$

$\epsilon = 0$ の時 発散する
 $\epsilon = 0$ 以上 有限

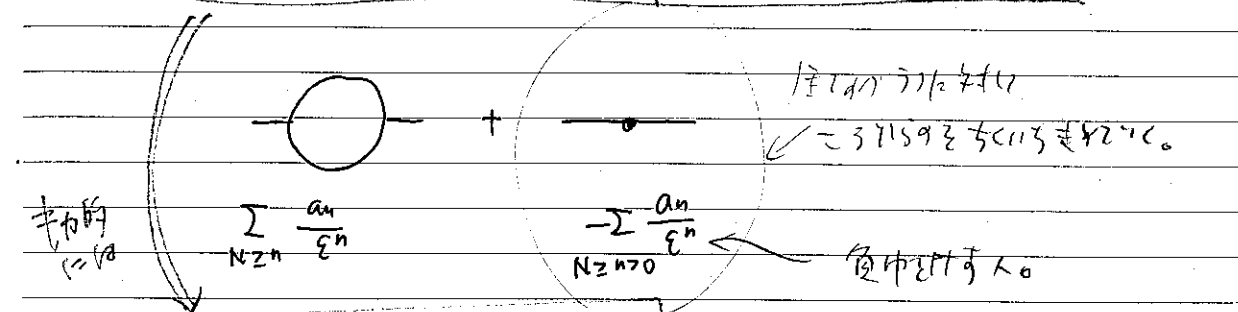
$p = mz$ m : 無次元 $\frac{\Gamma(\frac{D}{2}) \Gamma(-\frac{D}{2} + 1)}{2}$

$D=4$ の ϵ の発散 $\epsilon = 0$ の時 $\zeta(1)!$
 $D=3, 9, 99, \dots$ の時 $\zeta(1)$ は有限

$\Gamma \rightarrow \phi(\Gamma) = \frac{a_n}{\epsilon^n} + \dots + \frac{a_1}{\epsilon} + a_0 + a_{-1} \epsilon + \dots$

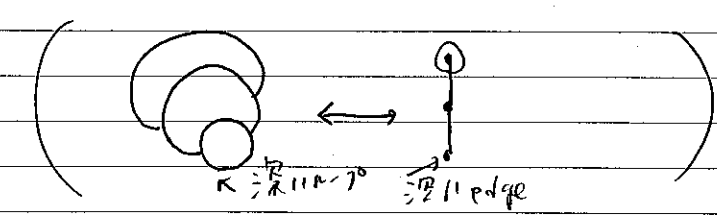
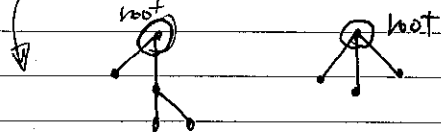
$\epsilon \rightarrow 0$ の極限がある
 場の理論の発散を消す
 $D=4$ の時 $\epsilon = 0$ の時 $\zeta(1)$ は有限

C-K: $\langle 1 |$ の操作は Hopf 代数の言葉で表せる。



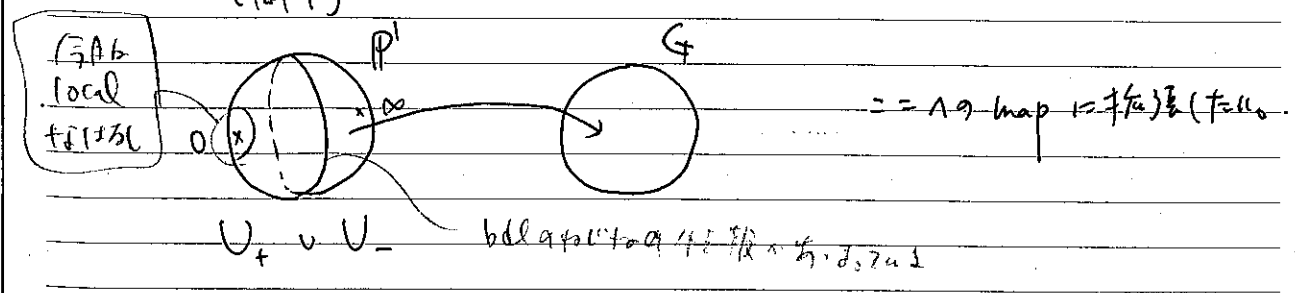
V. bdl の Birkhoff 分解

- 目次:
- ① Hopf 代数
 - ② Rooted trees の Hopf 代数
 - ③ 場の理論の $\langle 1 |$ の関係



Birkhoff 分解

$\gamma: S^1 \rightarrow G: \text{Lie group}$ $\leftarrow \gamma = 1$ の場合 $\zeta(1)$ は有限



Q: $\exists? \gamma_+ : U_+ \rightarrow G$: hol map
 $\exists? \gamma_- : U_- \rightarrow G$: "
 s.t. $\gamma_-(z) \gamma_+(z) = \gamma(z)$
 on $z \in U_+, U_-$ \equiv 解 exists

A: Yes $\gamma_-(a) = 1$ 6 可及 unique.

§ Hopf 代数

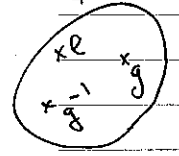
motivation: 例 G : 有限群 $\rightarrow H = \text{Map}(G, \mathbb{C})$
 (代数同态) $\rightarrow H = \text{Map}(G, \mathbb{C})$
 $(f_1 + f_2)(x) = f_1(x) + f_2(x)$
 $1(x) = 1$
 单位元 \rightarrow 可逆元 \leftarrow 集合 \rightarrow 性质

G の群構造を反映するとは?

Coalgebra $\Delta : H \rightarrow H \otimes H$: coproduct (余積)
 \downarrow
 (体 \rightarrow 代数) \rightarrow (2体 \rightarrow 代数)
 $f : \text{Map}(G, \mathbb{C}) \otimes \text{Map}(G, \mathbb{C})$
 \downarrow
 $\text{Map}(G \times G, \mathbb{C})$

$(\Delta f)(g_1, g_2) := f(g_1 g_2)$

$S : H \rightarrow H$: antipode (对合射) \rightarrow nonlocal
 \downarrow \downarrow
 $f \mapsto Sf$
 $(Sf)(g) = f(g^{-1})$
 \rightarrow 非可換



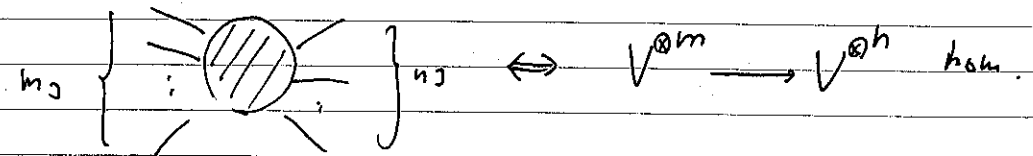
$\epsilon : H \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$: counit
 \downarrow \downarrow
 $f \mapsto f(\epsilon)$

$H = \text{Map}(G, \mathbb{C})$ \leftarrow alg $\left[\begin{array}{l} x, +, 1 \\ \Delta, \epsilon \end{array} \right] S$
 \leftarrow coalg

\rightarrow finite Hopf algebra

Def: 公理を "絵" で表す

\rightarrow の流れ \Rightarrow
 積 \rightarrow $x \cdot y$: 積
 絵で表されるのは k 上 linear map



基本演算

積 $\rightarrow H \otimes H \rightarrow H$

余積 $\leftarrow H \rightarrow H \otimes H$

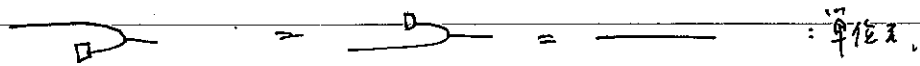
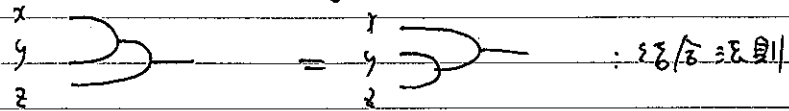
单位元 $(k \rightarrow H \text{ 元素}) \rightarrow$

counit $\rightarrow H \rightarrow k$

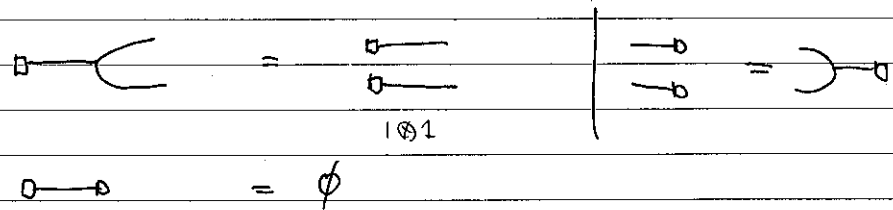
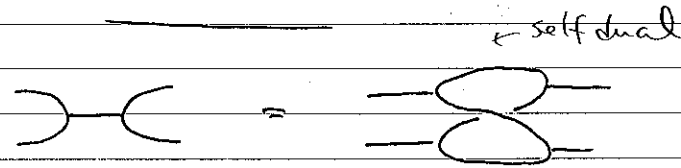
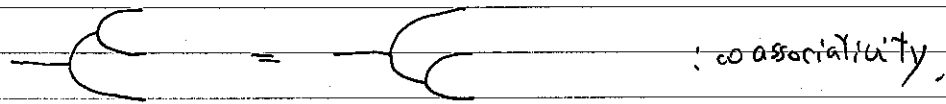
S : antipode $\rightarrow S : H \rightarrow H$

① 公理 T=3

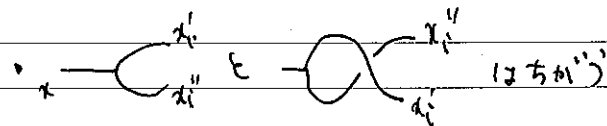
★ $(H, \cdot, 1)$ の alg.



★ (H, Δ, ε) の co alg.

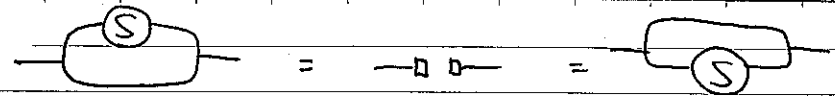


rem. \cdot と Δ は 互換的 (compatible)



$\Delta(x) = \sum x_i' \otimes x_i'' \neq \tau \cdot \Delta(x)$

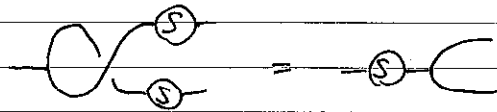
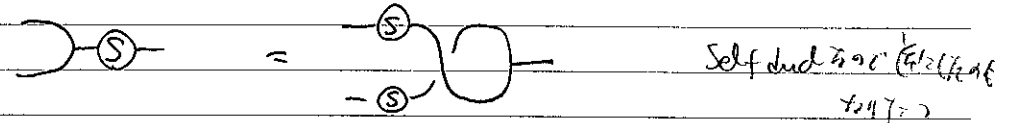
$\tau: H \otimes H \rightarrow H \otimes H \quad x \otimes y \rightarrow y \otimes x$



例 $f \rightarrow (\Delta f)(g_1, g_2)$
 $\rightarrow f(g_1^{-1} g_2) = f(e) = f(e) \cdot 1$

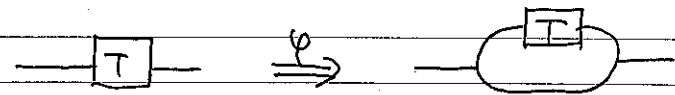
② S は alg. anti hom

$S(xy) = S(y)S(x)$

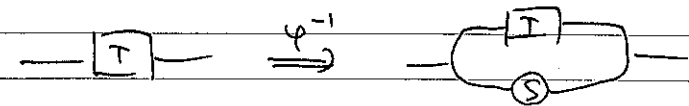


Lemma $\Psi: \text{End}(H) \rightarrow \text{End}(H)$

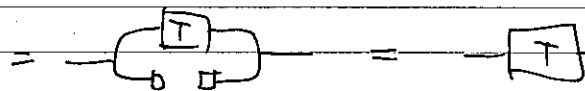
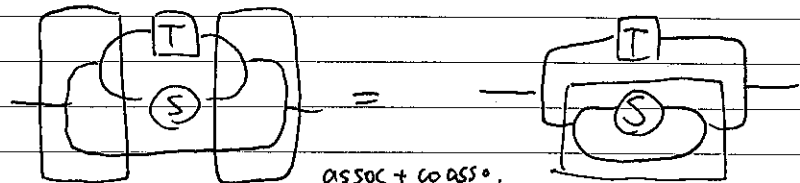
$\Psi \quad \downarrow \quad \Psi(\tau)$



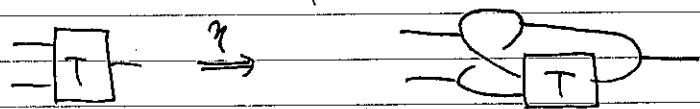
Ψ は def 通り Ψ は 可逆 2".



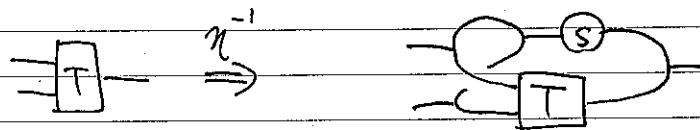
$\Psi \cdot \Psi^{-1} = \text{id}$ である (可逆性) (self-inverse)



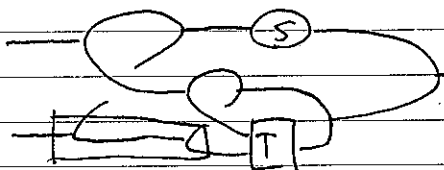
Lemma $\eta : \text{Hom}(H^{\otimes 2}, H) \xrightarrow{\psi} \text{def}$



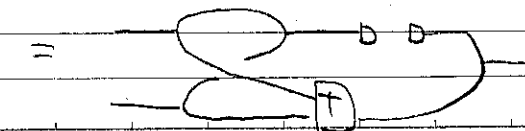
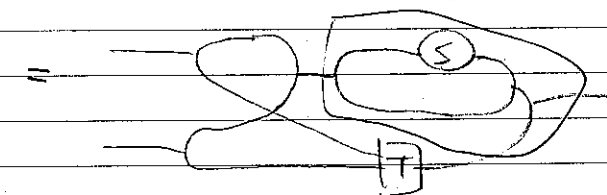
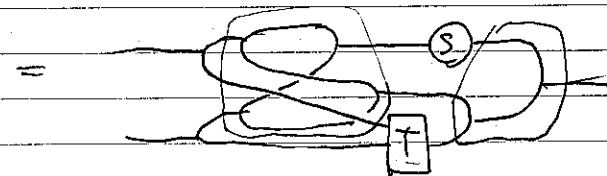
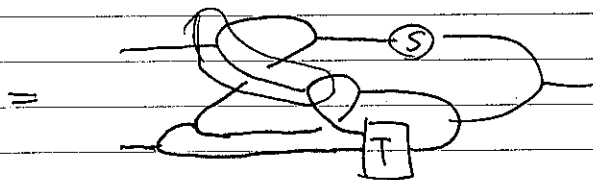
⇐ とき η ∈ 可逆.



⊙ η⁻¹ ∘ η = id を示す

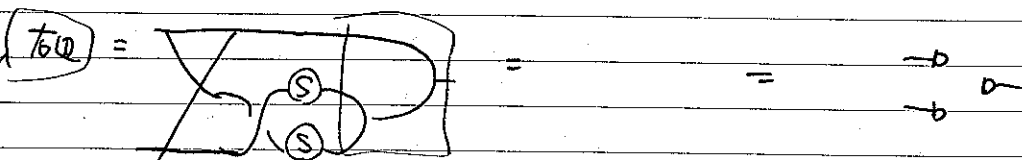
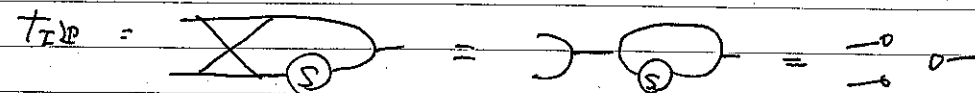


Co prod を用いて



Prop. $S(xy) = S(y)S(x)$, $S(1) = 1$

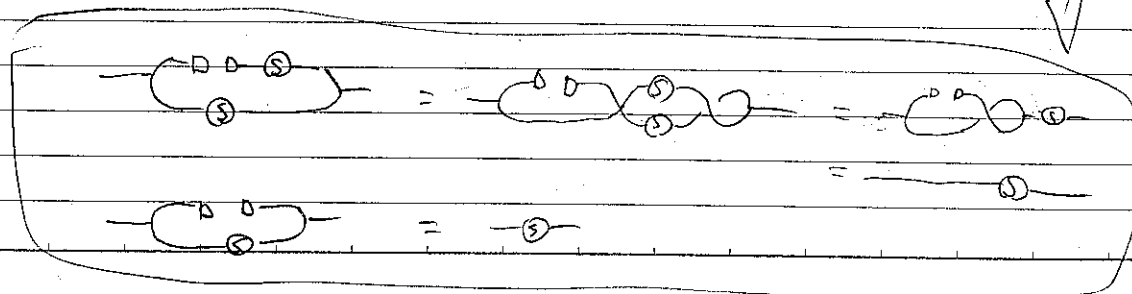
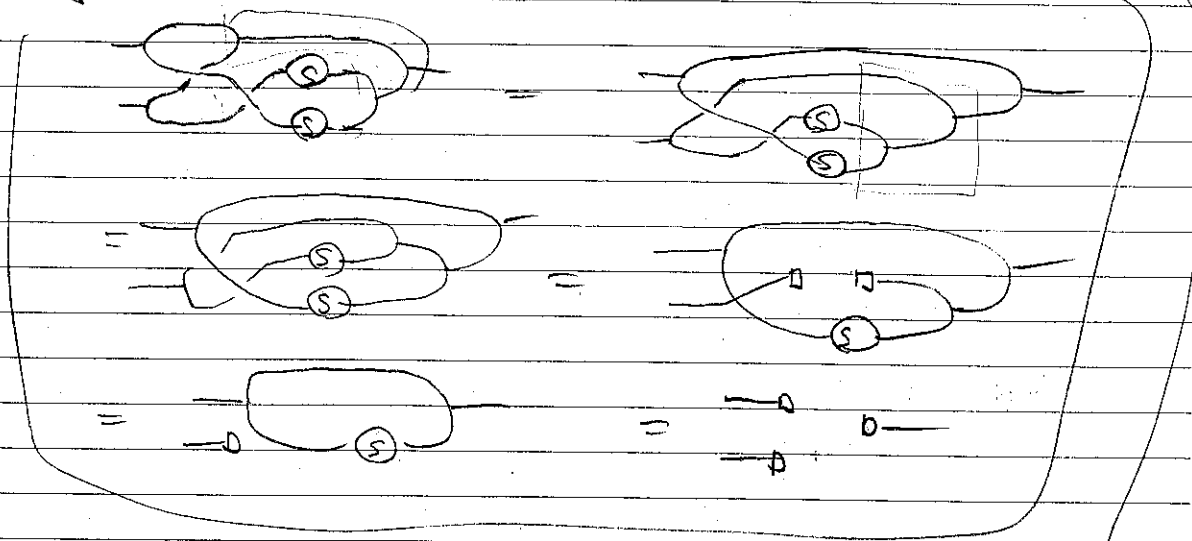
⊙ $\eta(\text{---} \circlearrowleft \text{---}) = \eta(\text{---} \circlearrowright \text{---})$ を示す



• $S(1) = 1$ は $\otimes \in \mathbb{Z}$ の場合を示す

$\text{---} \circlearrowleft \text{---} = \text{---} \text{---}$ を示す

$\psi(\text{---}) = \psi(\text{---})$ を示す



原始形式と佐相の場の理論入門 I

Introduction

Mirror Symmetry 90年 → Candelas et al

M: CY 3fold (cubic) → M': mirror w/ CY 3-fold.
sit. $H^2(M, \mathbb{C}) \times H^2(M, \mathbb{C}) \rightarrow H^1(M', TM') \times H^1(M', TM')$
 $H^4(M, \mathbb{C}) \rightarrow H^2(M', \lambda TM')$

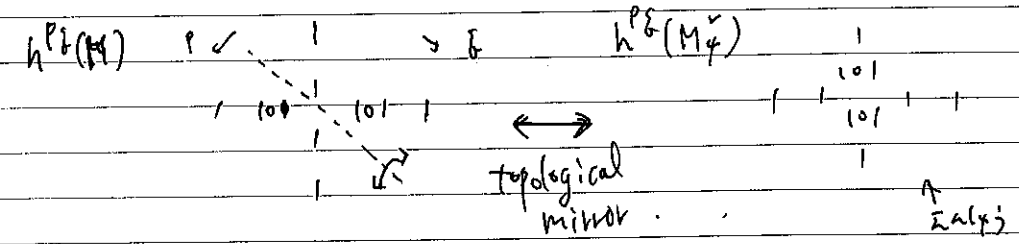
Def of cup prod by
" # of P^1 in M " depend on complexified kahler class
" # of P^1 in M " depend on complexified kahler class

sheaf cohomology of \mathbb{Z} -torsion
(period $z = z + 2\pi i$)

$M: \{5x^2 = 0\} \subset P^4$

$M' := \{x_1^5 + \dots + x_5^5 - 5\psi x_1 \dots x_5 = 0\} / \mathbb{Z}_5$ Crepant resol

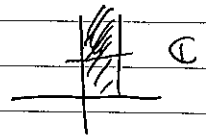
Hodge diamond.



Kähler

$t_k \in U_{large} \subset K \subset M : M$ compactified Kähler w/ d.

$\{t_k \in \mathbb{C} | \text{Im } t_k \gg 0\}$



$\int_M (H^0 \otimes H) \cup H = 5 + \eta_1 \frac{z}{1-z} + \eta_2 \cdot 2^3 \frac{z^2}{1-z^2} + \dots$
 $H^2(M, \mathbb{C}) = \mathbb{C}H$
 $(= \pi \int \omega_1 \cup \omega_2 = 5 \cdot \text{pt}(M))$

M' z -period $2\pi i$ $F_4 := x_1^5 + \dots + x_5^5 - 5\psi x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5$

$\Omega_4 := \text{Res}_{F_4=0} \frac{\psi \sum_{i=1}^5 (-1)^i dx_i \wedge dx_1 \wedge \dots \wedge \widehat{dx}_i \wedge \dots \wedge dx_5}{F_4}$ hol 3-form

(Griffiths-Dwork method)
 $z := \psi^5$

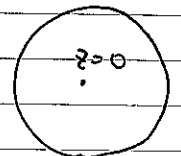
$\int_{M'} \Omega_4 = 0$

$z = 0, 1, \infty$ = sing. orbifold sing.

$z=0$: maximally unipotent monodromy point. $\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ & & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$\Rightarrow (4, 9, \mathbb{Z}) = (\text{hol}_{z=0}, \log z, (\log z)^2, (\log z)^3)$

$\omega_0 := \sum_{n \geq 0} \frac{(5n)!}{(n!)^5} z^n$



$t_c := \frac{\omega_1}{\omega_0}$ flat coordinate.

Complex structure $\Omega^{new} := \frac{\Omega_4}{\omega_0}$

4 independent $\partial_t F, \partial_t^2 F, \partial_t^3 F, 2F - t_c \partial_t F$

微分方程式

$(\partial_t)^4 (C_t^{-1}) (\partial_t)^2 \int \Omega^{new} = 0$

$t = t_c, C_t := (\partial_t)^3 F$

$$\partial_t \left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_t & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right) \quad C_T = \int \Omega \wedge \partial_t^3 \Omega : \text{Yukawa coupling}$$

$$C_t = \int \Omega \wedge \partial_t^3 \Omega$$

主張: C_t is $H^1(M^v, TM^v)$ の積に定まる.
 $H^1(M^v, TM^v) \times H^1(M^v, TM^v) \rightarrow H^2(M^v, \mathbb{A}^1(M^v))$

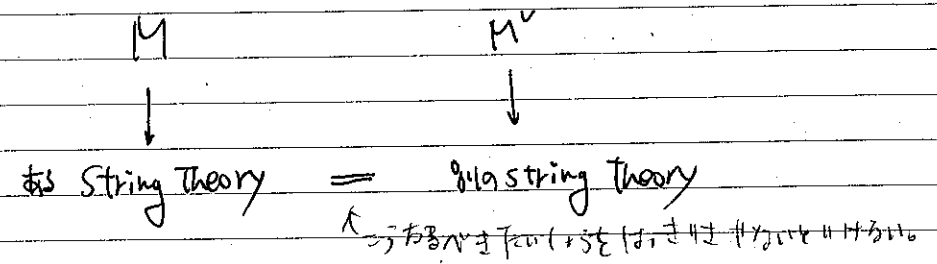
• Cambresis to 59 H: M

$$t_k = t_c, \quad \int_M (H_1 \circ H) \circ H = (\partial_t)^3 F$$

予備: $n_1 = 2835, n_2 = 609250, \dots$

• Givental (G.W inv of $\partial_t F$ 9.9.5)
 mirror period \dots

$\{c_t\} \rightarrow t_c : \leftrightarrow$ flat coordinate
 $\Omega_t \leftrightarrow$ primitive form.



• Full string theory 29a tk 概
 \rightarrow Homological mirror symmetry

• (twisted) $N=2$ string theory 29a tk 概 (M, ω, μ, α)
 \rightarrow Hodge 構造と理論.
 • Topological string theory 29a tk 概
 \rightarrow flat str. primitive form.

Remark: (= \dots lecture review)

HMS of

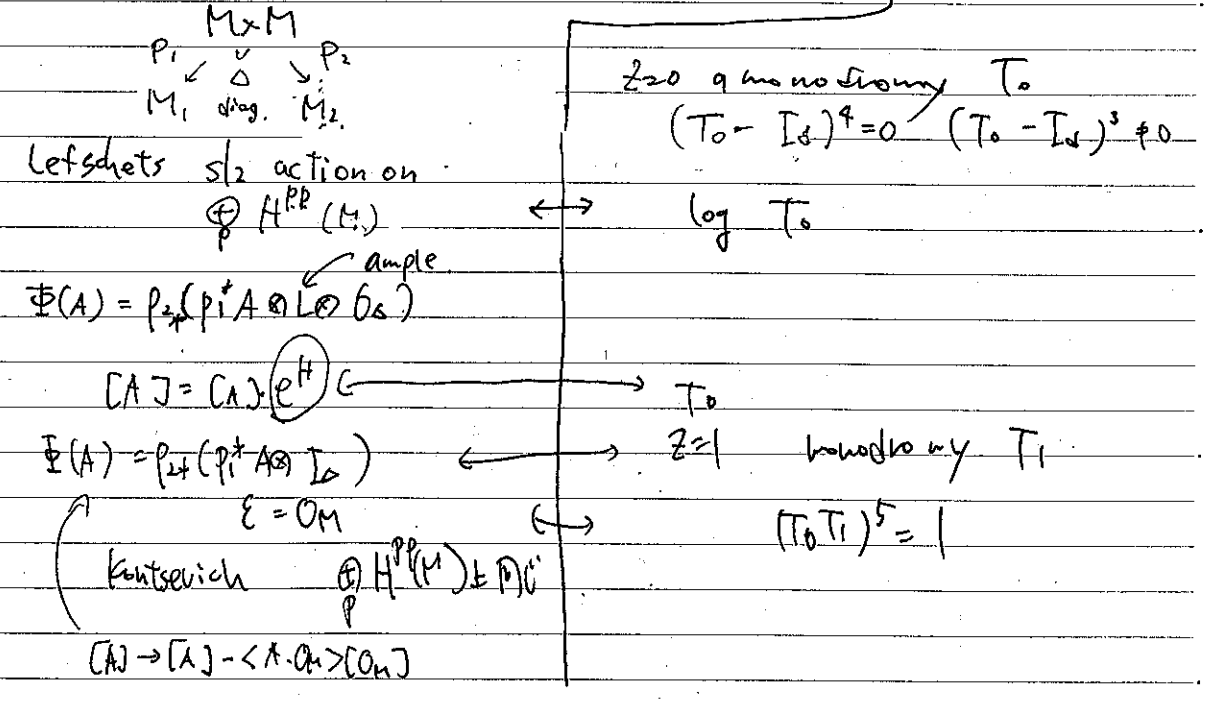
Fourier-Mukai 変換

$$\Phi: D^b(\text{Coh}(M)) \rightarrow D^b(\text{Coh}(M))$$

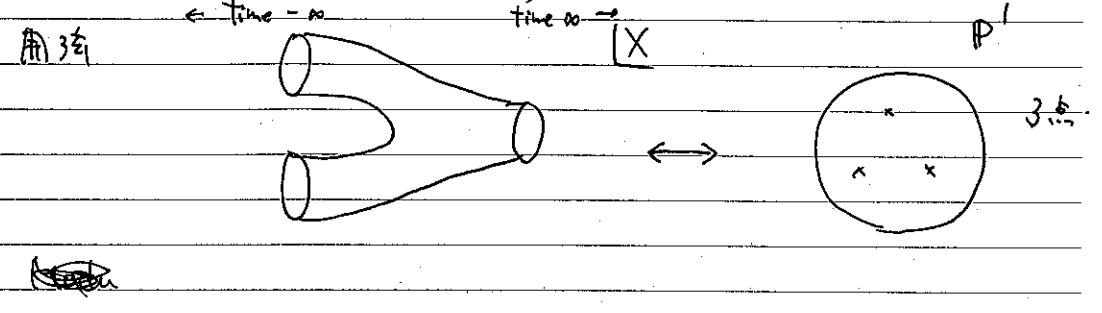
Auto

Chern character

$$\phi: \bigoplus_p H^{p,p}(M) \rightarrow \bigoplus_p H^{p,p}(M)$$



Topological Field theory



Moduli of Stable curve

stable curve of type (g, n) $(C_g, \{x_1, \dots, x_n\})$

\Leftrightarrow def $\cdot C_g$: a connected proj curve of arithmetic genus g with at worst ODP.

$\cdot x_i \in C_g$ smooth $\cdot x_i \neq x_j$ if $i \neq j$

\cdot (stability) normalization of irr. comp. of genus 0 must have at least 3 special pt.

$\bar{M}_{g,n}$: moduli space (stack) of stable curves of type (g, n)

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Thm (Deligne - Mumford)} \\ \bar{M}_{g,n} \text{ is a smooth proper DM stack of dim } 3g-3+n. \end{array} \right.$

Cohomological Field Theory (Coh FT) (Manin)

$V: \mu \rightarrow \bar{\alpha} \bar{\alpha} \subset \text{vect sp} = \bigoplus_{i=1}^n \mathbb{C} \otimes \mathbb{C} \otimes \mathbb{C}$
 $\eta: V \otimes V \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ non-deg sym. bilinear form.

Coh FT on (V, η) is a family of \int_n -equiv \mathbb{C} -linear map $\{I_{g,n}\}$ satisfying.

$I_{g,n}: V^{\otimes n} \rightarrow H^*(\bar{M}_{g,n}, \mathbb{C})$

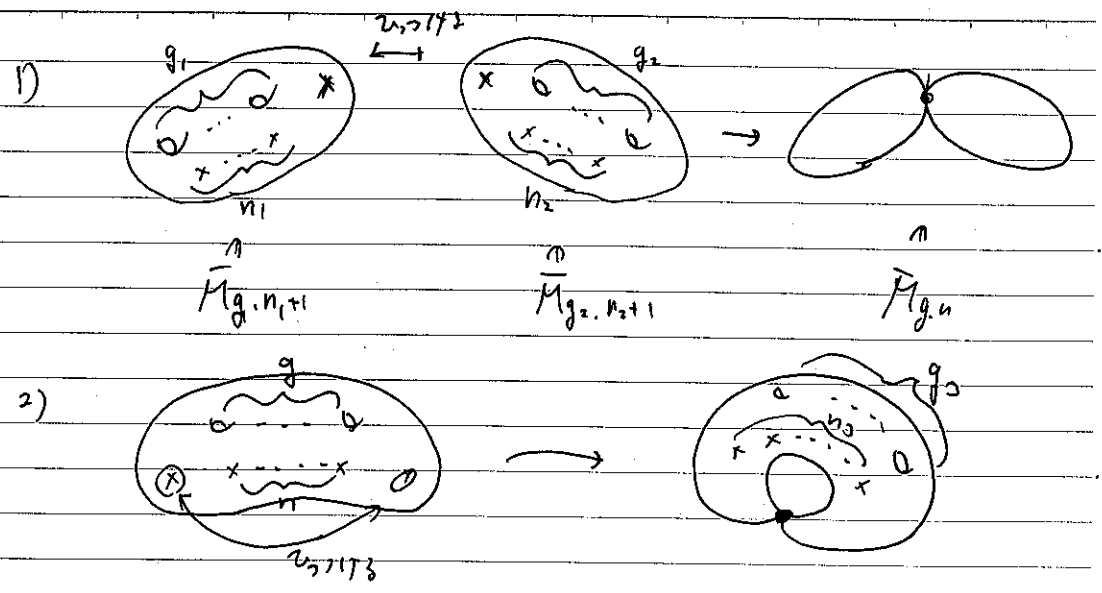
1) $\psi^* I_{g,n}(\tau_1 \otimes \dots \otimes \tau_n) = I_{g_1, n_1+1} \otimes I_{g_2, n_2+1} \left(\bigotimes_{i \in S_1} \tau_i \otimes \Delta \otimes \bigotimes_{j \in S_2} \tau_j \right)$

$\sigma = \{(1, \dots, n)\} = S_1 \sqcup S_2 \quad \Delta = \sum_{i,j=1}^n \tau_i \otimes \tau_j$

$\psi: \bar{M}_{g_1, n_1+1} \times \bar{M}_{g_2, n_2+1} \rightarrow \bar{M}_{g,n}$

2) $\psi^* I_{g,n}(\tau_1 \dots \tau_n) = I_{g_1, n_1+2}(\tau_1 \dots \tau_n \otimes \Delta)$

???



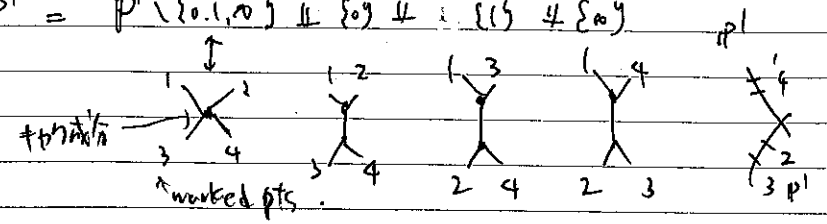
Remark: $\{T_{0,n}\} \cong \mathbb{P}^1 \setminus \{0,1,\infty\}$. $g=0$ bar $n=2$ $2/12$ $T_{0,2}$?

Thm (—)

- ① $\bar{M}_{g,0,n}$ is a irred. smooth. proj. variety.
- ② $\bar{M} \ni \bar{C}_{0,n} \rightarrow M_{0,n}$: universal family.
- ③ $M_{0,n}$ has stratification by graphs.

Example

$\bar{M}_{0,3} = \{\text{pt}\} \quad \bar{C}_{0,3} = \mathbb{P}^1 \quad (\mathbb{P}^1 \setminus \{0,1,\infty\})$
 $\bar{M}_{0,4} = \mathbb{P}^1 = \mathbb{P}^1 \setminus \{0,1,\infty\} \sqcup \{0\} \sqcup \{1\} \sqcup \{\infty\}$



$$\bar{C}_{0,4} = \{ (a_0: a_1, x_0: x_1: x_2) \in \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^2 \mid a_0 x_0 x_1 - (a_0 - a_1) x_1 x_2 - a_1 x_0 x_2 = 0 \}$$

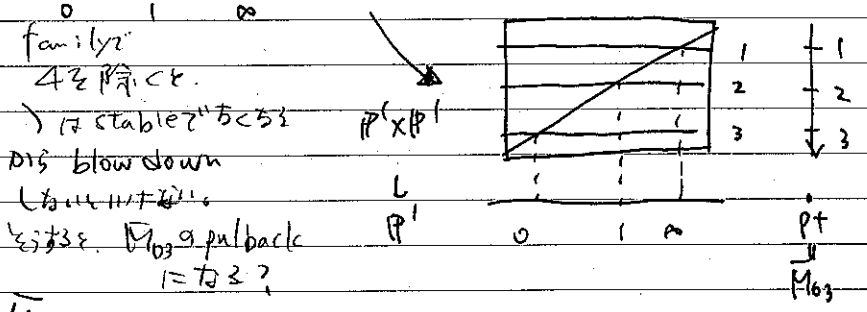
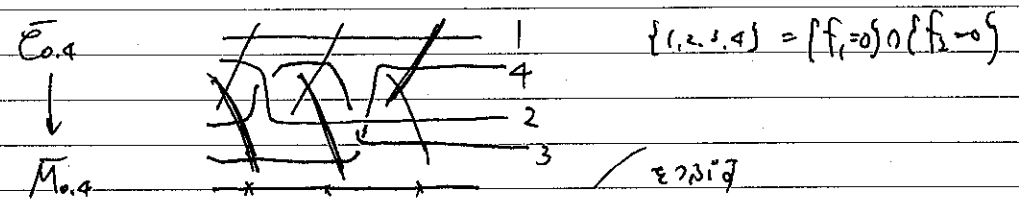
$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$$

$$\bar{M}_{0,4} = \{ (a_0: a_1) \} = \mathbb{P}^1$$

$$\begin{aligned} (a_0: a_1) =_0 (1: 0) & \quad x_0 x_1 - x_1 x_2 = 0 \\ & \rightarrow (1: 1) \quad x_0 x_1 - x_0 x_2 = 0 \\ & \rightarrow (0: 1) \quad x_1 x_2 - x_0 x_2 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\bar{C}_{0,4} \text{ is } \mathbb{P}^2 \text{ a } 4\text{-fold blow up}$$

$$a_0(x_1 x_2 - x_0 x_2) + a_1(x_0 x_2 - x_0 x_1) = 0$$



family of curves
4 points
is stable? bc 3
dis blow down
blow up
family of curves
exists. $M_{0,3}$ pullback
is it 3?

$$\bar{M}_{0,n+1} \rightarrow \bar{M}_{0,n}$$

$$(C, a_1, \dots, x_n, x_{n+1}) \mapsto (C^{stab}, \{x_1, \dots, x_n\})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{M}_{0,n+1} & \rightarrow \bar{C}_{0,n} \\ \text{Si } \bar{M}_{0,n} & \rightarrow \bar{M}_{0,n+1} \end{aligned}$$

$(\{I_{0,n}\}_{n \geq 0}, (V, \eta))$ Coh FT

$$\Phi := \sum_{n \geq 0} \frac{1}{n!} \int_{[\bar{M}_{0,n}]} I_{0,n}(\sigma^{0,n}) \quad \gamma = \sum_{i=1}^M t^i \gamma_i$$

(potential)

$V \otimes \mathbb{C} \langle t^1, \dots, t^M \rangle / \mathbb{F} \otimes \mathbb{C} \langle t^1, \dots, t^M \rangle$

$$F_i = F_j = \sum_{k=1}^M C_{ij}^k t^k \quad C_{ij}^k := \partial_i \partial_j \partial_k \Phi$$

$$C_{ij}^k := \sum_{l=1}^M \partial_l C_{ij}^k$$

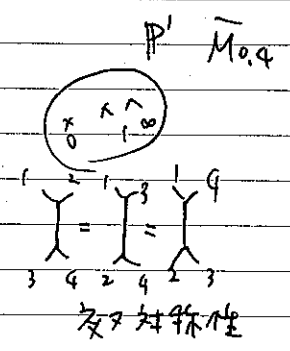
Thm (Kontsevich-Manin)

• : associative

Remark: associativity $\neq \Phi$ 2'out $t \in \mathbb{C}$
 \Rightarrow WDVV - eq $t \neq \mathbb{C}$

$$\bar{M}_{0,n} \rightarrow \bar{M}_{0,4}$$

collation [a]
guts t^1, t^2, t^3 2'c 3?
 \uparrow
 $\mathbb{C} \langle t^1, t^2, t^3 \rangle$



$(g=0$ and reconstruction \rightarrow 3'c 3' (Manin))

• reconstruction, $t \in \mathbb{C}$

$$(\tilde{\Phi}, (V, \eta))$$

$$\mathbb{C} \langle t^1, \dots, t^M \rangle \rightarrow \mathbb{C} : \mathbb{F}$$

associative $\Rightarrow \exists \{I_{0,n}\}_{n \geq 0} \quad \tilde{\Phi} = \tilde{\Phi}$ up to 2'c 3'

\uparrow
Coh FT associativity

D-11-1 数学 III

- Stability, Calibration etc.

Stability: (E.P.)-S' : vect. bdl with conn.
flat holonomy $\in GL(n, \mathbb{C})$
 $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{D}) = A$

$$\text{Aut}(E) = \{ g: E \rightarrow E \mid \text{同型} \}$$

$$\exists g \quad g^* \mathcal{D} = \mathcal{D}' \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{D}) \sim U^{-1} \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{D}') U \quad U \in GL(n, \mathbb{C})$$

$\{ E \in \text{conn} \} / \text{Aut } E = GL(n, \mathbb{C}) / \sim$
Jordan 標準形
quot. top is \mathbb{R} (Hausdorff 性)

$$\begin{pmatrix} t^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a & 1 \\ & a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} t & \\ & t^{-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & t^{-2} \\ & a \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{t \rightarrow 0} \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & a \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & 1 \\ 0 & a \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & a \end{pmatrix}$$

$E_0 \text{ conn } \text{is stable} \Leftrightarrow_{\text{def}} \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{D}) \text{ is diagonalizable}$

Stable conn moduli = $\{ \text{Jordan 標準形} \} / \text{conj} = (\mathbb{C}^*)^k / \text{同型}$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a & 1 \\ & a \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{D}) = A$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & \rightarrow & E_1 & \rightarrow & (E, \mathcal{D}) & \rightarrow & E_2 \rightarrow 0 & \text{split case} \\ & & \binom{1}{0} & & | & & \mathbb{R}^2 / \binom{1}{0} & \downarrow t \rightarrow 0 \end{array}$$

$$0 \rightarrow E_1 \rightarrow E_1 \oplus E_2 \rightarrow E_2 \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{split.}$$

- $E \rightarrow I : I: (1, 2, \dots, n) \quad rk E = 2$

* E_0 stable $\Leftrightarrow \forall E_i \subset E$ sub
 $c_1(E_i) < \frac{c_1(E)}{2}$ $\leftarrow \Sigma \text{ cplx str}$
 $\leftarrow \text{Fuchsian}$

Thm. (Serre) : stable bdl \Leftrightarrow flat conn.

- $E \rightarrow M^2$: complex surface 2×2 metric
 ω : Kähler form. metric is Riemannian

* E_0 stable $\Leftrightarrow \forall E \subset E$ sub sheaf
 $\int \frac{c_1(E) \wedge \omega}{rk E} < \int \frac{c_1(E) \wedge \omega}{rk E}$

Thm. (Donaldson) : E stable \Rightarrow Einstein-Hermitian connection

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{(5)} \\ \uparrow \\ E_0 \text{ hol str.} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \nabla : P(E) \rightarrow P(E) \otimes \Lambda^1 \\ \nabla = \nabla^{(0,0)} \oplus \nabla^{(0,1)} \\ \nabla^{(0,1)} : P(E) \rightarrow P(E) \otimes \Lambda^{0,1} \\ \nabla^{(0,1)} = \bar{\partial} \end{array}$$

$$F^D \in \text{End}(E) \otimes \Lambda^{1,1} \quad D^2 = F^D$$

$$\text{curvature} \quad \text{cur } F^D = c \omega^2$$

$$E-H \quad \int F_{i\bar{j}a}^* = c \int \omega_a^b$$

• E : hol v.bdl.
 $\{D \mid D^{(0,1)} = \bar{\partial}\} \xleftarrow{\cong} \mathbb{R}^2$
 \downarrow
 $\text{Aut}(E)$

$\text{Aut}(E) \subset \{h: E \text{ is a hermitian metric}\}$
 D is h -compatible $\iff \chi h(Y, Z) \in h(DX, Z) + h(Y, DZ)$

$\forall h, \exists D \begin{cases} \cdot D \text{ is } h\text{-compatible} \\ \cdot D^{(0,1)} = \bar{\partial} \end{cases}$

$g: E \rightarrow E: \mathbb{R}^2 \text{ isom}$
 $h(gX, gY) = h^2(X, Y)$
 $h \mapsto h^2$

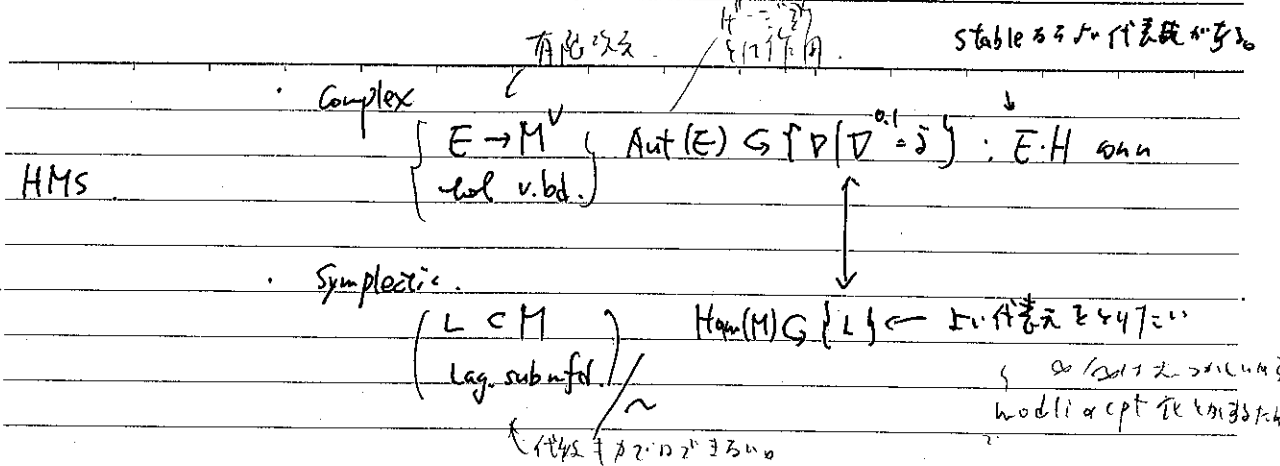
$\text{Aut}(E) \subset \{h\} = \{D \mid D^{(0,1)} = \bar{\partial}\}$
 transitive

• hol. str $\neq \bar{\partial}$
 $\{D \mid (D^{0,1})^2 = 0\} \supset \text{Aut}(E)$
 $\{D \mid (D^{0,1})^2 = 0\} / \text{Aut}(E) = E \text{ is a hol. str. moduli}$
 $\implies \text{高次元} \implies \text{stable moduli}$

各 orbit M is 代表元 $\in \mathcal{E} \cap U = u$

E -H conn (metric) 代表元! \sim (metric \times 代表元) \sim (metric \times 代表元)
 \downarrow
 $\text{Foliation} = \mathcal{C} \cup \{ \omega \}$

\uparrow v.bdl $\omega \in \mathcal{E} \cap \mathcal{U} = u$



$M = T^*N$
 closed 1 form u $u \text{ is } \mathbb{R}^2 \subset T^*N$
 \downarrow
 Lag. submf.

$\text{Ham}(M)$ (M.w.) symplectic wfd
 $f: M \times [0,1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$
 $f_T(t) = f(x, t)$
 $X_{f_T}: M \text{ is a vector field}$

$\omega(X_{f_T}, Y) = (df_T)(Y)$
 X_{f_T} : Hamilton vect. field.

$\varphi_T: M \rightarrow M$ diffeo
 $\varphi_0(x) = x$ $\frac{d}{dt} \varphi_T(x) = X_{f_T}(\varphi_T(x))$

Lag. submf. $\varphi_T^* \omega = \omega$ $\varphi_i: \mathcal{E} \subset \mathcal{E}$ Hamiltonian diffeo.
 $L \subset M$ $\varphi \in \text{Ham}(M)$ $\varphi(L)$ Lag submf

abelian group with
vector space

$$M = T^*N \quad \int \sum_i dx_i$$

$$u: N \hookrightarrow T^*N \quad du = 0$$

$$u \text{ a } \eta \text{ is } \subset T^*N = M$$

L_u is Lag. s.h.f.

$$\exists \varphi \quad \text{Ham}(M) \quad \rho(L_u) = L_V \iff u \cdot V = dF \quad \exists f$$

$$\boxed{\text{Closed 1-form } \eta \text{ is } \subset \text{Ham}(M) = H_{DR}(N)} \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{EH condition} \\ \text{Lag. \#} \\ \downarrow \\ \text{Harmonic 1-form} \\ \text{iff (metric tensor)} \end{array}$$

Hamiltonian

Calibration

M : Riemann mfd.

Ω : M is 1-form.

$$d\Omega = 0 \quad \text{is } \text{vol.}$$

Def Ω is Calibration

$$\iff \forall p \in M.$$

$$\forall V^k \subset T_p M$$

k -dim linear

$$\Omega|_V \leq M \text{ is } \int \Omega \text{ or } \int \text{Vol} \text{ is } \int \text{volume form.}$$

Example

1) M : Kähler ω : Kähler form.

$C_k \omega^{k/2}$ is Calibration Wirtinger inequality.

$$V^k \subset T_p M \quad \omega^{k/2}|_V \leq C_k (g|_V \text{ vol. form})$$

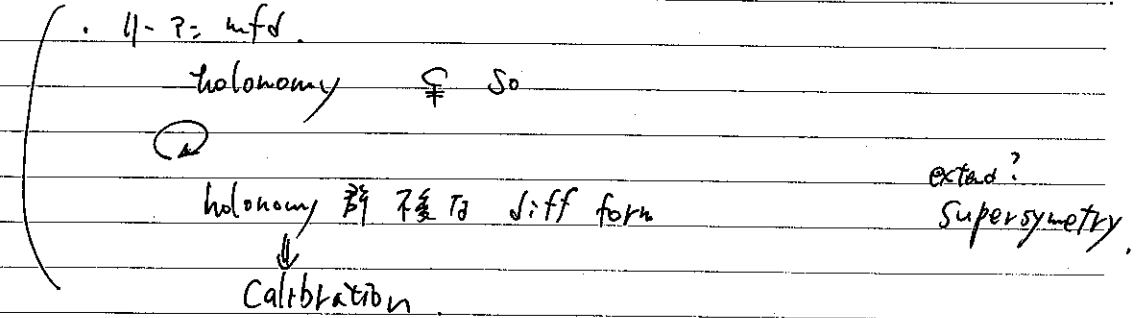
$\iff V \subset T_p M$ cplx linear

2) $M = CY = 3\text{fold}$

M is vol 3 form Ω

$\text{Re}(e^{i\theta} \Omega)$ is Calibration

Calibration



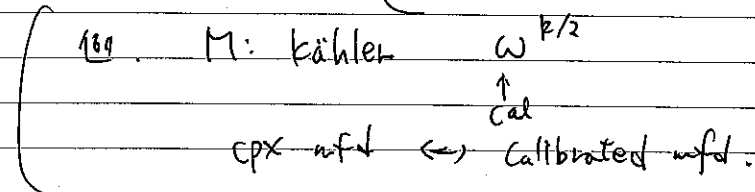
Def Ω_k k -form Calibration

$N^k \subset M$ N is Ω calibrated

Riem. mfd.

$$\iff \Omega|_N = (M, g) \text{ is } N \text{ induce } \int \Omega \text{ metric \& volume form.}$$

(Ω is calibrated $\implies \leq$)



Prop Non-Calibrated smd.

$$[N'] = [N] \text{ homologous}$$

$$\text{Vol}(N) \leq \text{Vol}(N')$$

N is minimal s.h.f.

$$\text{Vol}(N) = \int_N \text{Volume form} = \int_N \Omega = \int_{N'} \Omega \leq \int_{N'} \text{Volume form}$$

Calibration: 20% is calibration \rightarrow Calib 10% is calibration

Calibration \rightarrow self-dual 70%

M^{2n} : Calabi-Yau Ω : holo n-form.

$Re \Omega$ is calibration $= \epsilon_3$.

Lemma $N^n \subset M^{2n}$ is calibrated

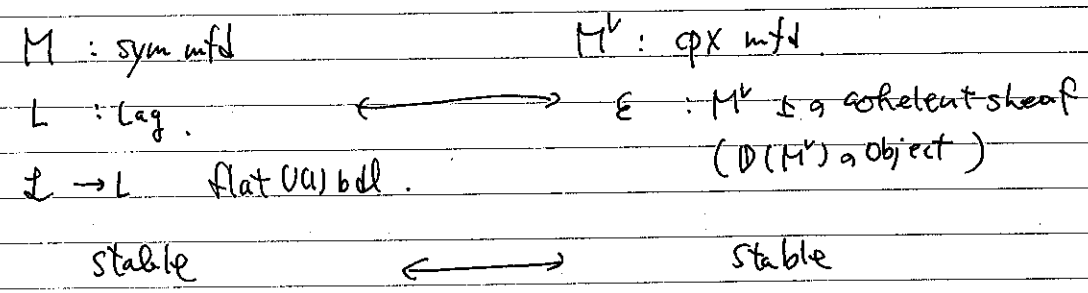
$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \omega|_N = 0 \\ Im \Omega|_N = 0 \end{cases}$
↑
Kähler.

Def N^n special Lag sub

$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \omega|_N = 0 \\ Im \Omega|_N = 0 \end{cases}$ ← SUSY
K symmetry
ε1, ε2, ε3

$L \subset M^{2n}$ is stable \approx 定義 (?)
 stable $\Rightarrow \exists \varphi \in Hom(M)$
 $\varphi(L)$ is Special Lag
Thomas 934 31h.

① HMS の 1/2 場 の 1/2 場 : SYZ a proposal



* \approx 40% \mathbb{R}^n の 1/2 場 M の M^V の 1/2 場 \Rightarrow 見直し $< \delta_0$
(HMS?)

M is a manifold ϵ_3

$p \in M^V$
 ↓
 sky scraper sheaf \mathcal{F}_p

$\mathcal{F}_p(U) = \begin{cases} \mathbb{C} & p \in U \\ 0 & p \notin U \end{cases}$
 is stable

$L_p \rightarrow L_p^n \subset M^{2n}$

L_p Lag. subm $\rightarrow \mathcal{F}_p$

L_p is special Lag sub ϵ_3 .

$HF(L, L') = Ext(E(L), E(L'))$

$HF(L, L) \cong H(L)$ の 量子化

$H^+(L_p) = HF(L_p, L_p)$ is 1/2 場 (245)
 $= Ext(\mathcal{F}_p, \mathcal{F}_p)$
 $= H^+(T^n)$

$p \neq q \Rightarrow Ext(\mathcal{F}_p, \mathcal{F}_q) = 0$

$HF((L_p, \mathcal{L}_p), (L_q, \mathcal{L}_q))$

$L_p = L_q$
 $L = T^n$
 $H(L, Hom(\mathcal{L}_p, \mathcal{L}_q)) = 0$
↑ flat bdl ϵ_3 の 1/2 場

$L_p \cap L_q = \emptyset \Rightarrow HF((L_p, \mathcal{L}_p), (L_q, \mathcal{L}_q))$

結論 : $L_p \cap L_q = \emptyset$ or $L_p = L_q$ (ただし $L_p = \mathcal{L}_q$)

$$M = \bigcup_p L_p \quad \text{disjoint } L_p \text{ SL surf.}$$

$$L_p \subset M \rightarrow B \quad L_p \text{ is fiber } (= \tau^{-1}(b))$$

$$H^*(B) = H(S^n)$$

HM is a vector bundle
 $\exists s: B \rightarrow M$

M^v is str. sheaf \mathcal{O}_{M^v}

$$\text{Ext}^k(\mathcal{O}_{M^v}, \mathcal{O}_{M^v}) = H^{a,p}(M^v) = \begin{cases} \mathbb{C} & p=0, n \\ 0 & p \neq 0, n \end{cases} = H^k(S^n, \mathbb{C})$$

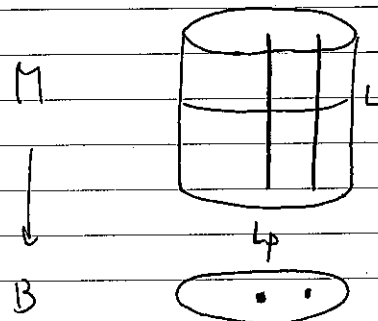
\uparrow
C def

$$L \subset M \text{ s.l.s.}$$

$$H(L) = H(S^n)$$

$$L \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_x$$

$$\begin{aligned} \#(L, L_p) &\stackrel{!}{=} \text{rk HF}(L, L_p) \\ &= \text{rk Ext}(\mathcal{O}_x, \mathcal{F}_p) \\ &= 1 \end{aligned}$$



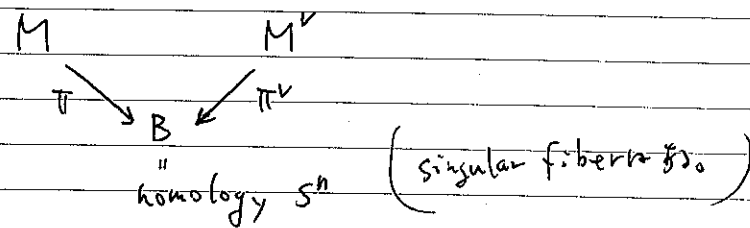
$$\begin{array}{ccc} M & \xrightarrow{\pi} & B \\ \cup & & \\ L & & \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \pi|_L : L \rightarrow B \text{ homeo} \\ \therefore H(L) = H(S^n) \end{array}$$

$\pi|_L \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ is $\pi: M \rightarrow B$ a section

5.12

$$M^v \ni p \mapsto x \in B$$

$$M^v \rightarrow B \text{ map}$$



\exists a fibration $\pi^v: M^v \rightarrow B$

$$x \in B$$

$$p \in \{p \in M^v \mid \pi^v(p) = x\} = \pi^{v^{-1}}(x)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_p \rightarrow \mathcal{L}_p = \pi^{-1}(x)$$

$$p \in \pi^{v^{-1}}(x)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_p \rightarrow \pi^{-1}(x)$$

$$L_x = L_p$$

$$p \neq q \in \pi^{v^{-1}}(x)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_p \neq \mathcal{L}_q$$

$$\pi^{v^{-1}}(x) \subset \{ \mathcal{L} \rightarrow L_x \mid \mathcal{L}: \text{flat } \mathcal{O}(1) \text{ bdl } \}$$

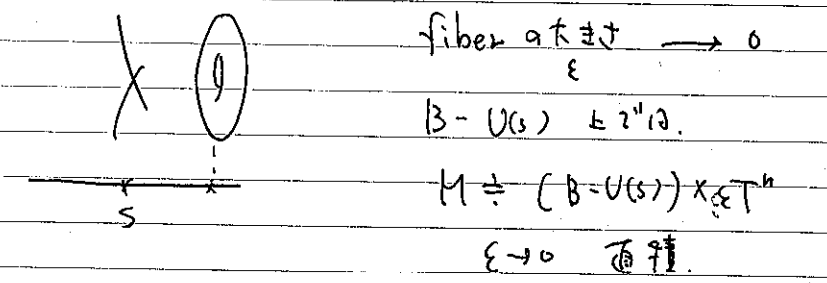
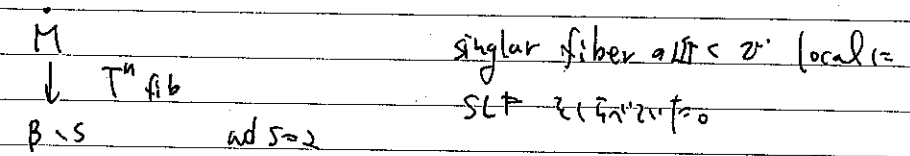
次元が異なる - 一致

$$\pi^{v^{-1}}(x) \text{ is } \pi^{-1}(x) \text{ a dual torus}$$

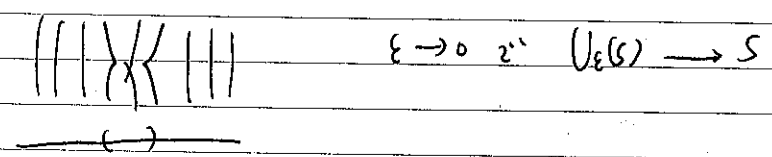
- fiber is SLS
- section
- fiber a torus \Rightarrow dual torus

10月 10日 picture
 実数 \mathbb{R} 上, \mathbb{C} 上, \mathbb{H} 上, \mathbb{O} 上

• Special-Lag fibration \Rightarrow 本質的 = 本質的か? Gross Joyce

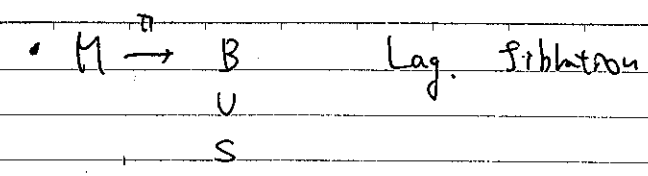


$\varepsilon \in \text{fix.}$ \Rightarrow S の \mathbb{R}^2 上 \Rightarrow SLF は $\mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2$



• Lag-fibration \Rightarrow 全体 \mathbb{R}^2 上
 W.P. Pinam AMS/IP Winter school ---
 Zarkhov alg geom 9806091

$M \subset X'$ toric
 hyper surface
 $M \subset Y$, Lag torus fibration \Rightarrow 作ら



$\mathbb{R}^2 \times S^1 \times \mathbb{R}^2$
 $L_x = \pi^{-1}(x) \quad \rho(L_x)$ SL sub \Rightarrow $\mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2$

$L \rightarrow L_x$ flat $U(U)$

\downarrow
 $p \in M$ の点

\Rightarrow sky scraper sheaf \rightarrow stable

Torus
 \Rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2
 stable

stability \mathbb{Z}

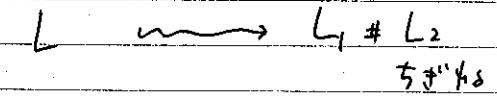
Derived object \Rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 / \mathbb{R}^2

$(\pi\text{-stable} \quad \text{Dey line})$

$(\varepsilon \text{ is not stable} \Rightarrow \pi \neq \dots)$
 \Rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 \Rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2
 stable \Rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 \Rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2
 \Rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 \Rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2

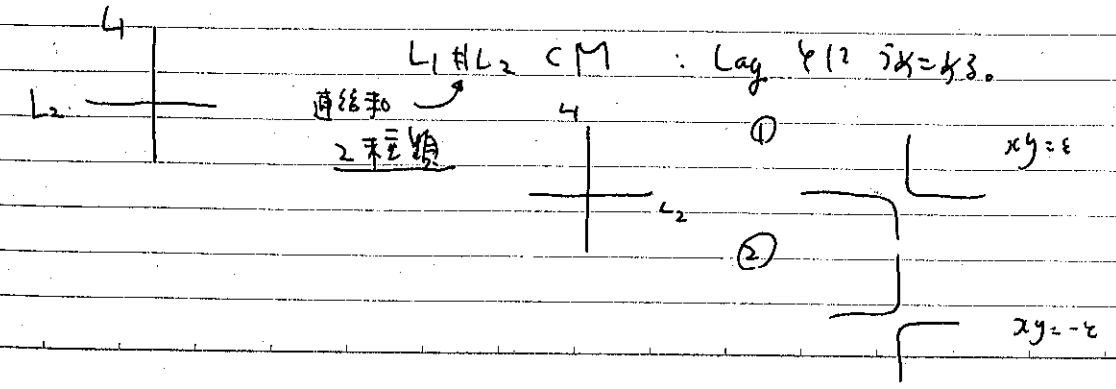
Thomas (Lag stability の提案)

unstable



$L_1, L_2 \subset M$

Lag sub mfd $L_1 \cap L_2 = -\dots$



① $E_1 \rightarrow E \rightarrow E_2$ ② $E_2 \rightarrow E \rightarrow E_1$

• Maslov index.

$\mu: \pi_1(L) \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$
 $C_1 = 0$

$L_1, L_2 \subset \mathbb{R}^2, \mu \equiv 0$

($\mu \equiv 0 \Rightarrow HF$ is \mathbb{Z} graded)
 (special Lag $\neq \mu=0$)

$L_1 \# L_2$ - $\frac{1}{2}L_1, \mu=0$ (if $\mu \neq 0$). $\exists \mu \neq 0, L_1 \# L_2 \in \mathcal{J}_0$.

Conj L' $HF(L', L_1) \rightarrow HF(L', L_2)$
 $\uparrow \quad \downarrow$
 $HF(L', L_1 \# L_2)$ $\xrightarrow{\cong} HF(L', L_2)$

Rem $L_1 = S^1$
 $L_1 \# L_2 = \int_{L_1} L_2$ \times \int_{L_2}

Subspace $E(L_1) \rightarrow E(L_2)$ $L_1 \rightarrow L_2$
 Exact triangle $\uparrow \quad \downarrow$ $\uparrow \quad \downarrow$
 $E(L_1 \# L_2)$ $L_1 \# L_2$

$E \supset E'$ $\mu(E') \subset \mu(E)$

$\mu(E) = \int_{HE} C(E) \wedge \omega^m$ + 量子効果

$\frac{1}{Vol L} \int_L Re(e^{i\theta} \Omega) = \mu(L)$

for $L_1 \# L_2$? \rightarrow stable

slope, sublag \rightarrow "
 \uparrow
 (P. 55)

大山 陽介

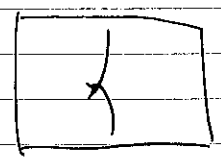
70.1 = 1/2 構造と一般超幾何方程式

70.1 = 1/2 \Leftrightarrow \mathbb{C}/\mathbb{Z} の保存変形

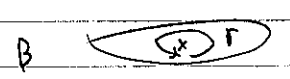
" \mathbb{C}/\mathbb{Z} の保存変形"

• local

→ School での議論



$H^1(F, \mathbb{C}) \cong \mathbb{C}$
 ω は \mathbb{C} の基底
 $\rightarrow \mathbb{C}/\mathbb{Z}$ の



$\int_{\gamma} \omega$

Form \leftrightarrow Picard Fuchs eq.
 $a \in \mathbb{Z} \Rightarrow b \in \mathbb{Z}$?

$D = \frac{d}{dx} - A(x)$ \leftarrow $n \times n$ 行列
 $D\Phi = 0$ \leftarrow x_0 の特異点

$\hat{\Phi} = \Phi^{\mathbb{Z}}$
 \uparrow
 定数行列: (\mathbb{C}/\mathbb{Z}) の行列

• global $t \in \mathbb{C}$ を考える

~~これは~~ $t = (t_1, \dots, t_k) \in \mathbb{C}^k$

$\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{C}^k$
 $(x, t) \downarrow$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{d}{dx} \Phi = A(x, t) \Phi \\ \frac{d}{dt_i} \Phi = B(x, t) \Phi \end{cases} \quad \begin{matrix} (A(x, t) : \text{rat}^d, n \times n) \\ B \quad " \end{matrix}$$

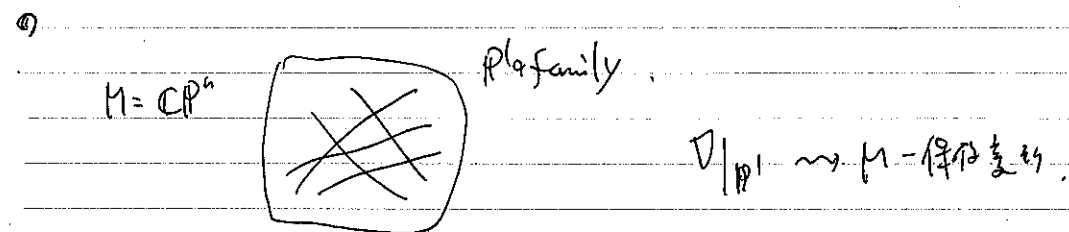
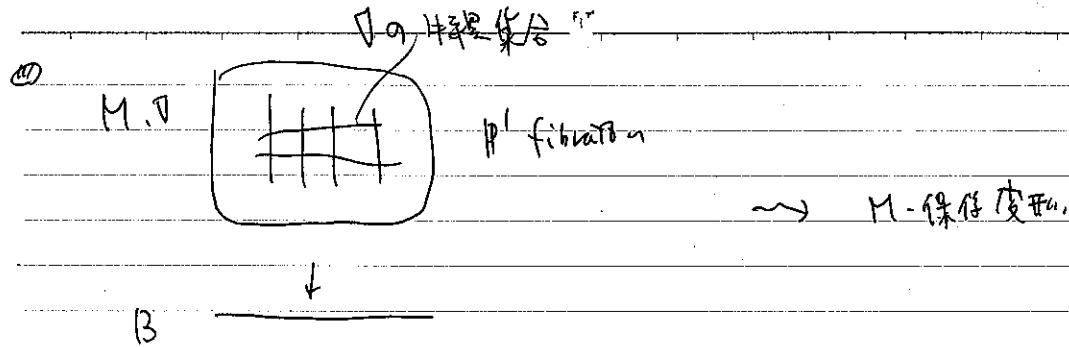
$B = P^{-1} (\sum \dots) P$ 可積分条件は $P^{-1} \rightarrow$ 可積分条件

• compatible (integral)

\Rightarrow t の変形 (A) が \mathbb{C}/\mathbb{Z} の \mathbb{Z} の変形

(Birkhoff, Picard, L. Fuchs)

P^1 の \mathbb{R} 上の束



§2. \mathbb{R}^n 上の構造.

(M, η_{ij} : flat metric, $*$ 積, e . 単位元, ε grading op (grading 変換) with \mathbb{Z} の代数) : Frobenius mfd.

<目標> Frobenius mfd \Leftrightarrow (ある特殊な) P^1 の保存変形

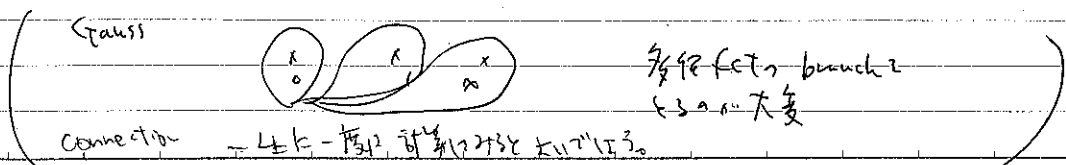
"Okubo の意味" の \mathbb{Z}

$(x-B) \frac{d}{dx} \Phi = A \Phi$

B : 対角行列

2×2 行列 Gauss の意味

\rightarrow P^1 の \mathbb{Z} の計算



Lemma ∇ : flat metric,

$\nabla(z)$: deformed connection,

$\nabla_u(z)V = \nabla_u V + z U \times V \quad z \in \mathbb{C}$

$\nabla_u(z)$ is flat.

* (flat \Leftrightarrow * is associativity) //

⑥ $M \times \mathbb{C}$ の connection ∇ $\nabla(u) = 0$ \leftarrow $\nabla(u) = 0$ の条件

$\nabla: TM \rightarrow TM \otimes \Omega_M, \quad z = M \times \mathbb{C}$

$\tilde{\nabla}: T\mathbb{Z} \rightarrow T\mathbb{Z} \otimes \Omega_{\mathbb{Z}}$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \tilde{\nabla}_u \left(\frac{d}{dz} \right) \\ \tilde{\nabla}_{\frac{d}{dz}} \left(\frac{d}{dz} \right) \end{array} \right.$

$\tilde{\nabla}_u \left(\frac{d}{dz} \right) = 0$

$\tilde{\nabla}_{\frac{d}{dz}} \left(\frac{d}{dz} \right) = \frac{d}{dz} 0$

($\frac{d}{dz}$ の connection matrix $\neq 0$ の \mathbb{Z})

flat connection def $\nabla = 0$.

$\tilde{\nabla}_{\frac{d}{dz}} u = \partial_z(u) + \varepsilon * u + \frac{1}{z} \nabla_u \varepsilon$

命題 $\tilde{\nabla}$ is $M \times \mathbb{C}$ の flat connection.

Rem. η_{ij} : flat metric flat metric

($\leftarrow \rightleftarrows \rightarrow$ "表示".)

Intersection form. \rightarrow new metric $(,)$ is defined.

$(\varepsilon * u, v) := \langle u, v \rangle$ (well def.)

$\rightarrow (,)$ is flat.

$\varepsilon(,)+\langle, \rangle$ is flat $\leftarrow \nabla_z$

Intersection form

$M \times \mathbb{Z}$

(ichikawa 11/16)

2014. 4. 28

* z 方向に制限 (z=0, z=a)

$$\left(\frac{d}{dz} + A + \frac{B}{z}\right)\Phi = 0$$

↑
ε

▽
11 階級

技術的
A = 4j, 1 is distinct

物理的
Thomae の方法
z=0, z=a での展開

z=0 type 0 (⇔ reg. sing.)
z=a type 1 (⇔ Poincaré rank 1)

isomonodromy condition.
⇒ Frob. mfd z 再構成可能 (semi simple)

Frob. algebra

分配性? 3.9?

$$TM \text{ 上 } \langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle \text{ の } \lambda, \mu \text{ の alg.}$$

$$\langle a+b, c \rangle = \langle a, b \rangle + \langle b, c \rangle$$

Frob. alg. on semi simple ⇔ nilpotent element 0 in TM
x^n = 0 ⇒ x = 0
open condition.

Lemma

M: semi simple Frob mfd. (d_i = ∂/∂u_i)
⇒ u = (u_1, ..., u_n) d_i + d_j = δ_ij d_i

Def. u = (u_1, ..., u_n) u ∈ U ⊂ C^n canonical coordinate

Lemma (1) u: canonical coordinate

$$\Rightarrow \varepsilon = \int u_i d_i$$

$$e = \int d_i$$

$$\langle d_i, d_j \rangle = \eta_{ij}(u) \delta_{ij}$$

$$g_{ij} = u^i \eta_{ij}^{-1} \delta_{ij}$$

new metric intersection form

何れが何れか? 2 階級?

(2) u_1, ..., u_n ← (z=0, z=a) の階級

det(g_{ij} - z \eta_{ij}) = 0 の根

(2階) n=3 のとき Painlevé VI の P 係数

0. Darboux-Egoroff coefficient of rotational coefficient

$$\gamma_{ij} = \frac{\partial_j \sqrt{\eta_{ii}}}{\sqrt{\eta_{jj}}} \quad (i \neq j)$$

命題: $\partial_k \gamma_{ij} = \gamma_{ik} \gamma_{kj} \quad (i, j, k \text{ is distinct})$

D-E system: $\left(\sum_{k=1}^n \partial_k \right) \gamma_{ij} = 0 \quad \varepsilon \gamma_{ij} = 0$

$\sum u^k \partial_k \gamma_{ij} = -\gamma_{ij} \quad \varepsilon \gamma_{ij} = -\gamma_{ij}$

(3) D-E は 2 階級の L.D.E の可積分条件

$$\begin{cases} \partial_k \psi_i = \delta_{ik} \psi_k \\ \sum \partial_k \psi_i = 0 \end{cases} \quad (\psi_1, \dots, \psi_n)$$

$$V = [P, U] \quad P = (p_{ij}), \quad U = \text{diag}(u_1, \dots, u_n)$$

p_ii = 0

D-E ⇔ ∂_k V = [V, [E_k, P]] ← 行列の交換

$$E_k = \begin{pmatrix} & & & k \\ & & & -1 \\ & & & \\ & & & \end{pmatrix}$$

n=3

$$S = \frac{u_3 - u_1}{u_2 - u_1} \quad \text{normalize.}$$

↑
P = (1, 1, 1) の場合

$\Omega_i = -V_{jk}$ (i,j,k) is cyclic distinct.

$H := \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\Omega_1^2}{s-1} + \frac{\Omega_2^2}{s} \right]$

$n=3 \Rightarrow D.E. \text{ system}$
 $\Leftrightarrow \frac{d\Omega_i}{ds} = \{\Omega_i, H\}$

$so(3)$ 9 Poisson bracket

$\{\Omega_1, \Omega_2\} = \Omega_3$ (cyclic)

$\frac{d\Omega_1}{ds} = \frac{1}{s} \Omega_2 \Omega_3$
 $\frac{d\Omega_2}{ds} = -\frac{1}{s-1} \Omega_1 \Omega_3$
 $\frac{d\Omega_3}{ds} = -\frac{1}{s(s-1)} \Omega_1 \Omega_2$

$\Omega_1^2 + \Omega_2^2 + \Omega_3^2 = -k^2$

$\Rightarrow P_{\pi} \left(\frac{(1-2k)^2}{2}, 0, 0, \frac{1}{2} \right)$

(P_{π} & Frob. matrix)

$\left(\frac{d}{d\lambda} + A + \frac{B}{\lambda} \right) \Phi = 0$

$\Phi \rightarrow \tilde{\Phi}$
 $A \rightarrow \text{diag} \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ \vdots \\ u_n \end{pmatrix}$

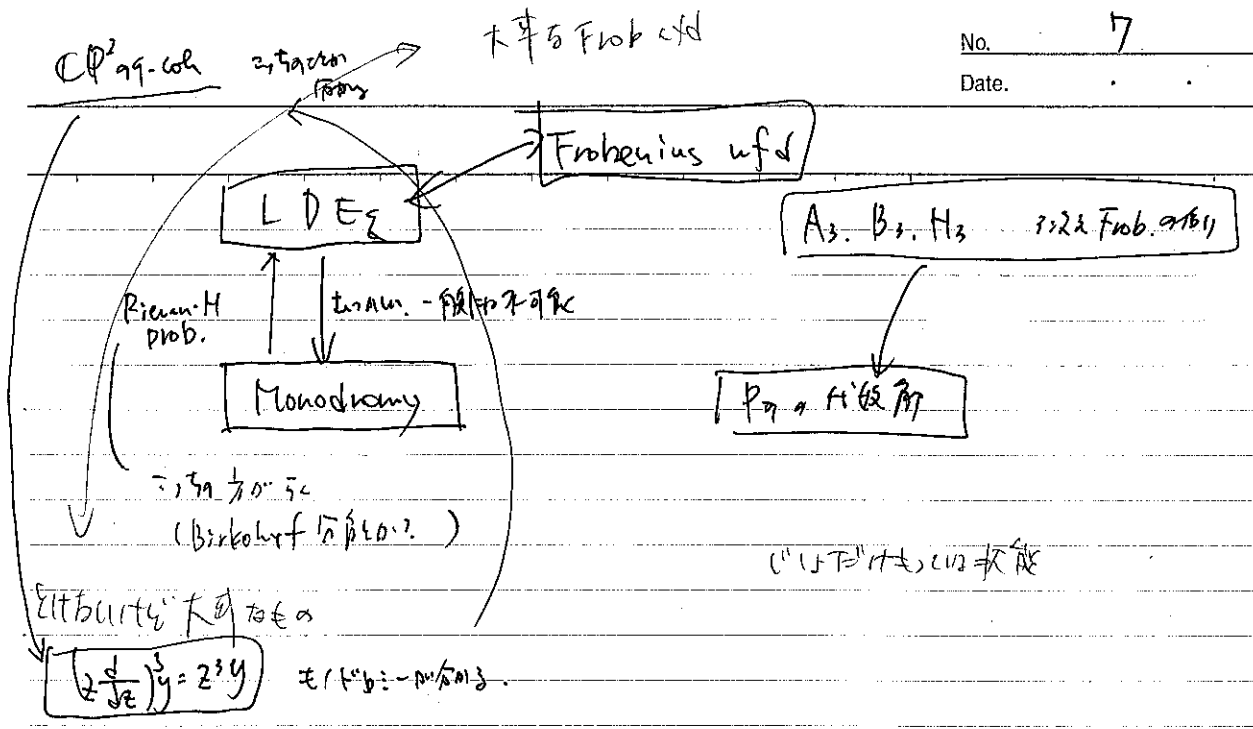
$\Phi = \int e^{z\lambda} \Psi(\lambda) d\lambda$: Fourier-Transform.

initial condition

$\frac{d\Phi}{d\lambda} + \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{A_i}{\lambda + u_i} \Phi = 0 \rightsquigarrow P_{\pi}$ ($u_i \leftrightarrow \text{poles}$, $\text{poles} \leftrightarrow \text{order}$)

$n=3$ or $n=4 \rightarrow$ 1st order, 2nd order, 3rd order \rightarrow 2x2 red.

Osculo, - order \rightarrow (2/1/0) = (1/0/2/0)



Ref. Dubrovin • Painleve property • SLN (620)

モノトミ-保存変形とフロベニウス構造 Ⅱ

Frobenius mfd

ある種の Variation of Mixed Hodge str.
 ⇒ Frobenius mfd として

MHS of CY 3fold
 $X: a$ CY 3fold $\xrightarrow{\text{proj cpx mfd}}$ (X, \mathcal{O}_X) $\xrightarrow{\text{of dim 3}}$ $\mathcal{K}_X = \mathcal{O}_X \oplus \omega$ $\xrightarrow{\text{hol 3 form}}$ $\omega: \text{hol 3 form}$ $(1 \leq i \leq 3)$

$$H_{DR}^k(X, \mathbb{C}) = \bigoplus_{p+q=k} H^{p,q}(X), \quad H^{p,q}(X) = H^{q,p}(X)$$

$$H^k(X, \mathbb{R}) \quad H^{p,q}(X) = H^2(X, \Omega_X^p)$$

Hodge 分解

$$h^{p,q} = \dim H^{p,q}(X) \quad \mathcal{K}_X = \Omega_X^3 = \mathcal{O}_X$$

$$h^1(X) = \dim H^1(X, \Omega_X^1) = \dim H^2(X, \mathbb{C})$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n \dim \mathbb{C}[D_i] \quad D_i: \text{hyper surfaces in } X$$

number of Kähler moduli

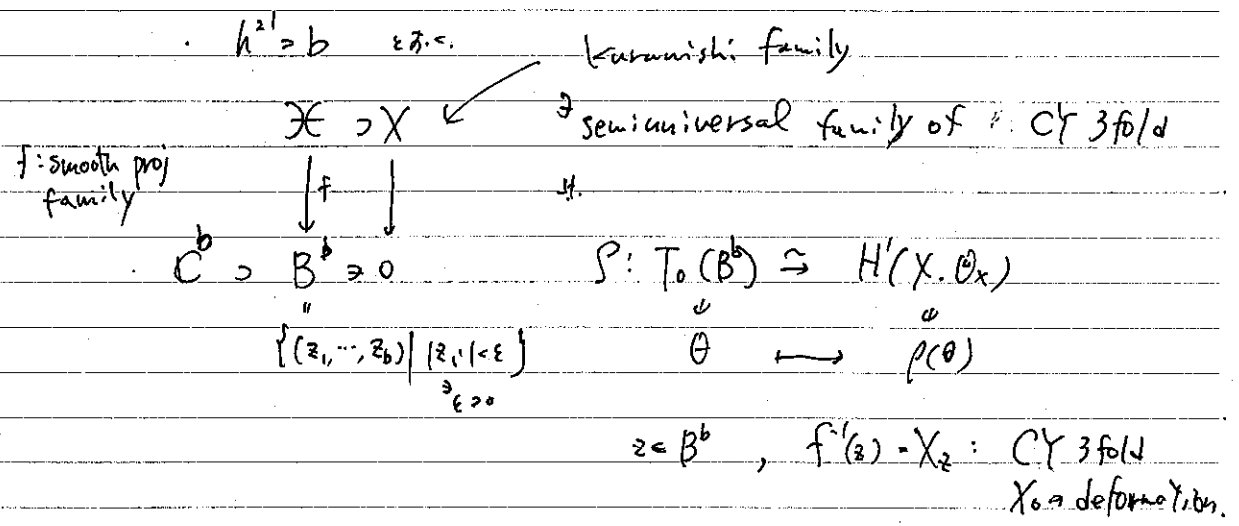
$$h^2(X) = \dim H^1(X, \Omega_X^2)$$

$$X: \text{CY} \quad \Omega_X^2 \otimes \Omega_X^1 \rightarrow \Omega_X^3 = \mathcal{O}_X \quad \text{non deg}$$

$$\Omega_X^2 = (\Omega_X^1)^\vee = \mathcal{O}_X: \text{Tangent sheaf}$$

Kodaira - Spencer

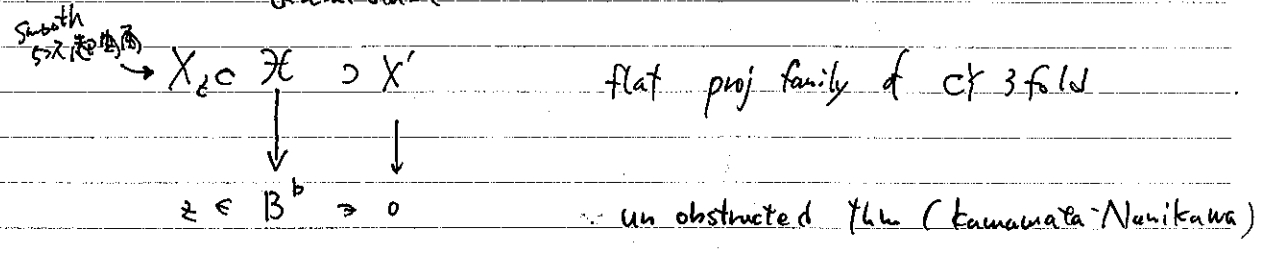
$H^1(X, \mathcal{O}_X) = \{ X \text{ の complex str の inf. deformation } \}$
 $\theta \leftrightarrow \text{unobstructed (Tian, Kawamata-Namikawa)}$



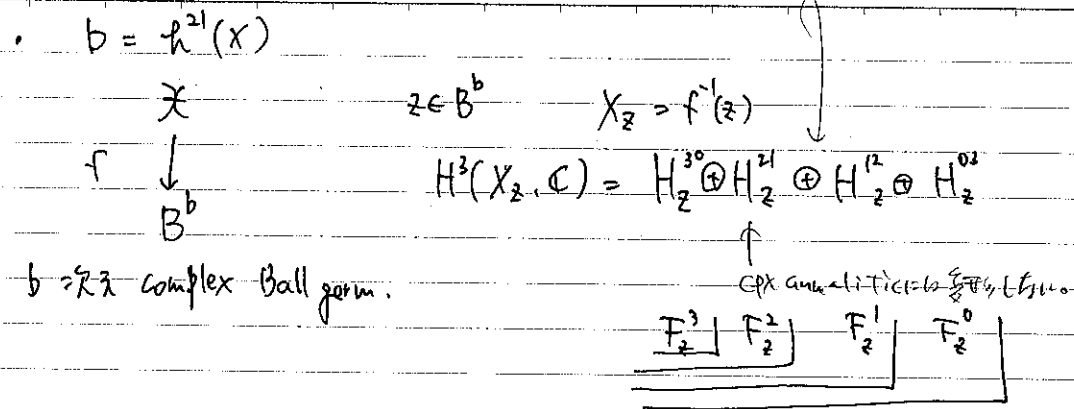
$X: \text{singular CY}$

$$X = \{x_0 x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 = 0\} \subset \mathbb{P}^4$$

$X': \text{normal crossing CY 3fold}$
 d. semi-stable



$Z^3 = \mathbb{C}^3 / \mathbb{Z}^3$ (complex torus)



$F_z^p = \bigoplus_{k \geq p} H_z^{k, 3-k}$: hol 3-forms

$H = \bigcup_{z \in B^b} H^3(X_z, \mathbb{C})$: local system on B^b

$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{O}(H)$: sheaf locally free \mathcal{O}_B -module

$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{F}^0 \supset \mathcal{F}^1 \supset \mathcal{F}^2 \supset \mathcal{F}^3 \supset \mathcal{F}^4 = 0$

\mathcal{L} a hol locally free \mathcal{O}_B -submodule

decreasing filtration

$\nabla : \mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{L} \otimes \Omega_B^1$: flat connection

s.t. $\ker \nabla = H$ $\nabla r_i = 0$

\downarrow
 ∂_i
base

$\mathcal{L} = \bigoplus \mathcal{O}_B r_i$

$\nabla(f_i r_i) = df_i \otimes r_i + f_i \nabla r_i = df_i \otimes r_i$

hol

Griffith Transversality

$\nabla(\mathcal{F}^p) \subset \mathcal{F}^{p-1} \otimes \Omega_B^1$

(Griffith's condition?)

$(H, \nabla : H \rightarrow H \otimes \Omega_B^1, \{\mathcal{F}^i\})$

Variation of Hodge str of wt 3.

associated to $f : X \rightarrow B^b$

$\bigoplus_{p=0}^3 \mathcal{F}^p / \mathcal{F}^{p-1} = \mathcal{F}^0 / \mathcal{F}^1 \oplus \mathcal{F}^1 / \mathcal{F}^2 \oplus \mathcal{F}^2 / \mathcal{F}^3 \oplus \mathcal{F}^3 / \mathcal{F}^4$

rank 1

rank = $h^{2,1} = b$

$\mathcal{F}_z^3 \cong H^0(X_z, K_{X_z}) = \mathbb{C} \omega_z$ hol 3-form.

$\omega = \bigcup_{z \in B^b} \omega_z$

X has hol 3 form $\omega|_{X_z} : X_z \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$

$\partial_i = \frac{\partial}{\partial z_i}$

$\nabla : \mathcal{F}^p \rightarrow \mathcal{F}^{p-1} \otimes \Omega_B^1$

$\nabla r_i : \mathcal{F}^p / \mathcal{F}^{p-1} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}^{p-1} / \mathcal{F}^p$ \mathcal{O}_B -linear bilinear map.

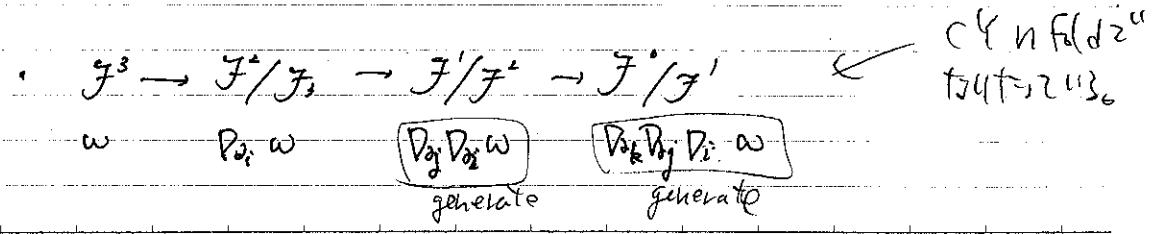
$\mathcal{F}^3 \rightarrow \mathcal{F}^2 / \mathcal{F}^3$

$\omega \mapsto \nabla_{\partial_i} \omega$

$i = 1, \dots, b = h^{2,1}$

Claim: $\nabla_{\partial_i} \omega$ $i=1, \dots, b$ generate $\mathcal{F}^2 / \mathcal{F}^3$

$H^1(X_z, \mathcal{H}_{X_z}) \cong T_z(B^b) \otimes \omega \xrightarrow{\sim} H^{1,2}(X_z)$



Weight filtration of VHS

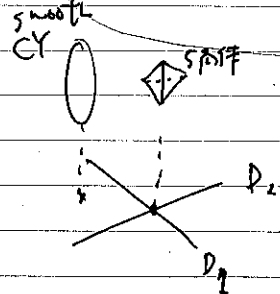
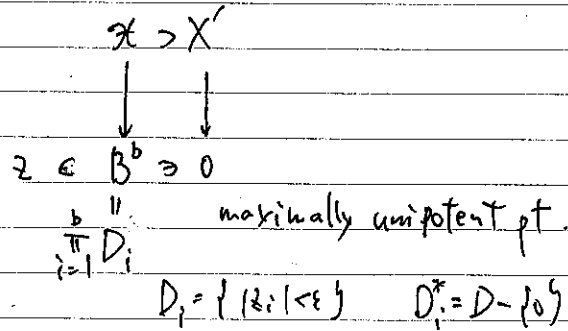
$$H_0 = \bigcup_{z \in B^b} H^3(X_z, \mathbb{Q}) = \mathbb{R}^3 F_3 \mathbb{Q}_0$$

$$H_0 \supset \dots \supset W_k \supset W_{k-1} \supset \dots \supset$$

increasing filtration of H_0

$W_k \rightarrow B^b$: local system of \mathbb{Q} vect field (一般的定義が好む)

$$W_k/W_{k-1} = \text{Gr}_k^W(H) \dots$$



$$\pi_1(D_i^*, z) \rightarrow \text{Aut}(H^3(X_z, \mathbb{Q}))$$

$$\text{generator } \gamma_i \mapsto T_i$$

$$N_i = T_i - \text{Id} \quad N = \sum \alpha_i N_i \quad \alpha_i \geq 0 \quad (\alpha_i \in \mathbb{Q})$$

quasi unipotent. unipotent 一般に $N^3 \neq 0, N^4 = 0$

$$NW_k \subset W_{k-2}$$

$$H_0 = W_6 \supset W_5 \supset W_4 \supset W_3 \supset W_2 \supset W_1 \supset W_0 \supset W_{-1} = 0$$

$$W_6/W_5 \xrightarrow{N^2} W_0/W_{-1} = W_0$$

$$W_5/W_4 \xrightarrow{N^2} W_1/W_0$$

$$W_4/W_3 \xrightarrow{N} W_2/W_1$$

monodromy weight filtration

Smooth $Z \rightarrow B^b$
 $(H, \nabla: \mathcal{H} \rightarrow \mathcal{H} \otimes \Omega_{B^b}(\log Y), \{F^p\}, \{W_k\})$: Variation of MHS.
 $\gamma_i = \{z_i = 0\}, \gamma = \bigcup_{i=1}^b \gamma_i$
 $B^b \xrightarrow{E, F} \text{bdl} \xrightarrow{F^p} \text{cyl}$
 $\gamma = \bigcup_{i=1}^b \gamma_i$ (polarized)

$$H \otimes H \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^b \text{ polarization}$$

$$(a_1, a_2) \mapsto S(a_1, a_2) = \int_{X_2} a_1 \wedge a_2 \text{ cup } \mathbb{Z}$$

Since H is flat $\Rightarrow \int_{X_2} a_1 \wedge a_2 = 0$

$$S(a_2, a_1) = - \int_{X_2} (a_1, a_2) = (-1)^N \int (a_1, a_2)$$

(if $\gamma = \emptyset \Rightarrow \int_{X_2} a_1 \wedge a_2 = 0$ with flat \mathcal{H} and $\mathcal{H} \otimes \Omega_{B^b}(\log \gamma) = 0$)
 (Hodge str $z_i = 0$)

$\exists \alpha \in \mathbb{R}/\mathbb{Z}$ (maximally unipotent pt. wt 3)

$$H_0 = W_6 \supset W_5 \supset W_4 \supset W_3 \supset W_2 \supset W_1 \supset W_0 \supset W_{-1}$$

$$\exists B = \bigcup_{i=1}^b D_i$$

$$D_i = \{ |z_i| < \epsilon \} \quad \epsilon \in \mathbb{R}/\mathbb{Z} \text{ (} |z_i| < \epsilon \text{)}$$

$z_i \in D$

$\mathcal{F}^p \oplus W_{2(p-1)} \quad (W_k = W_k \otimes \mathcal{O}_B)$
 $\sim \mathcal{H} \quad (\mathbb{C}^p)$
 $\{F^p\}, \{W_k\}$ are opposite filtration

M = B

K = H

On tensor base

Hertling & Manin

math AG/0207089

Thm. 5.6

$\chi(\alpha) + (\beta) \in \mathbb{Z} \setminus \mathbb{Z} = -\mathbb{Z} - \mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{Z}$

\Rightarrow (a) $((M, \mathcal{O}, \mathbb{K}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{C}, \mathcal{U}, \mathcal{V}, \mathcal{J})$ sato str.

opxwfdg germ | flatness $\mathbb{K} \oplus \mathbb{K}(\epsilon) \forall \epsilon$
 localsystem on M.

Frobenius type str with cond (IC) (GC) (EC)

(b) $((M, \mathcal{O}, \mathbb{K}, \mathcal{D}, \{\mathcal{J}^i\}, \{W_i\}, S, W)$

H^2 -generated variation of MHS with opposite filtration.

$C : T_0 M \hookrightarrow K \otimes \mathcal{O}_M$ ($\exists \zeta \in K$)

$X \mapsto C_X \zeta$
 $\zeta_0 \neq \zeta_1 \neq \zeta_2 \neq \zeta_3$
 \Rightarrow flob. str $\exists \lambda \in \mathbb{C}$

$(C_X C_Y C_Z \dots)$, $U_3 : K \ni$ generate \mathcal{J}_3 .

H^2 -generated VMH.

$\mathcal{J}^W \subset \mathcal{J}^{W-1} \subset \mathcal{J}^{W-2}$
 $rk = 1$ $rk = \dim M + 1$

$\mathcal{J}^3 \subset \mathcal{J}^2$
 $rk = 1$ $rk = \dim M + 1$

Griffiths transversal

$D_X : \bigoplus \mathcal{J}^p / \mathcal{J}^{p-1} \rightarrow \bigoplus \mathcal{J}^{p-1} / \mathcal{J}^p$

$\exists \omega \in \mathcal{J}^{W-1}$

$D_{X_1} \dots D_{X_n} \omega$: generates $K \otimes \mathcal{O}_M$.

$H^2 \Rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$. Kontsevich

CY and coh

$$H^*(X, \mathbb{C}) = \bigoplus_{p,q} H^p(X, \mathcal{L}^q) = H^{even} \oplus H^{odd}$$

(F.P) fixed = filterz.uns.

$\exists \text{ " } \mathbb{Z} \text{ "}$

Sabbah η $P(\mathbb{Z})$ (is \mathbb{Z} ?)

$W=4$

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{J}^0 \supset \mathcal{J}^1 \supset \mathcal{J}^2 \supset \mathcal{J}^3 \supset \mathcal{J}^4 = 0 \dots$$

$$\mathcal{J}^{-1} = \mathcal{J}^{-2} = \dots$$

M

$(W_0^{\mathbb{Z}})$

$$\mathcal{H} = W_3 \supset W_2 \supset W_1 \supset W_0 \supset W_{-1} = W_{-2} \dots$$

M

$\mathcal{J}^p \otimes W_{p-1} = \mathcal{H}$
 opposite filt.

$$W_k = W_k \otimes \mathcal{O}_M$$

$P^1 \times M$

\cup

$\mathbb{C} \times M$

\mathbb{Z}

$\mathbb{C} \times M$

$$\mathbb{F} = \bigoplus_{p \in \mathbb{Z}} \mathcal{J}^p z^{-p}$$

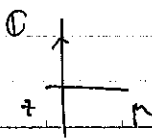
$$\mathbb{Z} \mathbb{F} = \mathcal{J}^3 z^{-3} \oplus \mathcal{J}^2 z^{-2} \oplus \mathcal{J}^1 z^{-1} \oplus \mathcal{J}^0 \oplus \mathcal{J}^{-1} z + \dots$$

$$\mathbb{Z} \mathbb{F} = \mathcal{J}^3 z^{-2} \oplus \mathcal{J}^1 z^0 \oplus \dots$$

Opulz-module

$h \in \mathbb{F}$ $\exists \epsilon \in \mathbb{Z}$

$$\bigoplus_{p \in \mathbb{Z}} h_p z^{-p} \quad D_X h := \bigoplus_{p \in \mathbb{Z}} (D_X h_p) z^{-p} = \left(\bigoplus_{p \in \mathbb{Z}} (D_X h_p) z^{-p+1} \right) \frac{1}{z}$$



$$D_{X_j} h := \bigoplus_{p \in \mathbb{Z}} p h_p z^{-p-1} = \left(\bigoplus_{p \in \mathbb{Z}} (-p h_p) z^{-p} \right) \frac{1}{z}$$

$\Rightarrow \mathbb{D}$: integrable

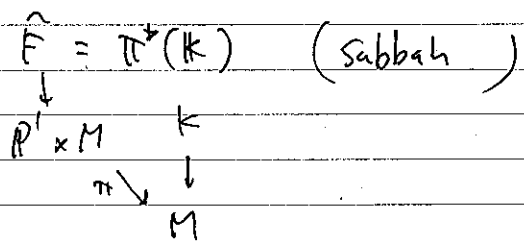
∇ $0 \times M \cong \mathbb{Z}^2$ type 1.

$W = \bigoplus_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} W_k \mathbb{Z}^k$: $\nabla W \cong \mathbb{F}[A] \text{ or } \mathbb{Z}$

∇ : $\infty \times M$ regular sing. type 0.

Claim: $\mathbb{C} \times M \cup \mathbb{C} \times M = \mathbb{P}^1 \times M$
 $(z, x) \quad (w, x) \quad w = \frac{1}{z}$

$\{F\}, \{W\}$ oposite.
 $\mathbb{F} \in W$ is $\mathbb{Z}^2 / \mathbb{Z}$.



H^2 -generation $\in \mathbb{F}[z]$.

$TM \hookrightarrow K$

$X \mapsto \nabla_X \omega$

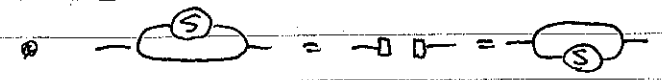
$TM \neq 1$
 $\mathbb{D} \cong \mathbb{Z}^2 / \mathbb{Z}$
 \rightarrow Flat str?

Singularity of $\mathbb{P}^1 \times M$ is $\mathbb{Z}^2 / \mathbb{Z}$. primitive form

加藤 升

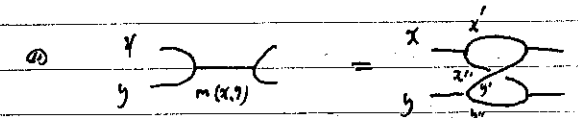
線形代数 & Hopf 代数 II.

補足 M^2 の対称

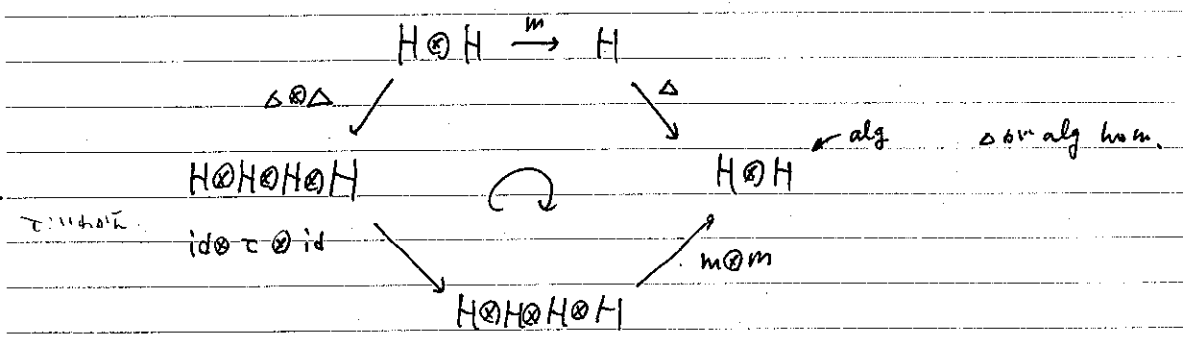


m : 積

$m(S \otimes id) \Delta(x) = 1 \cdot \epsilon(x) = m(id \otimes S) \Delta(x)$



Sweedler $\rightarrow \mathbb{Z}^2$ $\Delta(x) = \sum x' \otimes x''$
 $\Delta(xy) = \sum x' y' \otimes x'' y''$



Hopf alg. \mathfrak{g} 射

1) $H = \text{Map}(G, \mathbb{C})$

$(f_1 f_2)(g) = f_1(g) f_2(g)$ commutative.

$(\Delta f)(g_1, g_2) = f(g_1 g_2)$

$(\tau \circ \Delta) f$ non cocommutative

2) 群環. $\mathbb{C}[G] \cong \sum_{g \in G} a_g x_g$ ($a_g \in \mathbb{C}$) Lie algebra \mathfrak{g} (Lie algebra structure)

non commutative, 積 (convolution)
 $(\sum a_x x) * (\sum b_y y) = \sum_{z \in G} (\sum_{xy=z} a_x b_y) z$

cocommutative $\rightarrow \Delta g = g \otimes g$
 $S(g) = g^{-1}$

3) Tensor algebra. ^{hbn com. cocom.}
 $V: k\text{-vect. sp.}$
 $T^n(V) = \underbrace{V \otimes \dots \otimes V}_n$
 $T^0(V) = k$

$T(V) = \bigoplus_{n=0}^{\infty} T^n(V) \hookrightarrow V$

積: $T^m(V) \otimes T^n(V) \rightarrow T^{m+n}(V)$
 $(v_1 \otimes \dots \otimes v_m) \otimes (w_1 \otimes \dots \otimes w_n) \mapsto (v_1 \otimes \dots \otimes v_m \otimes w_1 \otimes \dots \otimes w_n)$

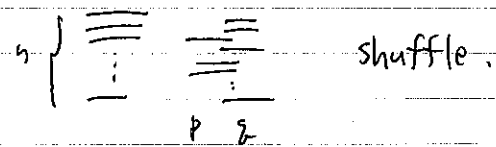
$\Delta(v) = v \otimes 1 + 1 \otimes v \quad v \in V.$
 $\epsilon(v) = 0$
 $S(v) = -v$

Hopf alg str. Δ 一致の存在性

$\Delta(v_1 \otimes \dots \otimes v_n) = \sum_{p+q=n} \sum (v_{i_1} \otimes \dots \otimes v_{i_p}) \otimes (v_{j_1} \otimes \dots \otimes v_{j_q})$

$\{i_1, \dots, i_p\} \sqcup \{j_1, \dots, j_q\} = \{1, \dots, n\}$

Coproducts
 $\{i_1, \dots, i_p\} \sqcup \{j_1, \dots, j_q\} = \{1, \dots, n\}$



$S(v_1 \otimes \dots \otimes v_n) = (-1)^n v_n \otimes \dots \otimes v_1$
 $\epsilon(v_1 \otimes \dots \otimes v_n) = 0 \quad (n \geq 1)$

4) $U(\mathfrak{g})$: universal env. alg.
 \mathfrak{g} : Lie alg.

$U(\mathfrak{g}) = T(\mathfrak{g}) / \mathcal{I}$

$\mathcal{I} = \langle x \otimes y - y \otimes x - [x, y] \rangle$

⋮

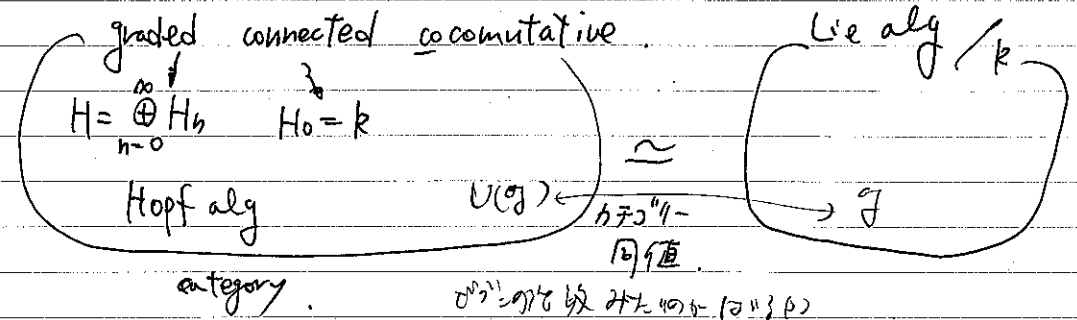
5) $U_2(\mathfrak{g})$: 量子群. $\left. \begin{matrix} \text{non commutative} \\ \text{non cocommutative} \end{matrix} \right\}$ 量子群の例

	alg	可換	非可換
coalg	余可換	$S(V)$ sym alg.	$CCGJ$ $T(V) U(\mathfrak{g})$
	非余可換	$\text{Hopf}(G, C)$	$U_2(\mathfrak{g})$

noted that \rightarrow Hopf alg
 場の理論の例
 1-次元
 量子群の例として
 act on $U_2(\mathfrak{g})$
 $\rightarrow U_2(\mathfrak{g})$

b) $S(V)$
 $\Delta(x^n) = \sum_{p+q=n} \frac{n!}{p!q!} x^p \otimes x^q$

Thm (Milnor - Moore)
 char $k = 0$



Prop H : Hopf alg.

① H is commutative ($m \circ \tau = m$) $\rightarrow S = \tau \circ S$

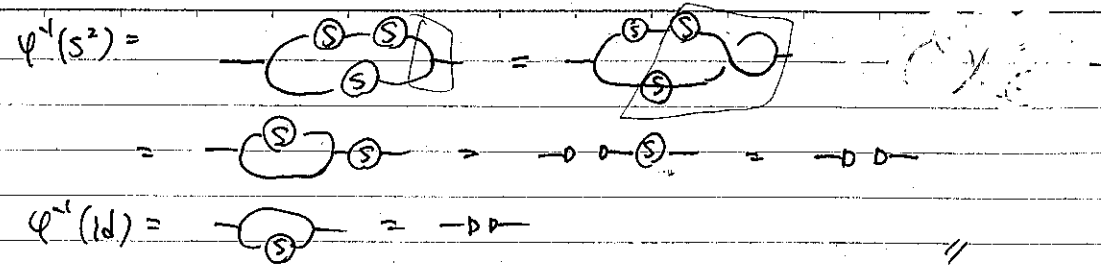
$\Rightarrow S^2 = \text{id}$
 ↑ involution

② H is cocommutative ($\Delta = \tau \circ \Delta$) $\rightarrow C = -C$

$\Rightarrow S^2 = \text{id}$

① ② φ^{-1}

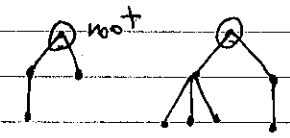
n.c



Cor: Hopf algebra (co)commutative $\Rightarrow S(xy) = S(x)S(y)$
 Sitz alg \Rightarrow homomorphism.

\S Hopf algebra on rooted tree

Def. T : tree
 a finite, connected
 simply connected
 1 dimd simp. complex.



$\deg(T) = \#(T^{(0)})$ 頂点の数 $T = (T^{(0)}, T^{(1)})$

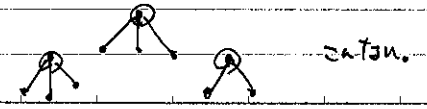
rooted tree (T, t) pair.

deg	1	2	3	4

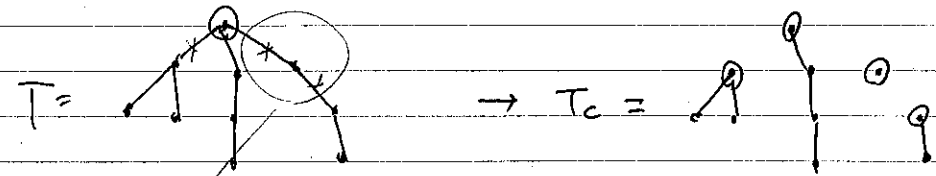
Ex: $\deg n$ の rooted tree の数は A_n と B_n と C_n と D_n と E_n と F_n と G_n と H_n と I_n と J_n と K_n と L_n と M_n と N_n と O_n と P_n と Q_n と R_n と S_n と T_n と U_n と V_n と W_n と X_n と Y_n と Z_n と AA_n と AB_n と AC_n と AD_n と AE_n と AF_n と AG_n と AH_n と AI_n と AJ_n と AK_n と AL_n と AM_n と AN_n と AO_n と AP_n と AQ_n と AR_n と AS_n と AT_n と AU_n と AV_n と AW_n と AX_n と AY_n と AZ_n と BA_n と BB_n と BC_n と BD_n と BE_n と BF_n と BG_n と BH_n と BI_n と BJ_n と BK_n と BL_n と BM_n と BN_n と BO_n と BP_n と BQ_n と BR_n と BS_n と BT_n と BU_n と BV_n と BW_n と BX_n と BY_n と BZ_n と CA_n と CB_n と CC_n と CD_n と CE_n と CF_n と CG_n と CH_n と CI_n と CJ_n と CK_n と CL_n と CM_n と CN_n と CO_n と CP_n と CQ_n と CR_n と CS_n と CT_n と CU_n と CV_n と CW_n と CX_n と CY_n と CZ_n と DA_n と DB_n と DC_n と DD_n と DE_n と DF_n と DG_n と DH_n と DI_n と DJ_n と DK_n と DL_n と DM_n と DN_n と DO_n と DP_n と DQ_n と DR_n と DS_n と DT_n と DU_n と DV_n と DW_n と DX_n と DY_n と DZ_n と EA_n と EB_n と EC_n と ED_n と EE_n と EF_n と EG_n と EH_n と EI_n と EJ_n と EK_n と EL_n と EM_n と EN_n と EO_n と EP_n と EQ_n と ER_n と ES_n と ET_n と EU_n と EV_n と EW_n と EX_n と EY_n と EZ_n と FA_n と FB_n と FC_n と FD_n と FE_n と FF_n と FG_n と FH_n と FI_n と FJ_n と FK_n と FL_n と FM_n と FN_n と FO_n と FP_n と FQ_n と FR_n と FS_n と FT_n と FU_n と FV_n と FW_n と FX_n と FY_n と FZ_n と GA_n と GB_n と GC_n と GD_n と GE_n と GF_n と GG_n と GH_n と GI_n と GJ_n と GK_n と GL_n と GM_n と GN_n と GO_n と GP_n と GQ_n と GR_n と GS_n と GT_n と GU_n と GV_n と GW_n と GX_n と GY_n と GZ_n と HA_n と HB_n と HC_n と HD_n と HE_n と HF_n と HG_n と HH_n と HI_n と HJ_n と HK_n と HL_n と HM_n と HN_n と HO_n と HP_n と HQ_n と HR_n と HS_n と HT_n と HU_n と HV_n と HW_n と HX_n と HY_n と HZ_n と IA_n と IB_n と IC_n と ID_n と IE_n と IF_n と IG_n と IH_n と II_n と IJ_n と IK_n と IL_n と IM_n と IN_n と IO_n と IP_n と IQ_n と IR_n と IS_n と IT_n と IU_n と IV_n と IW_n と IX_n と IY_n と IZ_n と JA_n と JB_n と JC_n と JD_n と JE_n と JF_n と JG_n と JH_n と JI_n と JJ_n と JK_n と JL_n と JM_n と JN_n と JO_n と JP_n と JQ_n と JR_n と JS_n と JT_n と JU_n と JV_n と JW_n と JX_n と JY_n と JZ_n と KA_n と KB_n と KC_n と KD_n と KE_n と KF_n と KG_n と KH_n と KI_n と KJ_n と KL_n と KM_n と KN_n と KO_n と KP_n と KQ_n と KR_n と KS_n と KT_n と KU_n と KV_n と KW_n と KX_n と KY_n と KZ_n と LA_n と LB_n と LC_n と LD_n と LE_n と LF_n と LG_n と LH_n と LI_n と LJ_n と LK_n と LL_n と LN_n と LO_n と LP_n と LQ_n と LR_n と LS_n と LT_n と LU_n と LV_n と LW_n と LX_n と LY_n と LZ_n と MA_n と MB_n と MC_n と MD_n と ME_n と MF_n と MG_n と MH_n と MI_n と MJ_n と MK_n と ML_n と MN_n と MO_n と MP_n と MQ_n と MR_n と MS_n と MT_n と MU_n と MV_n と MW_n と MX_n と MY_n と MZ_n と NA_n と NB_n と NC_n と ND_n と NE_n と NF_n と NG_n と NH_n と NI_n と NJ_n と NK_n と NL_n と NO_n と NP_n と NQ_n と NR_n と NS_n と NT_n と NU_n と NV_n と NW_n と NX_n と NY_n と NZ_n と OA_n と OB_n と OC_n と OD_n と OE_n と OF_n と OG_n と OH_n と OI_n と OJ_n と OK_n と OL_n と OM_n と ON_n と OO_n と OP_n と OQ_n と OR_n と OS_n と OT_n と OU_n と OV_n と OW_n と OX_n と OY_n と OZ_n と PA_n と PB_n と PC_n と PD_n と PE_n と PF_n と PG_n と PH_n と PI_n と PJ_n と PK_n と PL_n と PM_n と PN_n と PO_n と PP_n と PQ_n と PR_n と PS_n と PT_n と PU_n と PV_n と PW_n と PX_n と PY_n と PZ_n と QA_n と QB_n と QC_n と QD_n と QE_n と QF_n と QG_n と QH_n と QI_n と QJ_n と QK_n と QL_n と QM_n と QN_n と QO_n と QP_n と QQ_n と QR_n と QS_n と QT_n と QU_n と QV_n と QW_n と QX_n と QY_n と QZ_n と RA_n と RB_n と RC_n と RD_n と RE_n と RF_n と RG_n と RH_n と RI_n と RJ_n と RK_n と RL_n と RO_n と RP_n と RQ_n と RR_n と RS_n と RT_n と RU_n と RV_n と RW_n と RX_n と RY_n と RZ_n と SA_n と SB_n と SC_n と SD_n と SE_n と SF_n と SG_n と SH_n と SI_n と SJ_n と SK_n と SL_n と SM_n と SN_n と SO_n と SP_n と SQ_n と SR_n と SS_n と ST_n と SU_n と SV_n と SW_n と SX_n と SY_n と SZ_n と TA_n と TB_n と TC_n と TD_n と TE_n と TF_n と TG_n と TH_n と TI_n と TJ_n と TK_n と TL_n と TO_n と TP_n と TQ_n と TR_n と TS_n と TT_n と TU_n と TV_n と TW_n と TX_n と TY_n と TZ_n と UA_n と UB_n と UC_n と UD_n と UE_n と UF_n と UG_n と UH_n と UI_n と UJ_n と UK_n と UL_n と UM_n と UN_n と UO_n と UP_n と UQ_n と UR_n と US_n と UT_n と UU_n と UV_n と UW_n と UX_n と UY_n と UZ_n と VA_n と VB_n と VC_n と VD_n と VE_n と VF_n と VG_n と VH_n と VI_n と VJ_n と VK_n と VL_n と VO_n と VP_n と VQ_n と VR_n と VS_n と VT_n と VU_n と VV_n と VW_n と VX_n と UY_n と UZ_n と WA_n と WB_n と WC_n と WD_n と WE_n と WF_n と WG_n と WH_n と WI_n と WJ_n と WK_n と WL_n と WO_n と WP_n と WQ_n と WR_n と WS_n と WT_n と WU_n と WV_n と WW_n と WX_n と WY_n と WZ_n と XA_n と XB_n と XC_n と XD_n と XE_n と XF_n と XG_n と XH_n と XI_n と XJ_n と XK_n と XL_n と XO_n と XP_n と XQ_n と XR_n と XS_n と XT_n と XU_n と XV_n と XW_n と XX_n と XY_n と XZ_n と YA_n と YB_n と YC_n と YD_n と YE_n と YF_n と YG_n と YH_n と YI_n と YJ_n と YK_n と YL_n と YO_n と YP_n と YQ_n と YR_n と YS_n と YT_n と YU_n と YV_n と YW_n と YX_n と YY_n と YZ_n と ZA_n と ZB_n と ZC_n と ZD_n と ZE_n と ZF_n と ZG_n と ZH_n と ZI_n と ZJ_n と ZK_n と ZL_n と ZO_n と ZP_n と ZQ_n と ZR_n と ZS_n と ZT_n と ZU_n と ZV_n と ZW_n と ZX_n と ZY_n と ZZ_n と

(1xT rooted tree = tree)

Def: forest = trees a disjoint union $\Rightarrow e = \emptyset$: empty graph.

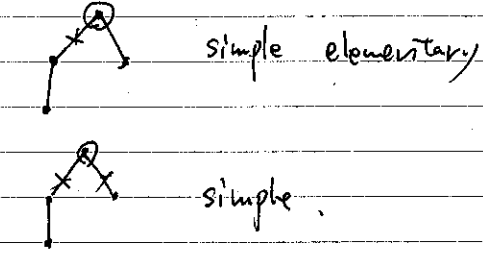


Tree cut $C \subset T^{(1)}$ edge a 部分集合
 $T_C = (T_C^{(0)}, T_C^{(1)})$
 $:= (T^{(0)}, T^{(1)} \setminus C)$ \rightarrow total deg 1+1+1

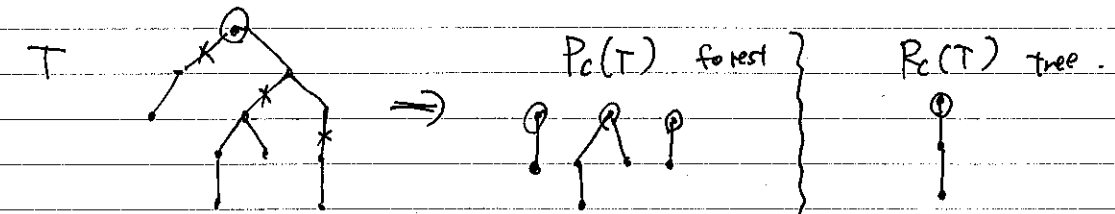


C: cut or simple cut (admissible cut)
 \Leftrightarrow root $\neq e \forall x \in T^{(0)}$ \Leftrightarrow path $\neq C \cap \tilde{x}$
 高さ 1 (0) / 高さ 2

C: elementary cut $\Leftrightarrow |C|=1$



Def: T: rooted tree C: simple cut.
 \Rightarrow $R_C(T) := (T_C \text{ a tree with } C \text{ cut})$ trunk tree
 $P_C(T) := (a=1)$ cut branch



Forests cut 同様に def.

$$\mathcal{H}_K = \bigcup_{n=0}^{\infty} \mathcal{H}_n \quad \text{tree algebra 生成元}$$

$\mathcal{H}_n :=$ polynomial algebra / K generated by the symbols $\{\delta_T \mid \text{deg } T \leq n\}$

\mathcal{H}_K of monomial $\xleftrightarrow{1:1}$ Forest \leftarrow vect. sp 生成元

積: 可換 $\delta_T \delta_{T'} = \delta_{T'} \delta_T$

$$\mathcal{H}_K = K[\delta, \delta_1, \delta_2, \delta_3, \dots]$$

单位元 $1 = \delta_\emptyset = e$

Coproduct $\Delta: \mathcal{H}_K \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_K \otimes \mathcal{H}_K$
 $\delta_T = T \otimes e$

$$\Delta(e) = e \otimes e$$

$$\Delta(T_1 \dots T_r) = \Delta(T_1) \dots \Delta(T_r)$$

T : tree

$$\Delta(T) = T \otimes e + e \otimes T + \sum_{c: \text{simple cut}} P_c(T) \otimes R_c(T)$$

c : simple cut, $c \neq \emptyset$ nontrivial.

"生成元" $\neq T, \emptyset$

$$= T \otimes e + \sum_{c: \text{simple cut}} P_c(T) \otimes R_c(T)$$

$$\Delta(\cdot) = \cdot \otimes e + e \otimes \cdot$$

$$\Delta(1) = 1 \otimes e + e \otimes 1 + \cdot \otimes \cdot$$

$$\Delta(1) = 1 \otimes e + e \otimes 1 + 1 \otimes \cdot + \cdot \otimes 1$$

$$\Delta(\wedge) = \wedge \otimes e + e \otimes \wedge + 2 \cdot \otimes 1 + (\cdot \cdot) \otimes \cdot$$

$$\doteq x^2 \otimes x$$

rem Δ is deg $\mathbb{Z}/2$
 Δ is non cocommutative

$$\tau \circ \Delta \neq \Delta$$

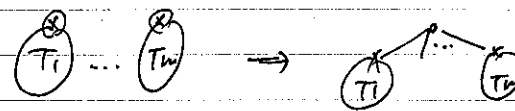
Q: Δ is coassociative or not?

\pm 生成元

B_+, B_-

$B_+ : \mathcal{H}_K \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_K$ deg +1 map K -linear.

$$T_1 \dots T_m \mapsto B_+(T_1 \dots T_m)$$



$B_- : \mathcal{H}_K \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_K$ deg -1 : derivation.

$$B_-(XY) = B_-(X)Y + XB_-(Y)$$

$$B_-(e) = 0$$

$$B_-(T) \Rightarrow 0 \quad \text{Diagram: a tree with root and children, mapping to 0}$$

$B_- \circ B_+ : \mathcal{H} \rightarrow \mathcal{H} = \text{id}$.

$B_+ \circ B_- : \mathcal{H} \rightarrow \mathcal{H} = \text{id} \neq \text{id}$

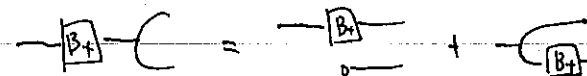
$B_+ \circ B_- = \text{id} \neq \text{id}$

T : tree $\Rightarrow B_+ B_-(T) = T$

$$B_+ B_-(T) = T$$

Key Lemma

$$\Delta \circ B_+(a) = B_+(a) \otimes e + (\text{id} \otimes B_+) \Delta(a) \quad a \in \mathcal{H}$$

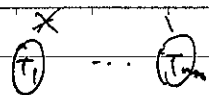


$a = T_1 \dots T_m$



加=並行結合の公式 2.3

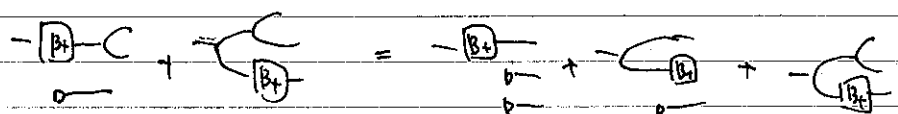
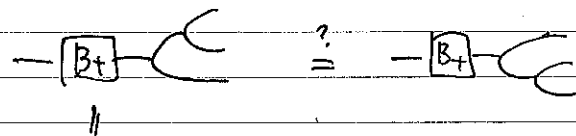
$$\Delta(a) = \Delta(T_1) \dots \Delta(T_m)$$



Δ is coassociativity.

$$\Delta \circ \Delta = -\Delta \circ \Delta$$

$T = B_+(T_1 \dots T_m)$ is the action of the operator B_+ on the product of trees.



§ S antipode

$$S: \mathcal{H}_R \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_R \quad S: \text{alg hom.}$$

$$S(T) = -T - \sum_{\text{circular simple cut}} S(R_c(T)) R_c(T)$$

↑
tree

circular simple cut.
recursive (再帰的)

再帰的
再帰的
再帰的

高橋 升

原始形式と位相的場の理論入門II

復習: Coh FT on (V, η) (at $g=0$)

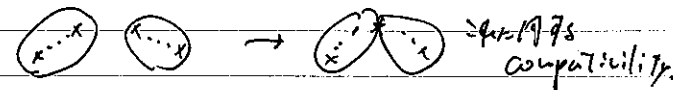
V : μ -dim \mathbb{C} -vect sp.

$$V = \bigoplus_{i=1}^{\mu} \mathbb{C} \chi_i$$

$\eta: V \otimes V \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ non deg bilinear

$$\{I_{0,n}\}_{n \geq 3} \quad I_{0,n}: V^{\otimes n} \rightarrow H^*(\overline{M}_{0,n}, \mathbb{C}) \quad n \geq 3$$

splitting axiom 2.41=2.4



\Rightarrow generating fct.

$$\Phi := \sum_{n \geq 3} \frac{1}{n!} \int_{[\overline{M}_{0,n}]} I_{0,n}(r^{\otimes n}) \quad r = \sum_{i=1}^{\mu} t_i \chi_i$$

\circ : product on $V \otimes \mathbb{C}\langle t_1, \dots, t^{\mu} \rangle$

$$\chi_i \circ \chi_j := \sum_{l=1}^{\mu} C_{ij}^l \chi_l$$

$$C_{ij}^k := \delta_i \delta_j \delta_k \Phi$$

$$C_{ij}^k := \sum_{l=1}^{\mu} C_{ijl}^k \eta^{kl}$$

\bullet is associative

$$\eta^{k\ell} := (\eta_{\ell k})^{-1}$$

Thm (Manin)

$$\Psi \in \mathbb{C}\langle t_1, \dots, t^{\mu} \rangle$$

such that \circ associative

$$\Rightarrow \exists \{I'_{0,n}\}_{n \geq 3} \quad I'_{0,n}: V^{\otimes n} \rightarrow H^*(\overline{M}_{0,n}, \mathbb{C})$$

Coh FT η ($g=0$) & axiom 2.41=2.4

$$\Psi = \Phi_{I'} \text{ up to quad term.}$$

2.4.1=2.4.2 $\Leftrightarrow \Phi^k$ action? ... ??