

$$\frac{d^2\varphi}{dt^2} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{\varphi} + \frac{1}{\varphi-1} + \frac{1}{\varphi-\tau} \right) \left( \frac{d\varphi}{dt} \right)^2 - \left( \frac{1}{\tau} + \frac{1}{\tau-1} + \frac{1}{\varphi-\tau} \right) \frac{d\varphi}{dt}$$

$$+ \frac{\varphi(\varphi-1)(\varphi-\tau)}{2\tau^2(\tau-1)} \left\{ (1-\theta_\infty)^2 - \theta_x \frac{\tau}{\varphi^2} + \frac{\tau-1}{(\varphi-1)^2} \theta_y^2 + (1-\theta_z^2) \frac{\tau(\tau-1)}{(\varphi-\tau)^2} \right\}$$

$$\theta = (\theta_x, \theta_y, \theta_z, \theta_\infty)$$

B-त्र 134.

$$S_\infty : (\varphi, \theta) \rightarrow (\varphi, (\theta_x, \theta_y, \theta_z, z - \theta_\infty))$$

§1. potential vector (p.v.) Okubo EQ.

~~असत~~ त्र 134

$$\mathbb{C}_t^3 = \{ t = (t_1, t_2, t_3) \mid t_i \in \mathbb{C} \}. \quad t' = (t_1, t_2)$$

$$E = \sum w_i t_i dt_i \quad w_3 = 1.$$

$$w_i - w_j \in \mathbb{Z}.$$

Def  $\vec{g}(t) = (g_1(t), g_2(t), g_3(t))$  p.v. एत.

$$\left. \begin{aligned} (P_{t1}) \quad g_i &= t_i t_3 + \exists g_i'(t') \quad i=1,2. \\ g_3 &= \frac{1}{2} t_3^2 + \exists g_3'(t'), \end{aligned} \right\} \text{सत}$$

$$C(t) = \begin{pmatrix} \partial t_1 \\ \partial t_2 \\ \partial t_3 \end{pmatrix} \cdot (g_1, g_2, g_3) \left( = t_3 I_3 + \exists C'(t') \right)$$

(Def 7.11)

(Pt 2)  $dC \wedge dC = 0$ .  $\square$ .

さて,

$$B_\infty(\lambda) := \begin{pmatrix} \omega_1 & & \\ & \omega_2 & \\ & & \omega_3 \end{pmatrix} - \lambda I_3.$$

(Pt 2) は  $dY = (-EC)^T dC B_\infty(\lambda) Y$  : Okubo.  
の int. cond.

2nd order  
Euler-Poisson.

$$T = -EC (= -t_3 I_3 + \exists T'(t))$$

$$h(x) = \det(-T) = \prod (t_3 - z_i(x)) \quad z_i: \text{roots.}$$

$$\gamma_i(\lambda) = \text{tr} \left( \text{Res}_{t_3 = z_i} T^{-1} B_\infty(\lambda) dt_3 \right).$$

定数 (t' 2nd order).

$$\{i, j, k\} = \{1, 2, 3\}.$$

10-dim の 物理

$(T^{-1})_{ij} \rightarrow$  RVI-sol  $\psi_{ij}(\tau)$ ,  $\Theta_{ij}$  が必要.

$$\Theta_{ij} = (\gamma_1(\omega_i), \gamma_2(\omega_k), \gamma_3(\omega_h), \omega_i - \omega_j)$$

2nd order  
nonlinear

$\vec{g}'(t) \Rightarrow 36$  個の  $P_{VI}$ -sol.  $\leftarrow G_{36}$ -orbit.

$\exists G_{36} \subset \{B\text{-tor}\} \quad |G_{36}| = 36.$

( $\sim$  の意味での  
集合. の部分群, ~~位数~~ 36.)

( $\vec{v}_i, \vec{v}_j$   $\theta_{ij}$  ~~36~~  
2i 3 ~~36~~)

$(\psi, \theta) \rightarrow \vec{g}'(t)$

$\vec{g}'(t) \rightarrow \{G_{36}\text{-orbit}\}$   
onto

(P sol given  $\Rightarrow$  Frobenius  
rank 2  $\rightarrow$  rank  
 $\downarrow$  w.c  
rank 3 Okubo.)

$\theta_{ij} \in \mathbb{Z}$ .

(generic  $\theta_{ij} \in \mathbb{Z}$   
 $\uparrow$   $\hookrightarrow$  onto)

$$\tau = \frac{z_3 - z_1}{z_2 - z_1}$$

§2. prepotential (Pre P.)

$F(t)$  奇次  $\vec{g}'(t)$ .

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial t_i} = g_{4-i}$$

$\vec{g}' \neq 0$  Pre P  $\exists \in \mathbb{Z}$ .

$P_{VI}$  の解の形

103217243.

$\Leftrightarrow (\psi_{ij}, \theta_{ij})$  対して

好都合  
103217243

Pre P.  $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{Z}$   
 $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{Z}$   
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$$\theta_{ij} = \begin{cases} (0, 0, 0, c) \\ (c, c, c, c) \end{cases}$$

$c \in \mathbb{Z}$ .

対称な関係

$c \dots i, j$  の関係

534.  $Q_0 = -\frac{(2u+1)(u-1)}{u+1}$

CFE? = PRN sol of P. up.  $\rightarrow C/F = u$

$T = -\frac{(2u+1)(u-1)^2}{(2u+1)(u+1)} \rightarrow F_0(x)$

$\theta_0 = (0, 0, 0, \frac{2}{3})$

$\rightarrow u \rightarrow 1, 0, 3, 2, \dots$

↓

$S_{200}$

$(U_1 = U_0, \theta = (0, 0, 0, \frac{4}{3})) \rightarrow F_1(x)$

↓

$S_{400}, G_{36}$  *まじり,*

$(U_2, (0, 0, 0, \frac{8}{3})) \rightarrow F_2(x)$

↓

$(U_3, (0, 0, 0, \frac{16}{3}))$

*このようにしてかゝる*

↓

*Q. 階級に依る2つの  
に依る2つの階級に依る2つの  
A. 階級に依る2つの  
に依る2つの  
(階級に依る2つの)*

Okubo  $FQ(x)$  は 全2同  $i$  mod.

以上より  $FQ(x) = \zeta$ ,  
人毎に1/3  $i$  mod  $\zeta$  である。  
ことか/分た。

*h t<sub>2</sub>  
j<sup>2</sup> + v<sub>2</sub>  
x<sub>1</sub> h<sup>2</sup> + w*

基底解と2  
階級に  
Okubo  $x_1 + \zeta$ ,  
2階級と1/3同  $i$ .





