

### 1 DSOLV Functions

This section is a collection of functions to solve regular holonomic systems in terms of series. Algorithms are explained in the book [SST]. You can load this package by the command load("dsolv.rr")\$ This package requires Diff and dmodule.

To use the functions of the package dsolv in OpenXM/Risa/Asir, executing the command load("dsolv.rr")\$ is necessary at first.

This package uses ox\_sm1, so the variables you can use is as same as those you can use in the package sm1.

#### 1.1 Functions

#### 1.1.1 dsolv\_dual

- It returns the Grobner dual of f in the ring of polynomials with variables v.
- The ideal generated by f must be primary to the maximal ideal generated by v. If it is not primary to the maximal ideal, then this function falls into an infinite loop.

Algorithm: This is an implementation of Algorithm 2.3.14 of the book [SST]. If we replace variables x, y, ... in the output by  $\log(x)$ ,  $\log(y)$ , ..., then these polynomials in log are solutions of the system of differential equations  $f_{(x->x*dx, y->y*dy, ...)}$ .

```
[435] dsolv_dual([y-x^2,y+x^2],[x,y]);
[x,1]
[436] dsolv_act(y*dy-sm1.mul(x*dx,x*dx,[x,y]),log(x),[x,y]);
0
[437] dsolv_act(y*dy+sm1.mul(x*dx,x*dx,[x,y]),log(x),[x,y]);
0
[439] primadec([y^2-x^3,x^2*y^2],[x,y]);
[[[y^2-x^3,y^4,x^2*y^2],[y,x]]]
[440] dsolv_dual([y^2-x^3,x^2*y^2],[x,y]);
[x*y^3+1/4*x^4*y, x^2*y, x*y^2+1/12*x^4, y^3+x^3*y, x^2, x*y, y^2+1/3*x^3, x, y, 1]
[441] dsolv_test_dual();
Output is omitted.
```

#### 1.1.2 dsolv\_starting\_term

dsolv\_starting\_term(f, v, w)

:: Find the starting term of the solutions of the regular holonomic system f to the direction w.

return List

f, v, w List

- Find the starting term of the solutions of the regular holonomic system f to the direction w.
- The return value is of the form [[e1, e2, ...], [s1, s2, ...]] where e1 is an exponent vector and s1 is the corresponding solution set, and so on.
- If you set Dsolv\_message\_starting\_term to 1, then this function outputs messages during the computation.

Algorithm: Saito, Sturmfels, Takayama, Grobner Deformations of Hypergeometric Differential Equations ([SST]), Chapter 2.

```
[1076]
        F = sm1.gkz([[[1,1,1,1,1],[1,1,0,-1,0],[0,1,1,-1,0]],[1,0,0]]);
[[x5*dx5+x4*dx4+x3*dx3+x2*dx2+x1*dx1-1,-x4*dx4+x2*dx2+x1*dx1,
 -x4*dx4+x3*dx3+x2*dx2,
 -dx2*dx5+dx1*dx3,dx5^2-dx2*dx4], [x1,x2,x3,x4,x5]]
[1077] A= dsolv_starting_term(F[0],F[1],[1,1,1,1,0])$
Computing the initial ideal.
Done.
Computing a primary ideal decomposition.
Primary ideal decomposition of the initial Frobenius ideal
to the direction [1,1,1,1,0] is
[[[x5+2*x4+x3-1,x5+3*x4-x2-1,x5+2*x4+x1-1,3*x5^2+(8*x4-6)*x5-8*x4+3,
   x5^2-2*x5-8*x4^2+1,x5^3-3*x5^2+3*x5-1],
 [x5-1,x4,x3,x2,x1]]
----- root is [ 0 0 0 0 1 ]
----- dual system is
[x5^2+(-3/4*x4-1/2*x3-1/4*x2-1/2*x1)*x5+1/8*x4^2]
+(1/4*x3+1/4*x1)*x4+1/4*x2*x3-1/8*x2^2+1/4*x1*x2
x4-2*x3+3*x2-2*x1,x5-x3+x2-x1,1
[1078] A[0];
[[00001]]
[1079] map(fctr,A[1][0]);
[[[1/8,1],[x5,1],[log(x2)+log(x4)-2*log(x5),1],
          [2*log(x1)-log(x2)+2*log(x3)+log(x4)-4*log(x5),1]],
 [[1,1],[x5,1],[-2*log(x1)+3*log(x2)-2*log(x3)+log(x4),1]],
 [[1,1],[x5,1],[-\log(x1)+\log(x2)-\log(x3)+\log(x5),1]],
 [[1,1],[x5,1]]
```

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